

# 100310

## Low Skew 2:8 Differential Clock Driver

### General Description

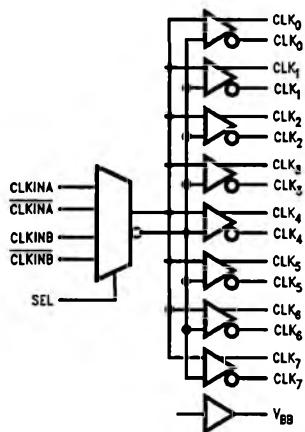
The 100310 is a low skew 8-bit differential clock driver which is designed to select between two separate differential clock inputs. The low output to output skew (< 50 ps) is maintained for either clock input. A LOW on the select pin (SEL) selects CLKINA,  $\overline{\text{CLKINA}}$  and a HIGH on the SEL pin selects the CLKINB,  $\overline{\text{CLKINB}}$  inputs.

The 100310 is ideal for those applications that need the ability to freely select between two clocks, or to maintain the ability to switch to an alternate or backup clock should a problem arise with the primary clock source.

A  $V_{BB}$  output is provided for single-ended operation.

### Ordering Code: See Section 5

### Logic Symbol



### Features

- Low output to output skew
- Differential inputs and outputs
- Allows multiplexing between two clock inputs
- Voltage compensated operating range: -4.2V to -5.7V

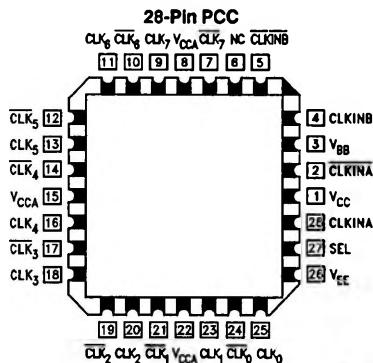
Pin Names	Description
CLKIN <sub>n</sub> , $\overline{\text{CLKIN}}_n$	Differential Clock Inputs
SEL	Select
CLK <sub>0-7</sub> , $\overline{\text{CLK}}_{0-8}$	Differential Clock Outputs
$V_{BB}$	$V_{BB}$ Output
NC	No Connect

### Truth Table

CLKINA	$\overline{\text{CLKINA}}$	CLKINB	$\overline{\text{CLKINB}}$	SEL	CLK <sub>n</sub>	$\overline{\text{CLK}}_n$
H	L	X	X	L	H	L
L	H	X	X	L	L	H
X	X	H	L	H	H	L
X	X	L	H	H	L	H

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### Connection Diagram



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## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Above which the useful life may be impaired (Note 1)  
**If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.**

Storage Temperature ( $T_{STG}$ )  $-65^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Maximum Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ )  
 Plastic  $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$

Pin Potential to Ground Pin ( $V_{EE}$ )  $-7.0\text{V}$  to  $+0.5\text{V}$

Input Voltage (DC)  $V_{EE}$  to  $+0.5\text{V}$

Output Current (DC Output HIGH)  $-50\text{ mA}$

ESD (Note 2)  $\geq 2000\text{V}$

**Note 1:** Absolute maximum ratings are those values beyond which the device may be damaged or have its useful life impaired. Functional operation under these conditions is not implied.

**Note 2:** ESD testing conforms to MIL-STD-883, Method 3015.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Case Temperature ( $T_C$ )

Commercial  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

Industrial  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$

Supply Voltage ( $V_{EE}$ )  $-5.7\text{V}$  to  $-4.2\text{V}$

## Commercial Version

### DC Electrical Characteristics

$V_{EE} = -4.2\text{V}$  to  $-5.7\text{V}$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = \text{GND}$ ,  $T_C = 0^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  (Note 3)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Conditions	
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1025	-955	-870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max)	Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0\text{V}$
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1705	-1620	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}$ (Min)	
$V_{OHC}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1035			mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$	Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0\text{V}$
$V_{OLC}$	Output LOW Voltage			-1610	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}$ (Max)	
$V_{BB}$	Output Reference Voltage	-1380	-1320	-1260	mV	$I_{VBB} = -250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	
$V_{DIFF}$	Input Voltage Differential	150			mV	Required for Full Output Swing	
$V_{CM}$	Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CC} - 2.0$		$V_{CC} - 0.5$	V		
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage	-1165		-870	mV	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs	
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage	-1830		-1475	mV	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs	
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current	0.50			$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}$ (Min)	
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current			240	$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max)	
$I_{CBO}$	Input Leakage Current	-10			$\mu\text{A}$	$V_{IN} = V_{EE}$	
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current	-100		-40	mA	Inputs Open	

**Note 3:** The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.

**Commercial Version (Continued)****AC Electrical Characteristics**  $V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ 

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = 0^\circ C$			$T_C = +25^\circ C$			$T_C = +85^\circ C$			Units	Conditions		
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max				
$f_{MAX}$	Max Toggle Frequency CLKIN A/B to $Q_n$ $SEL$ to $Q_n$	750 575			750 575			750 575			MHz	MHz		
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay, CLKIN <sub>n</sub> to CLK <sub>n</sub> Differential Single-Ended	0.80 0.80			0.90 0.96	1.00 1.20	0.82 0.82	0.92 0.98	1.02 1.22	0.89 0.89	1.01 1.06	1.09 1.29	ns	Figure 3
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay, $SEL$ to Output	0.75	0.99	1.20	0.80	1.02	1.25	0.85	1.10	1.35	ns	Figure 2		
$t_{PS}$ $t_{OSLH}$ $t_{OSHl}$ $t_{OST}$	LH-HL Skew Gate-Gate Skew LH Gate-Gate Skew HL Gate-Gate LH-HL Skew	10 20 20 30	30 30 50 60	10 20 20 30	30 50 50 60	10 20 20 30	30 50 50 60	10 20 20 30	30 50 50 60	ps	(Notes 1, 4) (Notes 2, 4) (Notes 2, 4) (Notes 3, 4)			
$t_S$	Setup Time $SEL$ to CLKIN <sub>n</sub>	300			300			300			ps			
$t_H$	Setup Time $SEL$ to CLKIN <sub>n</sub>	0			0			0			ps			
$t_{TLH}$ $t_{THL}$	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	275	510	750	275	500	750	275	480	750	ps	Figure 4		

Note 1:  $t_{PS}$  describes opposite edge skews, i.e. the difference between the delay of a differential output signal pair's low to high and high to low propagation delays. With differential signal pairs, a low to high or high to low transition is defined as the transition of the true output or input pin.

Note 2:  $t_{OSLH}$  describes in-phase gate-to-gate differential propagation skews with all differential outputs going low to high;  $t_{OSHl}$  describes the same conditions except with the outputs going high to low.

Note 3:  $t_{OST}$  describes the maximum worst case difference in any of the  $t_{PS}$ ,  $t_{OSLH}$  or  $t_{OST}$  delay paths combined.

Note 4: The skew specifications pertain to differential I/O paths.

**Industrial Version****DC Electrical Characteristics**  $V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$  (Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = -40^\circ C$		$T_C = 0^\circ C$ to $+85^\circ C$		Units	Conditions	
		Min	Max	Min	Max			
$V_{OH}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1085	-870	-1025	-870	mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max) or $V_{IL}$ (Min)	Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$
$V_{OL}$	Output LOW Voltage	-1830	-1575	-1830	-1620	mV		
$V_{OHC}$	Output HIGH Voltage	-1095		-1035		mV	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ (Min)	Loading with $50\Omega$ to $-2.0V$
$V_{OLC}$	Output LOW Voltage		-1565		-1610	mV		
$V_{BB}$	Output Reference Voltage	-1395	-1255	-1380	-1260	mV	$I_{VBB} = -250 \mu A$	
$V_{DIFF}$	Input Voltage Differential	150		150		mV	Required for Full Output Swing	
$V_{CM}$	Common Mode Voltage	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	$V_{CC} - 0.5$	$V_{CC} - 2.0$	$V_{CC} - 0.5$	V		
$V_{IH}$	Input High Voltage	-1170	-870	-1165	-870	mV	Guaranteed HIGH Signal for All Inputs	
$V_{IL}$	Input Low Voltage	-1830	-1480	-1830	-1475	mV	Guaranteed LOW Signal for All Inputs	
$I_{IL}$	Input LOW Current	0.50		0.50		$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{IL}$ (Min)	
$I_{IH}$	Input HIGH Current		240		240	$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ (Max)	
$I_{CBO}$	Input Leakage Current	-10		-10		$\mu A$	$V_{IN} = V_{EE}$	
$I_{EE}$	Power Supply Current	-100	-40	-100	-40	mA	Inputs Open	

Note 1: The specified limits represent the "worst case" value for the parameter. Since these values normally occur at the temperature extremes, additional noise immunity and guardbanding can be achieved by decreasing the allowable system operating ranges. Conditions for testing shown in the tables are chosen to guarantee operation under "worst case" conditions.

**Industrial Version (Continued)****AC Electrical Characteristics**  $V_{EE} = -4.2V$  to  $-5.7V$ ,  $V_{CC} = V_{CCA} = GND$ 

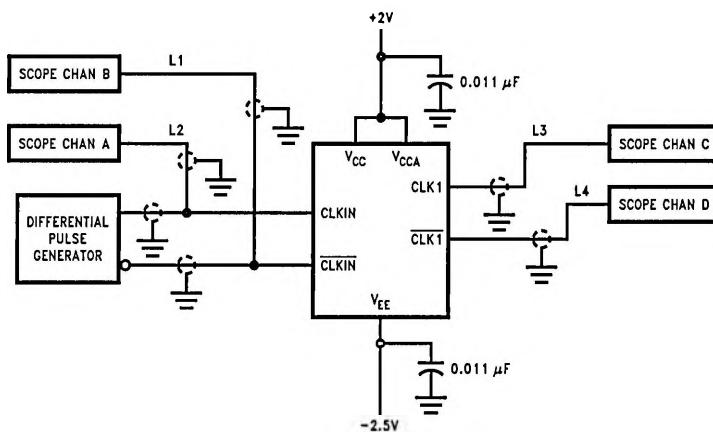
Symbol	Parameter	$T_C = -40^\circ C$			$T_C = +25^\circ C$			$T_C = +85^\circ C$			Units	Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
$f_{MAX}$	Max Toggle Frequency CLKIN A/B to $Q_n$ $SEL$ to $Q_n$	750			750			750			MHz	
		575			575			575			MHz	
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay, CLKIN $_n$ to CLK $_n$ Differential Single-Ended	0.78	0.88	0.98	0.82	0.92	1.02	0.89	1.01	1.09	ns	Figure 3
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay $SEL$ to Output	0.70	0.99	1.20	0.80	1.02	1.25	0.85	1.10	1.35	ns	Figure 2
$t_{PS}$ $t_{OSLH}$ $t_{OSH}$ $t_{OST}$	LH-HL Skew Gate-Gate Skew LH Gate-Gate Skew HL Gate-Gate LH-HL Skew	10	30		10	30		10	30		ps	(Notes 1, 4) (Notes 2, 4) (Notes 2, 4) (Notes 3, 4)
20	50		20	50		20	50		20	50		
20	50		20	50		20	50		20	50		
30	60		30	60		30	60		30	60		
$t_S$	Setup Time $SEL$ to CLKIN $_n$	300			300			300			ps	
$t_H$	Setup Time $SEL$ to CLKIN $_n$	0			0			0			ps	
$t_{TLH}$ $t_{THL}$	Transition Time 20% to 80%, 80% to 20%	275	510	750	275	500	750	275	480	750	ps	Figure 4

Note 1:  $t_{PS}$  describes opposite edge skews, i.e. the difference between the delay of a differential output signal pair's low to high and high to low propagation delays. With differential signal pairs, a low to high or high to low transition is defined as the transition of the true output or input pin.

Note 2:  $t_{OSLH}$  describes in-phase gate-to-gate differential propagation skews with all differential outputs going low to high;  $t_{OSH}$  describes the same conditions except with the outputs going high to low.

Note 3:  $t_{OST}$  describes the maximum worst case difference in any of the  $t_{PS}$ ,  $t_{OSLH}$  or  $t_{OST}$  delay paths combined.

Note 4: The skew specifications pertain to differential I/O paths.

**Test Circuit**

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Note 1: Shown for testing CLKIN to CLK1 in the differential mode.

Note 2: L1, L2, L3 and L4 = equal length 50Ω impedance lines.

Note 3: All unused inputs and outputs are loaded with 50Ω in parallel with  $\leq 3$  pF to GND.

Note 4: Scope should have 50Ω input terminator internally.

FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit

## Switching Waveforms

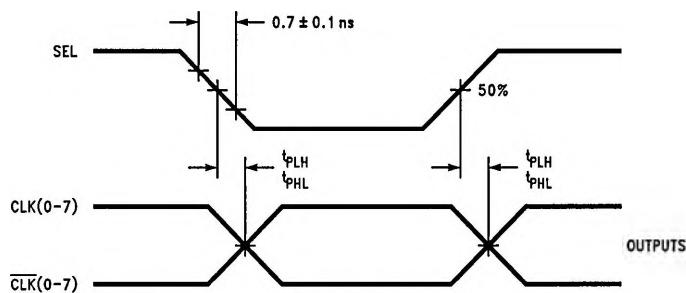


FIGURE 2. Propagation Delay, SEL to Outputs

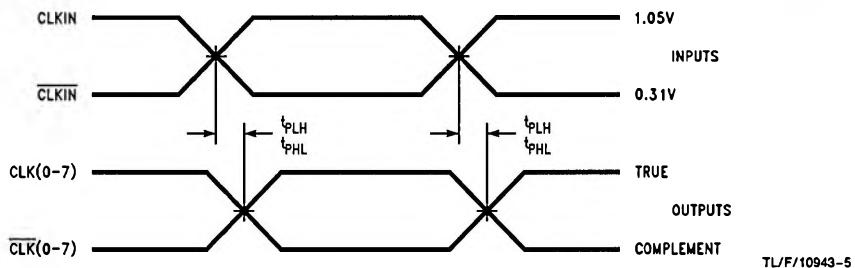
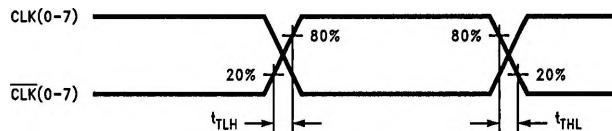


FIGURE 3. Propagation Delay, CLKIN/CLKIN-bar to Outputs



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FIGURE 4. Transition Times