# **Multimedia ICs**

# Vocal fader IC with input selector BH3810FS

The BH3810FS is a vocal feeder IC that is serial control compatible. It has mode switching that also includes a voice multiplexing mode, a five-input selector, a gain selector and other such features, which can all be controlled serially. Eight open-collector terminals and two tri-state terminals are provided on the chip to facilitate control by other ICs.

### Applications

Component stereo systems, CD radio cassette players, TVs and car stereos

# Features

- 1) Built-in low-pass filter can perform vocal fader function (erasing of vocals from commercially available music software) using just one chip.
- 2) Serial control can be used to switch between vocal fader, through, multiplex, and mute modes.
- Built-in gain selector allows selection of gain from 6dB to 20dB in 2dB steps.
- 4) Five-channel input selector.
- 5) Mic. mixing amplifier with mute function. Key controller input also provided.
- 6) SSOP 32-pin package.

### Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit	
Applied voltages	Vdd	+5.5		
	Vee	4.5	- v	
Power dissipation	Pd	850 *	mW	
Operating temperature	Topr	-40~+85	Ϋ́	
Storage temperature	Tstg	-55~+125	ື	
Maximum open collector voltage	Vop	14	v	

\* Reduced by 8.5mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C , when mounted on a 50mm  $\times$  50mm  $\times$  1.6mm board.

# ●Recommended operating conditions (Ta=25℃)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit	
Power supply voltage	Vdd	4.0~5.3	v	
	Vee	-4.3~-3.0	V	

452

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# Block diagram



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453

•Electrical characteristics (Unless otherwise specified,  $Ta=25^{\circ}C$ ,  $V_{DD}=5V$ ,  $V_{EE}=-4V$ , G=14dB, f=1kHz,  $Rg=600 \Omega$ ,  $V_{IN}=150mV$ , and  $R_{L}=100k \Omega$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
	la1+		4.5	10.0	mA	Through mode VDD current
Quiescent current	laı-		4.1	10.0	mA	Through mode VEE current
Quescent current	lq2+	-	10.0	20.0	mA	Through mode D9 to D16 data1
	lo2-	_	7.6	20.0	mA	Through mode D9 to D16 data1
Maximum output voltage	Vom	1.5	2.2	-	Vrms	THD = 1%, through mode
L, R gain	Gvt	11	14	17	dB	Through mode
Low-frequency gain	Gvf	8	11	14	dB	Through mode
Microphone gain	Gvм	5	8	11	dB	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Crosstalk	СТ	54	64	_	dB	f == 1kHz, through mode
Mute attenuation	MU	60	80	-	dB	f = 1kHz, mute mode or input mute
Vocal suppression ratio	SV	15	20		dB	Vocal fader mode, f = 1kHz
Total harmonic distortion	THD	-	0.004	0.05	%	VO = 1Vrms, through mode, BW 400Hz to 30kHz
Noise level	VN	-	15	22	μ Vrms	Rg=0, DIN AUDIO
Mode switch output DC differential	∆ DCB	_	0	18	mV	Between each mode with key controller on
Input impedance	Rin	35	50	65	kΩ	1~5pin, 7pin, 26pin, 28~32pin
Input selector crosstalk	CTIN	80	-	—	dB	f=1kHz
Port output current	Ірмах.	5.0	12	_	mA	Pins 17 to 24, 0.5V between PORT terminal and GND
"L" output voltage	Vol	_	0.15	0.5	V	17~24pin, lo.=5mA
"H" output leakage current	Юн	_	0	2.0	μA	Pins 17 to 24, 13V applied to collector
Tri-state "H" output voltage	Vsoн	4.5	4.85	_	V	15, 16pin, Io=1mA
Tri-state "L" output voltage	Vsol	_	0.05	0.5	v	15, 16pin, Io=1mA
SI pin source current (pin 13)	lsı	_	0.4	10	μA	When SI pin is at DGND potential
SCK pin source current (pin 14)	lsck	_	0.2	10	μA	When SCK pin is at DGND potential

\* Measured using a Matsushita VP-9690A (average value detector, effective value display) DIN AUDIO filter. Operating specifications: same phase for the input and output signals. Not designed for radiation resistance.

454

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# BH3810FS

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Measurement circuit



KARAOKE and surround sound

Vocal tader for karaoke

455

### Circuit operation

<ol><li>About the data format</li></ol>	(1)	) About	the data	format
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	Data	form	at																					
M	SB											24 bit	s total											LSB
Data	D0	D1	D2	D3	D4	D5	D6	D7	D8	D9	D10	D11	D12	D13	D14	D15	D16	D17	7 D1	8 D19	D20	D21	D22	223
										17pin	18pin	18pin	20pin	21pin	22pin	23pin	24pin	1!	5pin	16	ipin	-		
Descri- ption		Input electo	or		Input electo	r	Mode selector		Open collector port						state xort		state ort	Mic. mute	Chij sele					
Bit num	bər	3bit			3bit			3bit		I			8	oit				2	2bit	2	bit	1blt	2bi	] t

Fig.2

D22 D23 0 0

At power on

Gain selector	6dB	
Mode selector	Through mode	
Mic	Mute OFF	
Key controller	OFF	
Input selector	LA, RA	

Output port current attraction OFF Three state port: Low

Output port: open collector

Data	D16	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9		
Pin name	PORT 1 (24pin)	PORT 2 (23pin)	PORT 3 (22pin)	PORT 4 (21pin)	PORT 5 (20pin)	PORT 6 (19pin)	PORT 7 (18pin)	PORT 8 (17pin)		
0	Current sink OFF									
1		Current sink ON								

# Tri-state

PORT9 (16pin)							
D19	D20	Mode					
0	0	LOW					
0	1	OPEN					
1	0	OPEN					
1	1	HI					
D19, D20							

PORT10	PORT10 (15pin)							
D17	D18	Mode						
0	0	LOW						
0	1	OPEN						
1	0	OPEN						
1	1	HI						
	D17, D18							

### Mic. mute

D21	Mode
0	Mic. ON
1	Mic. MUTE

456

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Input selector <3 bits> D0 to D2

D0	D1	D2	Mode
0	0	0	MUTE
0	0	1	MUTE
0	1	0	MUTE
0	1	1	INPUT-LA, INPUT-RA
1	0	0	INPUT-LB, INPUT-RB
1	0	1	INPUT-LC, INPUT-RC
1	1	0	INPUT-LD, INPUT-RD
1	1	1	INPUT-LE, INPUT-RE

### Gain selector <3 bits> D3 to D5

<b>D</b> 2	D4	D5	Gain select	The gain is the total gain from input to output.
D3	04	105	Gain select	
0	0	0	6dB	
0	0	1	8dB	
0	1	0	10dB	
0	1	1	12dB	
1	0	0	14dB	
1	0	. 1	16dB	
1	1	0	18dB	
1	1	1	20dB	

### Mode selector <3 bits> D6 to D8

D6	D7	D8	LOUT	ROUT	ТК	Mode
0	0	0	MUTE	MUTE	MUTE	Mute
0	0	1	VOCALFADE	VOCALFADE	VOCALFADE	Vocal fader
0	1	0	L	L	L	L channel
0	1	1	L	R	L	Through
1	0	0	FK	FK	L+R	Key controller, L + R
1	0	1	FK	FK	R	Key controller, R channel
1	1	0	FK	FK	L	Key controller, L channel
1	1	1	FK	FK	VOCALFADE	Key controller, vocal fader



## (2) Timing chart

Serial data timing (timing for the IC terminals)



- \* When LATCH is "H", the DATA signal is forced "L" internally.
  \* The read decision for the DATA signal (SI) is made by the signal when the CLOCK signal rises.

The read decision for the LATCH signal (SI) is made by the signal when the LATCH signal itself rises.
 A "L" must follow at the end of each signal to wait for the next signal.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур. 5.0	Max. 6.0	<sup>•</sup> Unit V
H input voltage	Viн	4.0			
M input voltage	Vim	2.0	2.5	3.0	V
L input voltage	Vil	-0.3	0	1.0	v
Minimum clock width	tw	2.0			μS
Minimum data width	tw (DATA)	4.0		<u> </u>	μS
Minimum latch width	tw (LATCH)	2.0			μS
Setup time (DATA to CLK)	tsu	1.0		_	μS
Setup time (CLK to DATA)	th	1.0	-	_	μS
Setup time (DATA, CLK to LATCH)	ts	1.0	_		μS

Timing chart constants (Ta =  $25^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 5V and V<sub>EE</sub> = -4V)

\* If the voltage between VDD and DGND changes, the values above will change.

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### Operation notes

(1) We guarantee the application circuit design, but recommend that you thoroughly check its characteristics in actual use.

If you change any of the external component values, check both the static and transient characteristics of the circuit, and allow sufficient margin in your selections to take into account variations in the components and ICs.

Note that Rohm has not fully investigated patent rights regarding this product.

(2) The vocal fader function

The effect of the vocal fader is realized by negating the same-phase components. In the bass region, the firststage low-pass filter leaves the source sound as is, even for the same-phase components. Therefore, depending on the music, the effect may be small.

(3) The low-pass filter that leaves the vocal fader bass

The low-pass filter is formed by connecting a capacitor to pin 6. A  $20k\Omega$  resistor (design value) and this capacitor set the cutoff frequency.

$$fc = \frac{1}{2\pi CR} \quad (Hz)$$

The optional attenuation of the first-stage low-pass filter frequency is :

$$A(f) = 20 \log \left( \sqrt{\frac{1}{1 + (2 \pi f CR)^2}} \right) \quad (dB) \qquad \left( \begin{array}{c} f: \text{ frequency} \\ C: \text{ external capacitor} \\ R: 20 \text{ kohm (design value)} \end{array} \right)$$

(4) AGND (pin 10) and DGND (pin 12)

AGND is the ground for the IC's internal analog circuits, and DGND is the ground for the internal ports 1 to 10. Connect the two grounds externally.

(5) Switching noise

If you are troubled by switching noise that occurs when the input selector, gain selector, or mode selector are switched, use muting, or some other appropriate countermeasure.

(6) Serial control

The LATCH and DATA serial signals are received on the same terminal, and the signals are differentiated by voltage level. A diode and resistor are connected to perform a conversion to logic voltage (0 to 5V). The threshold values will change depending on the external components, so select them carefully.

If the signals are not being received very well, connect a capacitor of about 100pF between the SI terminal (pin 13), and the DGND terminal (pin 12).

External dimensions (Units: mm)



460

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### Notes

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