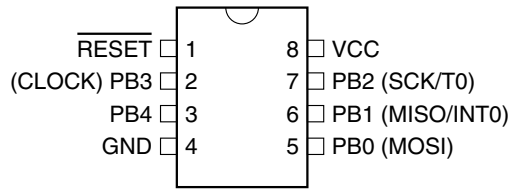
Features

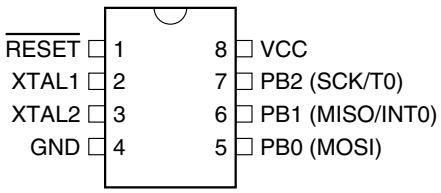
- Utilizes the AVR® RISC Architecture
- AVR – High-performance and Low-power RISC Architecture
  - 118 Powerful Instructions – Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
  - 32 x 8 General-purpose Working Registers
  - Up to 10 MIPS Throughput at 10 MHz
- Data and Nonvolatile Program Memory
  - 2K Bytes of In-System Programmable Flash
    Endurance: 1,000 Write/Erase Cycles
  - 128 Bytes Internal RAM
  - 128 Bytes of In-System Programmable EEPROM
    Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
  - Programming Lock for Flash Program and EEPROM Data Security
- Peripheral Features
  - One 8-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler
  - Programmable Watchdog Timer with On-chip Oscillator
  - SPI Serial Interface for In-System Programming
- Special Microcontroller Features
  - Low-power Idle and Power-down Modes
  - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
  - Power-on Reset Circuit
  - Selectable On-chip RC Oscillator
- Specifications
  - Low-power, High-speed CMOS Process Technology
  - Fully Static Operation
- Power Consumption at 4 MHz, 3V, 25°C
  - Active: 2.4 mA
  - Idle Mode: 0.5 mA
  - Power-down Mode: <1 µA
- I/O and Packages
  - Three Programmable I/O Lines for AT90S/LS2323
  - Five Programmable I/O Lines for AT90S/LS2343
  - 8-pin PDIP and SOIC
- Operating Voltages
  - 4.0 - 6.0V for AT90S2323/AT90S2343
  - 2.7 - 6.0V for AT90LS2323/AT90LS2343
- Speed Grades
  - 0 - 10 MHz for AT90S2323/AT90S2343-10
  - 0 - 4 MHz for AT90LS2323/AT90LS2343-4
  - 0 - 1 MHz for AT90LS2343-1

Pin Configuration

PDIP/SOIC



AT90S/LS2343



AT90S/LS2323

8-bit AVR® Microcontroller with 2K Bytes of In-System Programmable Flash

AT90S2323
AT90LS2323
AT90S2343
AT90LS2343

Summary

Rev. 1004DS–09/01

Note: This is a summary document. A complete document is available on our web site at *www.atmel.com*.

Description

The AT90S/LS2323 and AT90S/LS2343 are low-power, CMOS, 8-bit microcontrollers based on the AVR RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the AT90S2323/2343 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.

The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general-purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

Block Diagram

Figure 1. The AT90S/LS2343 Block Diagram

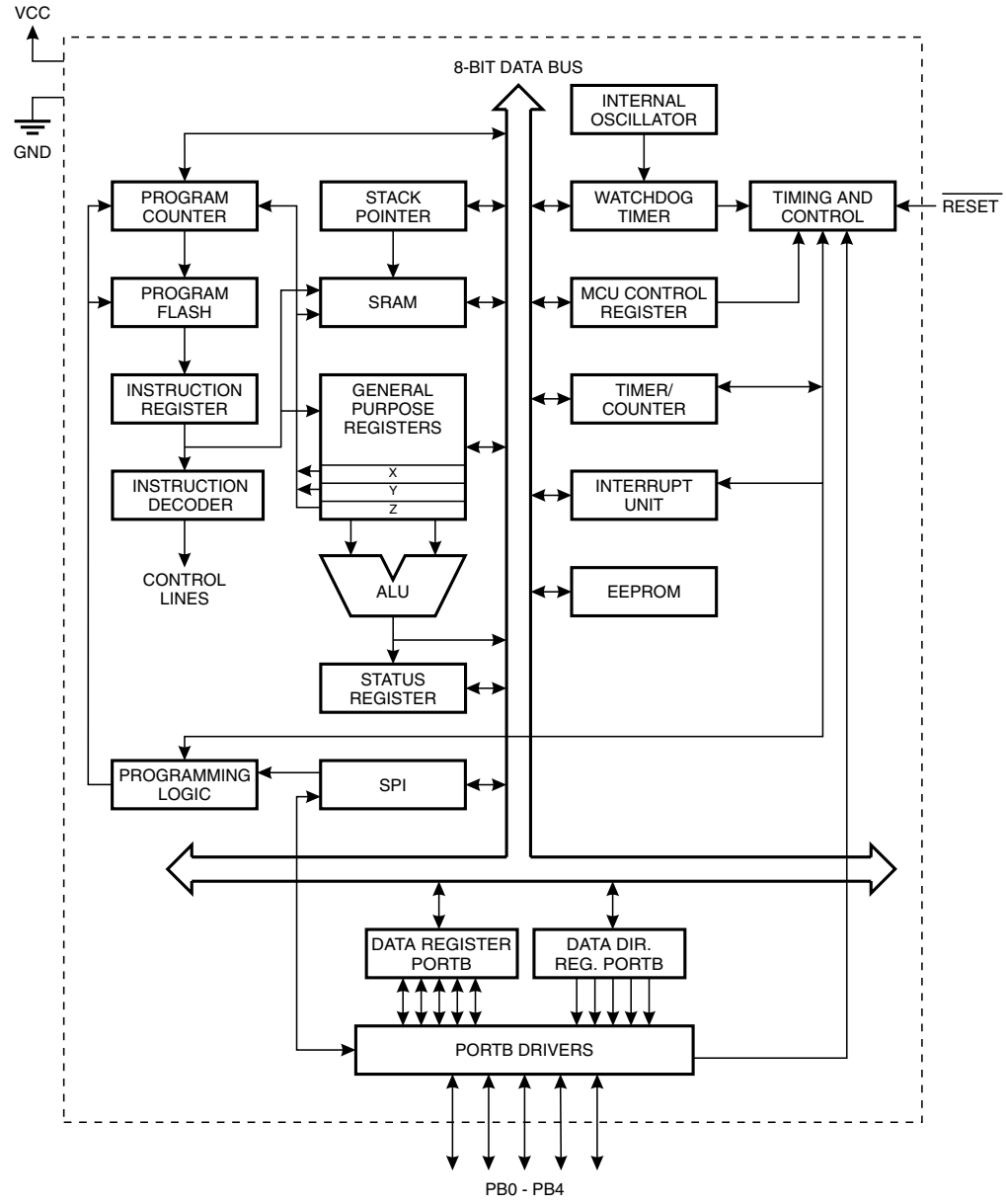
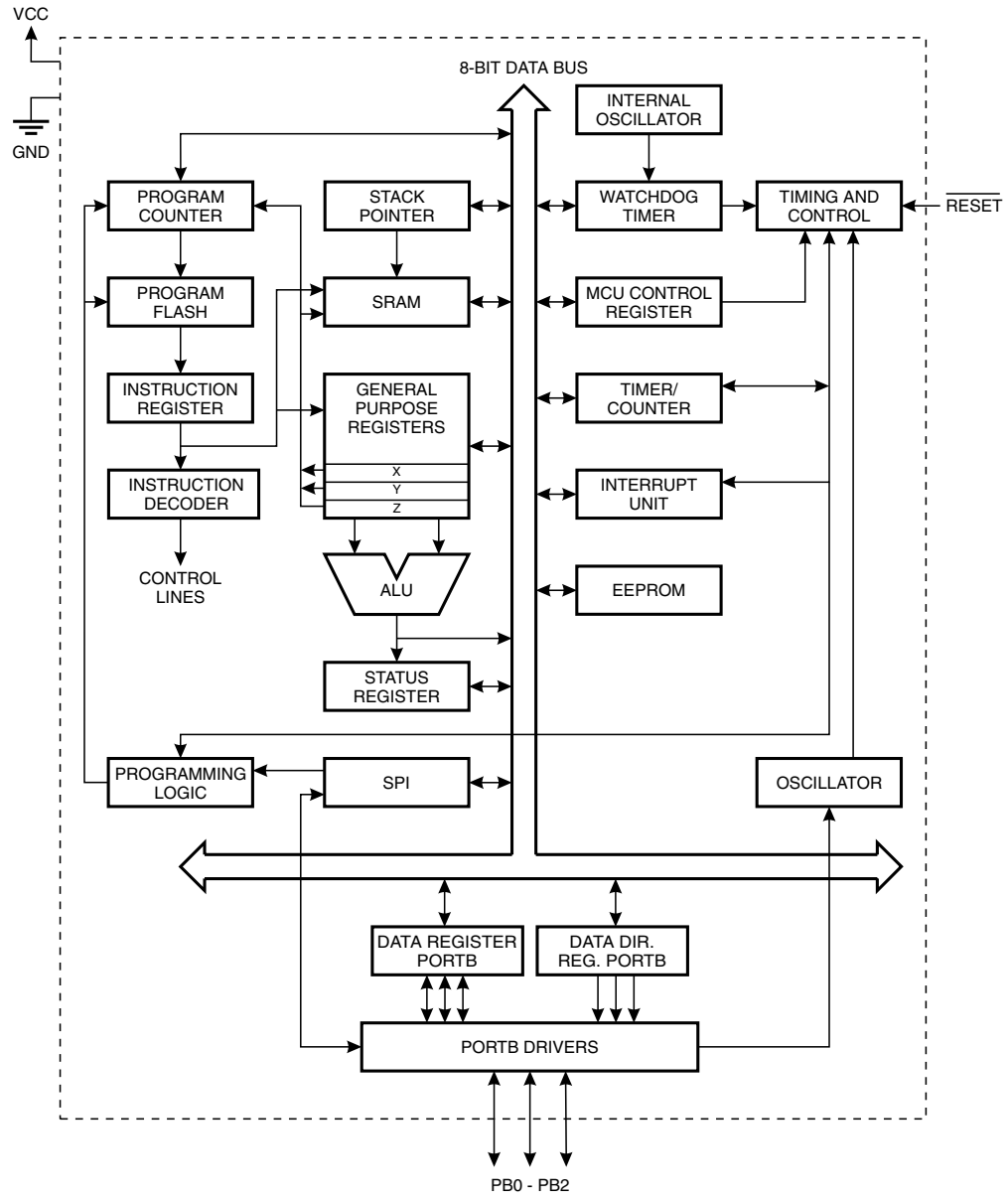


Figure 2. The AT90S/LS2323 Block Diagram



The AT90S2323/2343 provides the following features: 2K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash, 128 bytes EEPROM, 128 bytes SRAM, 3 (AT90S/LS2323)/5 (AT90S/LS2343) general-purpose I/O lines, 32 general-purpose working registers, an 8-bit timer/counter, internal and external interrupts, programmable Watchdog Timer with internal oscillator, an SPI serial port for Flash Memory downloading and two software-selectable power-saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, timer/counters, SPI port and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or hardware reset.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high-density nonvolatile memory technology. The On-chip Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed in-system through an SPI serial interface. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with ISP Flash on a monolithic

chip, the Atmel AT90S2323/2343 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost-effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The AT90S2323/2343 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, in-circuit emulators and evaluation kits.

Comparison between AT90S/LS2323 and AT90S/LS2343

The AT90S/LS2323 is intended for use with external quartz crystal or ceramic resonator as the clock source. The start-up time is fuse-selectable as either 1 ms (suitable for ceramic resonator) or 16 ms (suitable for crystal). The device has three I/O pins.

The AT90S/LS2343 is intended for use with either an external clock source or the internal RC oscillator as clock source. The device has five I/O pins.

Table 1 summarizes the differences in features of the two devices.

Table 1. Feature Difference Summary

Part	AT90S/LS2323	AT90S/LS2343
On-chip Oscillator Amplifier	yes	no
Internal RC Clock	no	yes
PB3 available as I/O pin	never	internal clock mode
PB4 available as I/O pin	never	always
Start-up time	1 ms/16 ms	16 µs fixed

Pin Descriptions AT90S/LS2323

VCC Supply voltage pin.

GND Ground pin.

Port B (PB2..PB0) Port B is a 3-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors. The Port B output buffers can sink 20 mA. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low, will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features.

Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active.

$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Reset input. An external reset is generated by a low level on the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin. Reset pulses longer than 50 ns will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

XTAL1 Input to the inverting oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.

XTAL2 Output from the inverting oscillator amplifier.

Pin Descriptions
AT90S/LS2343

VCC — Supply voltage pin.

GND — Ground pin.

Port B (PB4..PB0) — Port B is a 5-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors. The Port B output buffers can sink 20 mA. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low, will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features.

Port pins can provide internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active.

$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ — Reset input. An external reset is generated by a low level on the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin. Reset pulses longer than 50 ns will generate a reset, even if the clock is not running. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.

CLOCK — Clock signal input in external clock mode.

AT90S2323/2343 Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
$3F ($5F)	SREG	I	T	H	S	V	N	Z	C	page 18
$3E ($5E)	Reserved									
$3D ($5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	page 19
$3C ($5C)	Reserved									
$3B ($5B)	GIMSK	-	INT0	-	-	-	-	-	-	page 24
$3A ($5A)	GIFR	-	INTF0							page 25
$39 ($59)	TIMSK	-	-	-	-	-	-	TOIE0	-	page 25
$38 ($58)	TIFR	-	-	-	-	-	-	TOV0	-	page 25
$37 ($57)	Reserved									
$36 ($56)	Reserved									
$35 ($55)	MCUCR	-	-	SE	SM	-	-	ISC01	ISC00	page 26
$34 ($54)	MCUSR	-	-	-	-	-	-	EXTRF	PORF	page 23
$33 ($53)	TCCR0	-	-	-	-	-	CS02	CS01	CS00	page 29
$32 ($52)	TCNT0	Timer/Counter0 (8 Bits)								page 30
$31 ($51)	Reserved									
$30 ($50)	Reserved									
$2F ($4F)	Reserved									
$2E ($4E)	Reserved									
$2D ($4D)	Reserved									
$2C ($4C)	Reserved									
$2B ($4B)	Reserved									
$2A ($4A)	Reserved									
$29 ($49)	Reserved									
$28 ($48)	Reserved									
$27 ($47)	Reserved									
$26 ($46)	Reserved									
$25 ($45)	Reserved									
$24 ($44)	Reserved									
$23 ($43)	Reserved									
$22 ($42)	Reserved									
$21 ($41)	WDTCR	-	-	-	WDTOE	WDE	WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	page 31
$20 ($40)	Reserved									
$1F ($3F)	Reserved									
$1E ($3E)	EEAR	-	EEPROM Address Register							page 32
$1D ($3D)	EEDR	EEPROM Data Register								page 32
$1C ($3C)	EECR	-	-	-	-	-	EEMWE	EEWE	EERE	page 32
$1B ($3B)	Reserved									
$1A ($3A)	Reserved									
$19 ($39)	Reserved									
$18 ($38)	PORTB	-	-	-	PORTB4	PORTB3	PORTB2	PORTB1	PORTB0	page 35
$17 ($37)	DDRB	-	-	-	DDB4	DDB3	DDB2	DDB1	DDB0	page 35
$16 ($36)	PINB	-	-	-	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	page 36
$15 ($35)	Reserved									
…	Reserved									
$00 ($20)	Reserved									

Note: 1. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.

2. Some of the status flags are cleared by writing a logical “1” to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers $00 to $1F only.

Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonic	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	# Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND LOGIC INSTRUCTIONS					
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add Two Registers	Rd ← Rd + Rr	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry Two Registers	Rd ← Rd + Rr + C	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl, K	Add Immediate to Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl + K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract Two Registers	Rd ← Rd – Rr	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	Rd ← Rd – K	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl, K	Subtract Immediate from Word	Rdh:Rdl ← Rdh:Rdl – K	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry Two Registers	Rd ← Rd – Rr – C	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	Rd ← Rd – K – C	Z,C,N,V,H	1
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	Rd ← Rd • Rr	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	Rd ← Rd • K	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	Rd ← Rd v Rr	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	Rd ← Rd v K	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	Rd ← Rd ⊕ Rr	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	Rd ← $FF – Rd	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	Rd ← $00 – Rd	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd, K	Set Bit(s) in Register	Rd ← Rd v K	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd, K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	Rd ← Rd • ($FF – K)	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	Rd ← Rd + 1	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	Rd ← Rd – 1	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	Rd ← Rd • Rd	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	Rd ← Rd ⊕ Rd	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	Rd ← $FF	None	1
BRANCH INSTRUCTIONS					
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	2
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	PC ← PC + k + 1	None	3
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	PC ← Z	None	3
RET		Subroutine Return	PC ← STACK	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	PC ← STACK	I	4
CPSE	Rd, Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if (Rd = Rr) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd, Rr	Compare	Rd – Rr	Z,N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd, Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z,N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd, K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z,N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b) = 0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b) = 1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b) = 0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (R(b) = 1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if (SREG(s) = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BREQ	k	Branch if Equal	if (Z = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRNE	k	Branch if Not Equal	if (Z = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCS	k	Branch if Carry Set	if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRCC	k	Branch if Carry Cleared	if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRSH	k	Branch if Same or Higher	if (C = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLO	k	Branch if Lower	if (C = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRMI	k	Branch if Minus	if (N = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRPL	k	Branch if Plus	if (N = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRGE	k	Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	if (N ⊕ V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRLT	k	Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	if (N ⊕ V = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHS	k	Branch if Half-carry Flag Set	if (H = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRHC	k	Branch if Half-carry Flag Cleared	if (H = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTS	k	Branch if T-flag Set	if (T = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRTC	k	Branch if T-flag Cleared	if (T = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVS	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Set	if (V = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRVC	k	Branch if Overflow Flag is Cleared	if (V = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC ← PC + k + 1	None	1/2

Instruction Set Summary (Continued)

Mnemonic	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	# Clocks
DATA TRANSFER INSTRUCTIONS					
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move between Registers	Rd ← Rr	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, X+	Load Indirect and Post-inc.	Rd ← (X), X ← X + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -X	Load Indirect and Pre-dec.	X ← X – 1, Rd ← (X)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-inc.	Rd ← (Y), Y ← Y + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Y	Load Indirect and Pre-dec.	Y ← Y – 1, Rd ← (Y)	None	2
LDD	Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Y + q)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-inc.	Rd ← (Z), Z ← Z + 1	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-dec.	Z ← Z - 1, Rd ← (Z)	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	Rd ← (Z + q)	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	Rd ← (k)	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	(X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-inc.	(X) ← Rr, X ← X + 1	None	2
ST	-X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-dec.	X ← X - 1, (X) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	(Y) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Y+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-inc.	(Y) ← Rr, Y ← Y + 1	None	2
ST	-Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-dec.	Y ← Y - 1, (Y) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Y+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Y + q) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect	(Z) ← Rr	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-inc.	(Z) ← Rr, Z ← Z + 1	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-dec.	Z ← Z - 1, (Z) ← Rr	None	2
STD	Z+q, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	(Z + q) ← Rr	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	R0 ← (Z)	None	3
IN	Rd, P	In Port	Rd ← P	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH	Rr	Push Register on Stack	STACK ← Rr	None	2
POP	Rd	Pop Register from Stack	Rd ← STACK	None	2
BIT AND BIT-TEST INSTRUCTIONS					
SBI	P, b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P, b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 0	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), Rd(0) ← 0	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), Rd(7) ← 0	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left through Carry	Rd(0) ← C, Rd(n+1) ← Rd(n), C ← Rd(7)	Z,C,N,V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right through Carry	Rd(7) ← C, Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), C ← Rd(0)	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	Rd(n) ← Rd(n+1), n = 0..6	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(3..0) ← Rd(7..4), Rd(7..4) ← Rd(3..0)	None	1
BSET	s	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	s	Flag Clear	SREG(s) ← 0	SREG(s)	1
BST	Rr, b	Bit Store from Register to T	T ← Rr(b)	T	1
BLD	Rd, b	Bit Load from T to Register	Rd(b) ← T	None	1
SEC		Set Carry	C ← 1	C	1
CLC		Clear Carry	C ← 0	C	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	I ← 1	I	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	I	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Two's Complement Overflow	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Two's Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET		Set T in SREG	T ← 1	T	1
CLT		Clear T in SREG	T ← 0	T	1
SEH		Set Half-carry Flag in SREG	H ← 1	H	1
CLH		Clear Half-carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	H	1
NOP		No Operation		None	1
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/timer)	None	1

Ordering Information

Power Supply	Speed (MHz)	Ordering Code	Package	Operation Range
2.7 - 6.0V	4	AT90LS2323-4PC AT90LS2323-4SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		AT90LS2323-4PI AT90LS2323-4SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
4.0 - 6.0V	10	AT90S2323-10PC AT90S2323-10SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		AT90S2323-10PI AT90S2323-10SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
2.7 - 6.0V	1	AT90LS2343-1PC AT90LS2343-1SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		AT90LS2343-1PI AT90LS2343-1SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
2.7 - 6.0V	4	AT90LS2343-4PC AT90LS2343-4SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		AT90LS2343-4PI AT90LS2343-4SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
4.0 - 6.0V	10	AT90S2343-10PC AT90S2343-10SC	8P3 8S2	Commercial (0°C to 70°C)
		AT90S2343-10PI AT90S2343-10SI	8P3 8S2	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)

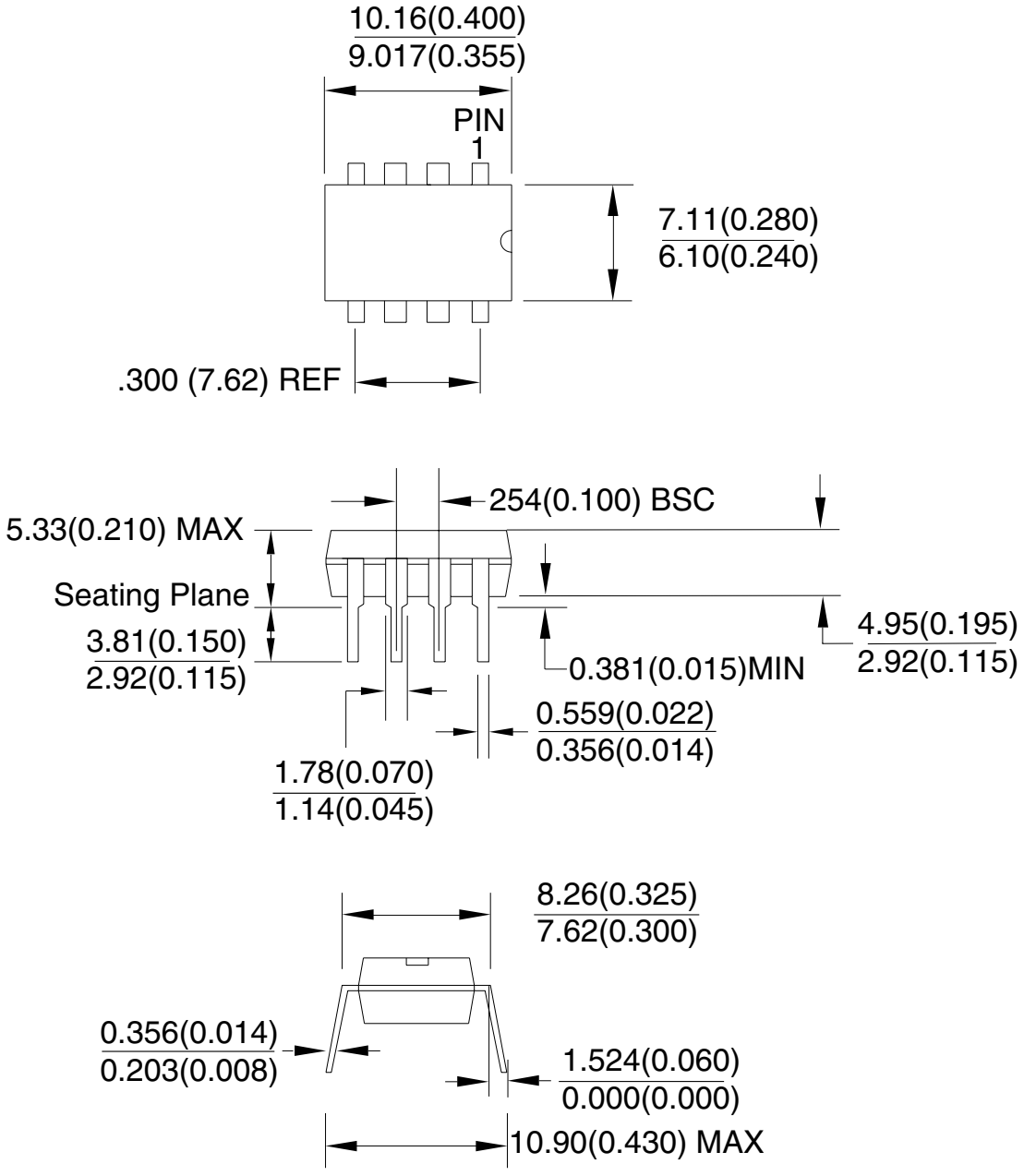
Notes: 1. The speed grade refers to maximum clock rate when using an external crystal or external clock drive. The internal RC oscillator has the same nominal clock frequency for all speed grades.
2. In AT90LS2343-1xx, the internal RC oscillator is selected as default MCU clock source (RCEN fuse is programmed) when the device is shipped from Atmel. In AT90LS2343-4xx and AT90S2343-10xx, the default MCU clock source is the clock input pin (RCEN fuse is unprogrammed). The fuse settings can be changed by high voltage serial programming.

Package Type	
8P3	8-lead, 0.300" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
8S2	8-lead, 0.200" Wide, Plastic Gull Wing Small Outline Package (EIAJ SOIC)

Packaging Information

8P3

8P3, 8-lead, Plastic Dual Inline
Package (PDIP), 0.300" Wide.
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)*
JEDEC STANDARD MS-001 BA



*Controlling dimension: Inches

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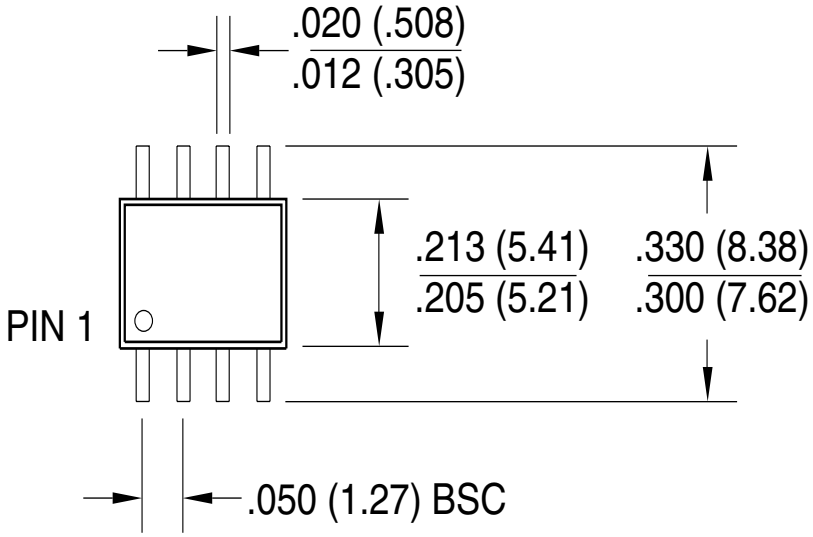
8S2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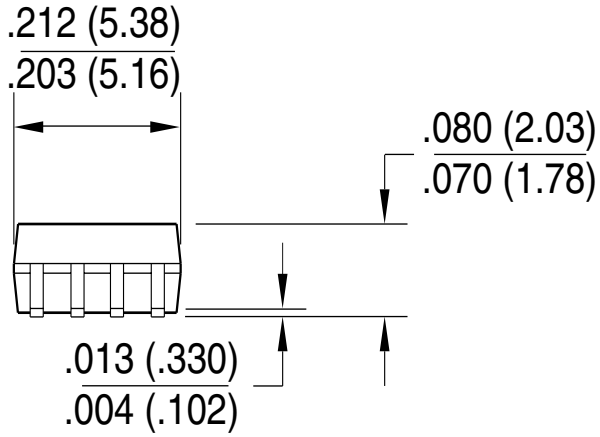
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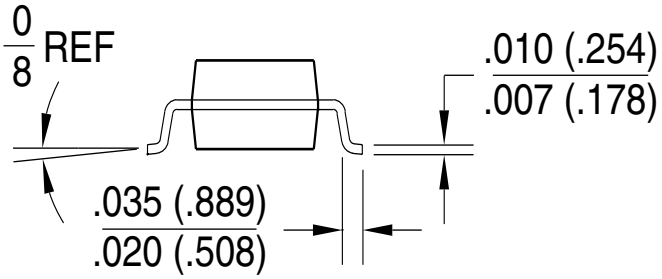
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Atmel Headquarters

Corporate Headquarters
2325 Orchard Parkway
San Jose, CA 95131
TEL (408) 441-0311
FAX (408) 487-2600

Europe
Atmel SarL
Route des Arsenaux 41
Casa Postale 80
CH-1705 Fribourg
Switzerland
TEL (41) 26-426-5555
FAX (41) 26-426-5500

Asia
Atmel Asia, Ltd.
Room 1219
Chinachem Golden Plaza
77 Mody Road Tsimhatsui
East Kowloon
Hong Kong
TEL (852) 2721-9778
FAX (852) 2722-1369

Japan
Atmel Japan K.K.
9F, Tonetsu Shinkawa Bldg.
1-24-8 Shinkawa
Chuo-ku, Tokyo 104-0033
Japan
TEL (81) 3-3523-3551
FAX (81) 3-3523-7581

Atmel Product Operations

Atmel Colorado Springs
1150 E. Cheyenne Mtn. Blvd.
Colorado Springs, CO 80906
TEL (719) 576-3300
FAX (719) 540-1759

Atmel Grenoble
Avenue de Rochepleine
BP 123
38521 Saint-Egreve Cedex, France
TEL (33) 4-7658-3000
FAX (33) 4-7658-3480

Atmel Heilbronn
Theresienstrasse 2
POB 3535
D-74025 Heilbronn, Germany
TEL (49) 71 31 67 25 94
FAX (49) 71 31 67 24 23

Atmel Nantes
La Chantrerie
BP 70602
44306 Nantes Cedex 3, France
TEL (33) 0 2 40 18 18 18
FAX (33) 0 2 40 18 19 60

Atmel Rousset
Zone Industrielle
13106 Rousset Cedex, France
TEL (33) 4-4253-6000
FAX (33) 4-4253-6001

Atmel Smart Card ICs
Scottish Enterprise Technology Park
East Kilbride, Scotland G75 0QR
TEL (44) 1355-357-000
FAX (44) 1355-242-743

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e-mail
literature@atmel.com

Web Site
http://www.atmel.com

BBS
1-(408) 436-4309

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