# SECAM discriminator IC BA7025L

The BA7025L incorporates a PAL/SECAM discriminator circuit on a single IC. It is ideal for use in video cassette recorders and televisions. By adding a ceramic filter, an LC circuit for fH/2 resonance, and a few resistors and capacitors, it is possible to construct an extremely sensitive PAL/SECAM discriminator circuit. The BA7025L has two burst input terminals and a built-in switching circuit that switches between inputs depending on the mode.

An output control terminal is provided to force SECAM operation and prevent erroneous operation when reception is weak. The BA7025L can operate off either 5V or 9V.

## Applications

Video cassette recorders and televisions

## Features

- PWM integration used to give a large noise margin, and ensure a high-sensitivity discriminator circuit that is extremely stable with respect to fluctuation in the burst signal input level.
- Low sensitivity variation means adjustment can be dispensed with.

3)Built-in input switching circuit.

4)Built-in output control (forced SECAM).5)Large output current capacity.6)Minimal external components required.

#### Block diagram



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# BA7025L

PAL/SECAM detector

VCR components

## ●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit V	
Power supply voltage	Vcc	10		
Power dissipation	Pd	500 *	mW	
Operating temperature	Topr	-25~75	Ĵ	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55~125	ç	

\* Reduced by 5.0mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

# ●Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise specified Ta=25℃ and Vcc=5.0V)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Operating power supply 1	Vcc1	4.5	5.0	5.5	V.	Pin 17 and 18: shorted	Fig.1
Operating power supply 2	Vcc2	7.5	9.0	10.0	٧	Pin 17 and 18: open	Fig.1
Quiescent current 1	lo1	-	8.0	12.0	mA	Limiter amplifier off, no input to channel A	Fig.1
Quiescent current 2	<b>I</b> Q2	, <del>-</del>	· 12.5 ·	18.5	mA	Limiter amplifier on, no input to channel A	Fig.1
Regulator output voltage	Vreg	5.3	6.1	6.9	۷	Pin 17 and 18: open, $V \infty = 9V$	Fig.1
Limiter amplifier gain	Gv	19.0	22.5	26.0	dB	$ \begin{array}{l} V_{IA} \hspace{0.1 cm} (V_{IB}) = \hspace{-0.1 cm} 0.1 V_{P \cdot P}, \\ 10 kHz, \hspace{0.1 cm} R_T = \hspace{-0.1 cm} 100 k \hspace{0.1 cm} \Omega \end{array} $	Fig.1
Limiter amplifier output limit level	V07S	1.1	1.5	1.9	Vp.p	$V_{IA}$ $(V_{IB}) = 0.3 V_{P,P},$ 10kHz, $R_P = 100 k \Omega$	Fig.1
Ch-B control threshold voltage	V2тн	_	0.7		۷	_ ·	Fig.1
Burst gate threshold voltage	Vатн	3.9	4.25	4.6	۷	-	Fig.1
Vref voltage 1	Vrel1	3.2	3.6	4.0	V	R <sub>13</sub> =100kΩ	Fig.1
Vref voltage 2	Vre12	Vret	_	Vret+0.2	· V	R <sub>13</sub> =10MΩ, Pin 11 and 13: 220Ω	Fig.1
Tuning amplifier output voltage	V011	0.8	1.35	2.0	Vp.p	f=10kHz, 0.2V <sub>P/P</sub> , $R_{C}$ =220 $\Omega$ , $R_{E}$ =39 $\Omega$	Fig.1
Output control threshold voltage	V15TH	-	0.7	ł	۷		Fig.1
COMP 1 input threshold voltage	V11TH	-	4.3	·	۷		Fig.1
COMP 1 output voltage	V12H	3.6	4.3	_	٧	V <sub>IN11</sub> ≫V <sub>11TH</sub> , RL=28.9kΩ	Fig.1
COMP 2 input threshold voltage	V14TH	_	3.5	-	۷	_	Fig.1
DET OUT output voltage	V16H	3.6	4.3	-	V	VIN14≫V14TH, RL=470Ω	Fig.1
DET OUT leakage current	118L	-	0	5.0	μA	V <sub>IN14</sub> ≫V <sub>14TH</sub> , R <sub>L</sub> =100kΩ	Fig.1

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Mesurement circuit



Fig.1

Application example



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#### Application example notes

(1) ch A IN and ch B IN

Chroma signal inputs (cut the luminance signal) (2) ch B CTRL

When "H" (Vcc) ch B is selected, and when "L" (GND) ch A is selected.

(3) Unused pins

Pins 3 and 6 are not used. Connect them to GND to reduce crosstalk between channels.

(4) GATE PULSE

The burst signal is extracted from the input chroma signal. The gate pulse has negative polarity.



(5) Ceramic filter

A 4.25MHz filter is the most suitable. The value of the nominal  $1k\Omega$  resistor connected to pin 7 should be

#### Circuit operation

(1) Chroma signal input

The chroma signal is input on pin 1 or pin 4. The burst signal (referred to as the unmodulated carrier in the case of SECAM) is extracted in synchronous with the gate pulse signal input from pin 5.



The BA7025L discriminates between PAL and SECAM signals by detecting the presence or absence of the 4.25MHz SECAM burst signal.

(2) Limiter amplifier

This amplifier increases the level of the burst signal extracted from the chroma signal to that required for normal signal processing by the following stages. The amplified signal is fed to the detector stage. The limiter amplifier is used to extend the operating input range.

To prevent color signals other than the burst signal from being amplified when in stop mode, or in the case of large inputs, the limiter amplifier only operates for the interval of the pin 5 extraction pulse to prevent erroneous discrimination. matched to the filter impedance.

#### (6) fH/2 resonant frequency

Resonant LC circuit tuned to  $f_{\rm H}/2$ . The amplitude is controlled by the value of the feedback resistor connected to pin 10.

(7) Filter

This filter integrates the tuning detection pulses output from comparator 1 (pin 12). The threshold level of comparator 2 (pin 14) is approximately 3.8V (Vcc=5V). (8) OUT CTRL

SECAM mode operation is forced when this is "H". The  $22k\Omega$  resistor is for current limiting. The switch threshold level is VF (approximately 0.6V).

(9) When a 5V power supply is used, short pins 17 and18. When a 9V power supply is used, the pins are not shorted, and pin 17 is connected to the 9V supply.

#### (3) 4.25MHz filter

The PAL/SECAM burst signal amplified by the limiter amplifier is fed through the 4.25MHz filter connected between pins 7 and 9 to attenuate the 4.4MHz frequency component.

(4) Detector stage

The detector stage uses a second-order method to improve the detection sensitivity by improving the signalto-noise ratio.



#### (5) Tuning amplifier

Connect a parallel LC resonant circuit to pin 11 toterminalconstruct the tuning amplifier. By tuning the circuit to resonate at fH/2 (approximately 8kHz) the 8kHz frequency component of the SECAM burst signal detected at the detector stage is selected and amplified. The gain of the amplifier is set by the negative-feedback resistor connected to pin 10 and the resonant impedance.



(6) Comparator 1, integrator circuit and comparator 2 The output from the tuning amplifier is compared to the reference level by comparator 1, and converted to a pulse waveform. This waveform is integrated by the integrator circuit connected between pins 12 and 14, and the output of the integrator circuit is compared to the reference volt-

age by comparator 2 to discriminate between PAL and SECAM. The discriminator output signal ("H" or "L") is output on pin 16.

(7) Input/output circuits

Equivalent input and output circuits are given in Fig. 3.

7pin

► 19pin

o 7oin

18pin

7.5kΩ

Į.

(h)

200 Q

(d)

13pin

13pin



Electrical characteristic curves



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## External dimensions (Units: mm)



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#### Notes

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