

March 1995 Revised March 1999

#### 74LCX14

# Low Voltage Hex Inverter with 5V Tolerant Schmitt Trigger Inputs

#### **General Description**

The LCX14 contains six inverter gates each with a Schmitt trigger input. They are capable of transforming slowly changing input signals into sharply defined, jitter-free output signals. In addition, they have a greater noise margin than conventional inverters.

The LCX14 has hysteresis between the positive-going and negative-going input thresholds (typically 1.0V) which is determined internally by transistor ratios and is essentially insensitive to temperature and supply voltage variations.

The inputs tolerate voltages up to 7V allowing the interface of 5V, 3V and 2.5V systems.

The 74LCX14 is fabricated with advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power dissipation.

#### **Features**

- 5V tolerant inputs
- 2.3V-3.6V V<sub>CC</sub> specifications provided
- $\blacksquare$  6.5 ns t<sub>PD</sub> max (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V), 10  $\mu$ A I<sub>CC</sub> max
- Power down high impedance inputs and outputs
- $\blacksquare$  ±24 mA output drive (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0V)
- Implements patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry
- Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mA
- ESD performance:

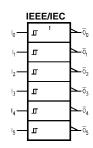
Machine model > 2000V Human model > 200V

#### **Ordering Code:**

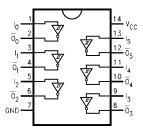
Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74LCX14M	M14A	14-Lead Small Outline Integrated Circuit (SOIC), JEDEC MS-120, 0.150" Narrow
74LCX14SJ	M14D	14-Lead Small Outline Package (SOP), EIAJ TYPE II, 5.3mm Wide
74LCX14MTC	MTC14	14-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

## **Logic Symbol**



#### **Connection Diagram**



#### **Pin Descriptions**

Pin Names	Description
I <sub>n</sub>	Inputs
$\overline{O}_n$	Outputs

### **Truth Table**

Input	Output
Α	ō
L	Н
Н	L

# Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Conditions	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	−0.5 to +7.0		V
VI	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to +7.0		V
Vo	DC Output Voltage	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	Output in HIGH or LOW State (Note 2)	V
I <sub>IK</sub>	DC Input Diode Current	-50	V <sub>I</sub> < GND	mA
I <sub>OK</sub>	DC Output Diode Current	-50	V <sub>O</sub> < GND	mA
		+50	V <sub>O</sub> > V <sub>CC</sub>	IIIA
Io	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Current per Supply Pin	±100		mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	DC Ground Current per Ground Pin	±100		mA
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature	-65 to +150		°C

# **Recommended Operating Conditions** (Note 3)

Symbol	Parameter			Max	Units
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	Operating	2.0	3.6	V
		Data Retention	1.5	3.6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage		0	5.5	V
Vo	Output Voltage	HIGH or LOW State	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	Output Current	$V_{CC} = 3.0V - 3.6V$		±24	
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V - 3.0V$		±12	mA
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V - 2.7V$		±8	

Note 1: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 2:  $I_O$  Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 3: Unused inputs must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

#### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub>	$V_{CC}$ $T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C$		Units
Symbol	Farameter	Conditions	(V)	Min	Max	Ullits
V <sub>t+</sub>	Positive Input Threshold		2.5	0.9	1.7	V
			3.0	1.2	2.2	V
V <sub>t-</sub>	Negative Input Threshold		2.5	0.4	1.1	V
			3.0	0.6	1.5	V
V <sub>H</sub>	Hysteresis		2.5	0.3	1.0	V
			3.0	0.4	1.2	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$I_{OH} = -100\mu A$	2.3 – 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
		$I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$	2.3	1.8		1
		$I_{OH} = -12 \text{ mA}$	2.7	2.2		V
		$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.4		
		$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2		
V <sub>OL</sub>	LOW Level Output Voltage	$I_{OL} = 100\mu A$	2.3 – 3.6		0.2	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 8mA	2.3		0.6	V
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 16 mA	3.0		0.4	
		I <sub>OL</sub> = 24 mA	3.0		0.55	
lı	Input Leakage Current	$0 \le V_1 \le 5.5V$	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	μΑ
l <sub>OFF</sub>	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_I$ or $V_O = 5.5V$	0		10	μΑ
Icc	Quiescent Supply Current	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.3 – 3.6		10	
		$3.6V \leq V_I \leq 5.5V$	2.3 – 3.6		±10	μΑ
$\Delta I_{CC}$	Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per Input	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$	2.3 – 3.6		500	μΑ

# **AC Electrical Characteristics**

		$T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to} + 85^{\circ}\text{C}, R_L = 500 \ \Omega$						
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3	3V ± 0.3V	v <sub>cc</sub> =	= 2.7V	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5	5V ± 0.2V	Units
Symbol	Farameter	C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF		C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.8	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub>		1.5	6.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.8	113
t <sub>OSHL</sub>	Output to Output Skew		1.0					ns
t <sub>OSLH</sub>	(Note 4)		1.0					113

Note 4: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t<sub>OSHL</sub>) or LOW-to-HIGH (t<sub>OSLH</sub>).

# **Dynamic Switching Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub>	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C$	Units
Symbol	r ai ailletei	Conditions	(V)	Typical	Units
V <sub>OLP</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	3.3	0.8	V
		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	2.5	0.6	V
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V <sub>OL</sub>	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{V}$	3.3	-0.8	V
		$C_{I} = 30 \text{ pF}, V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{V}, V_{II} = 0 \text{V}$	2.5	-0.6	V

# Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Units
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = Open, V_I = 0V \text{ or } V_{CC}$	7	pF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_I = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$	8	pF
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 3.3V$ , $V_{I} = 0V$ or $V_{CC}$ , $f = 10$ MHz	25	pF

# AC Loading and Waveforms Generic for LCX Family

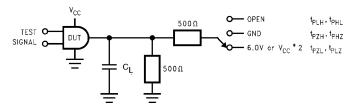
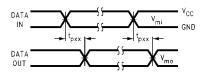
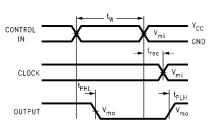


FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit (C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance)

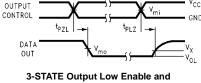
Test	Switch	
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Open	
$t_{PZL}$ , $t_{PLZ}$	6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ $V_{CC} \times 2$ at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$	
t <sub>P7H</sub> ,t <sub>PH7</sub>	GND	



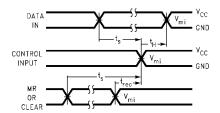
**Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions** 



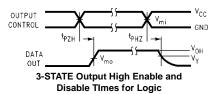
Propagation Delay, Pulse Width and  $t_{\rm rec}$  Waveforms



**Disable Times for Logic** 



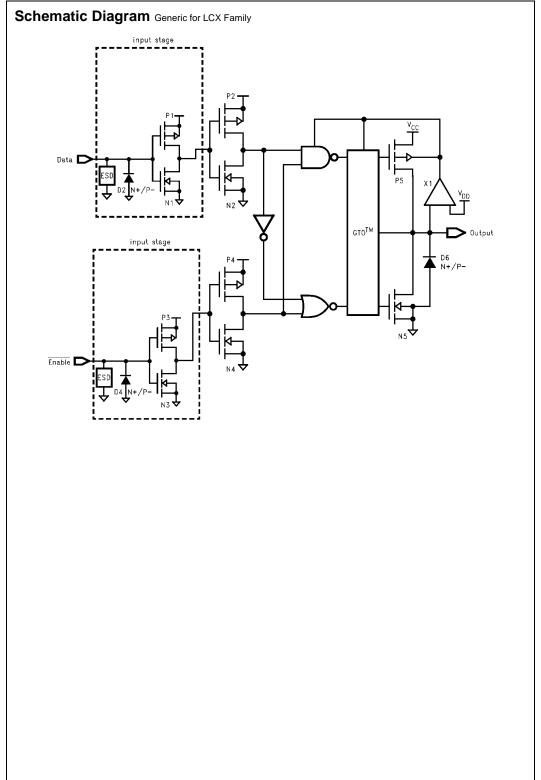
Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Logic

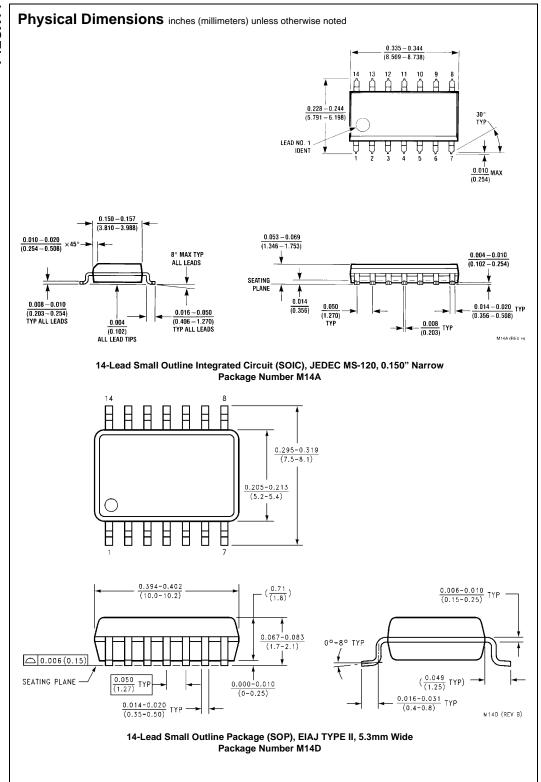


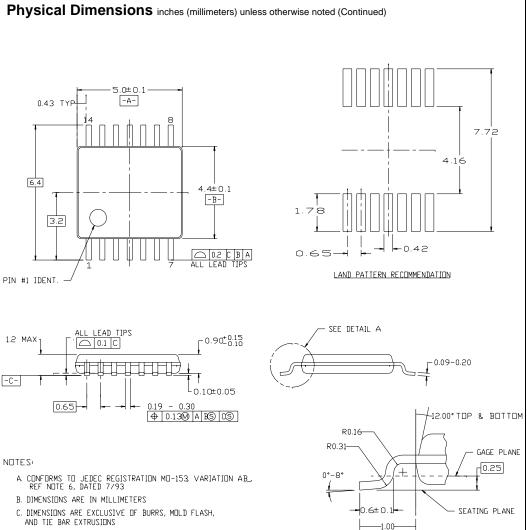
ANY OUTPUT  $\rm t_{rise}$  and  $\rm t_{fall}$ 

FIGURE 2. Waveforms (Input Pulse Characteristics; f=1MHz,  $t_r=t_f=3ns$ )

Symbol	V <sub>CC</sub>					
Symbol	$\textbf{3.3V} \pm \textbf{0.3V}$	2.7V	2.5V ± 0.2V			
$V_{mi}$	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2			
V <sub>mo</sub>	1.5V	1.5V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2			
V <sub>x</sub>	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15V			
V <sub>y</sub>	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15V			







# 14-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 4.4mm Wide Package Number MTC14

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DETAIL A

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