Preservo Amplifier for CD Players BA6377K

The BA6377K is a preservo amplifier that generates RF, focus error and tracking error signals from the signals output by current output optical pickups. Using this IC in combination with the BU9313K can significantly reduce the number of attached components for CD player servos and signal processing circuits.

Applications

CD players

Features

- Internal focus search sequence, for better playability.
- 2) Internal disk defect detector.
- 3) Internal auto asymmetry circuit.
- Block diagram

- 4) Internal APC circuit.
- 5) Internal focus protection against disk defects.



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●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	9	V
Power dissipation	Pd	400*	mW
Operating temperature	Topr	-25~75	c
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55~125	°C.

* Reduced by 4.0 mW for each increase in Ta of 1 ${\rm C}$ over 25 ${\rm C}_{*}$

●Recommended operating conditions (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Min,	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Power supply voltage	Vcc	3.3	5.0	5.5	v

•Pin description

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
1	F	FI-V amplifier current input
2	FO	FI-V amplifier output
3	AGND	Analog ground
4	DGND	Digital ground
5	FI	FI-V amplifier gain adjustment feedback
6	LD	APC amplifier output
7	PD	APC amplifier input
8	R∕H	Attached ramp wave/loop-off capacitor
9	SC	Attached scratch depth adjustment resistor
10	TE	Tracking error output
11	FON	Focus-on control
12	FOK	Focus OK comparator output
13	FE	Focus error output
14	DEFECT	Defect signal output
15	MIRR	Mirror signal output
16	EFM	EFM signal output

Pin No.	Pin name	Function
17	ASY	Auto asymmetry control input
18	DETGND	Detector ground
19	BLH	Attached bottom-long capacitor
20	PLH	Attached peak-long capacitor
21	Vcc	Power supply
22	RFI	RF output capacity coupled reinput
23	RFO	RF summing amplifier output
24	RF-	RF summing amplifier feedback input
25	BD	(B+D) I-V amplifier current input
26	AC	(A+C) I-V amplifier current input
27	FEB	Focus error bias input
28	FEC	Attached focus error low-bias capacitor
29	VBO	Bias amplifier output
30	VBI	Bias amplifier input
31	EO	EI-V amplifier output
32	Е	EI-V amplifier current input

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Optical Disc ICs

RF Amplifiers

For CDs/CD-ROMs

Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta=25°C, Vcc=5V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Quiescent current	ła		9.5	13.5	mA	
(Bias amplifier)						
Bias voltage	VB	2.30	2.50	2.70	ν	
Maximum output current (HIGH)	Іон	5.0	_	-	mA	Maximum bias differential = 200 mV
Maximum output current (LOW)	lou	5.0	-	_	mA	Maximum bias differential = 200 mV
(RF amplifier)			,			
Output offset voitage	VOFRF	-110	-	160	mV	
Voltage gain	Grf	27	30	33	dB	V7=1.5V, SG4=30mV _{P-P} , 1kHz
Maximum output amplitude (HIGH)	VOHRF	2.00	2.30	_	V	Simultaneous input of AC and BD
Maximum output amplitude (LOW)	VOLRF		0.6	-0.3	v	V8=1/2Vcc±0.2V
(FE amplifier)	·					
Output offset voltage	VOFFE	-100		100	mV	
Voltage gain (AC)	GFEAC	29.5	32.5	35.5	dB	SG4=30mV _{P-P} , 1kHz
Voltage gain (BD)	GFE8D	29.5	32.5	35.5	dB	SG4=30mV _{P-P} , 1kHz
Voltage gain differential	∆Gfe	-3	0	Э	dB	
Maximum output amplitude (HIGH)	VOHTE	2.00	2.30	_	v	Separate measurement of inputs AC and BD
Maximum output amplitude (LOW)	VOLTE		-2.30	-2.00	v	$V_{\theta}=1/2V_{00}\pm0.2V$
(TE amplifier)						
Output offset voltage	VOFTE	~ 60	- 1	60	mV	
Voltage gain (E)	GTEE	11	14	17	dB	SG1=100mV _{P-P} , 1kHz
Voltage galn (F)	GTEF	11	14	17	dB	SG1=100mVP-P, 1kHz
Voltage gain differential	Δ GTE	3	0	3	dB	
Maximum output amplitude (HIGH)	Vohte	2.00	2.30	-	v	Separate measurement of Inputs E and F
Maximum output amplitude (LOW)	Volte		-2.30	2.00	v	V1=1/2Vcc±0.8V
(FOK comparator)						Pin 22 Input
Threshold voltage	VTHEK	0.2	0.3	0.4	v	Bias reference
High level output voltage	Vohek	4.5	- T	—	v	V6=1/2Vcc-0.4V
Low level output voltage	Volfk		-	0.6	v	V6=1/2Vcc-0.2V
Maximum operating frequency	FMXFK	45	-	-	kHz	
(Asymmetry amplifier)						
Output offset voltage	Vofas	-60	_	60	mV	
Voltage gain (1)	Gias	З	6	9	dB	Pin 22 input, 100mVP-P, 1kHz
Voltage gain (2)	G2A6	8.5	.11.5	14.5	dB	Pin 17 input, 100mVP-P, 1kHz
Maximum output amplitude (HIGH)	VOHAS	1.30	1.60	-	v	Pin 22 or 17 input V5=1/2Vcc±0.8V
Maximum output amplitude (LOW)	Volas		-1.4	-1.0	V	V5=1/2Vcc±1.2V
(APC amplifier)						
Output voltage (1)	V01AP	4.0	4.5	-	V	Pin 7 input 220 mV
Output voltage (2)	V02AP	<u> </u>	0.9	1.5	V	Pin 7 input 160 mV
Maximum output amplitude (HIGH)	Vohap	4.2	4.5	_	V	Pin 7 input 300 mV
Maximum output amplitude (LOW)	VOLAP		1.9	2.2	V	Pin 7 input 0V with 0.8mA flowing through Pin 6

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RF Amplifiers

For CDs/CD-ROMs

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Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
(Mirror detector)						
High level output voltage	Vонмя	4.5	_	_	V	
Low level output voltage	VOLMR	_	-	0.5	V	
Minimum operating frequency	Еммия		_	600	Hz	23pin=1.5VP-P
Maximum operating frequency	Е мхмв	30	_	_	kHz	23pin=1.5V _{Р-Р}
Minimum operating input voltage	VMNMR	_		0.2	VP-P	23pin=1kHz
Maximum operating input voltage	Vмхмя	1.8		_	Vp-p	23pin=1kHz
Defect detector>						* <u>* *</u>
High level output voltage	VOHDF	4.5		_	V	
Low level output voltage	Voldf	_	-	0.5	V	
Minimum operating frequency	FMNDF	-	_	1	kHz	23pin=1.5V _{Р-Р}
Maximum operating frequency	FMXDF	2	· —	—	kHz	23pin=1.5V _{Р-Р}
Minimum operating input voltage		-	· —	0.5	VP-P	23pin=1kHz
Maximum operating input voltage	VMXDF	1.8	—	_	VP-P	23pin=1kHz
rin 9 voltage	V9	0.95	1.20	1.45	V	
(Ramp generator circuit)			•			
Capacitance charging current	ISIRA		-2.50	-1.85	μA	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Capacitance discharging current	Isora	20.0	27.0	34.0	μA	
High level limit voltage	VLHRA	0.24	0.44	0.64	V	Bias reference
Low level limit voltage	Vilra	-0.64	-0.44	-0.24	V	Bias reference
(FON pin)						
Sink current	lifon	18.0	27.0	36.0	μA	
Input threshold voltage	VTHFO	1.30	1.65	2.00	V	
(Loop on)						
.oop off delay time	toflo	3.8	5.5	8.5	msec	

* The ramp wave begins at the bottom.

* The loop will not turn on when the ramp wave is at the bottom.

* Pin 8 is charged rapidly when the loop turns on Electrical characteristics

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Fig.1

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Circuit operation

Focus search sequence operations

When the loop turns on

The focus loop turns on when the fall of FEC is detected while FOK is at the HIGH level.



Fig.2

When the loop turns off

The focus loop turns off after the elapse of a delay (T[S], see below) after FOK changes to the LOW state.



Fig.3

For CDs/CD-ROMs

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Fig.4

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External dimensions (Units: mm)



Notes

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