

December 1992

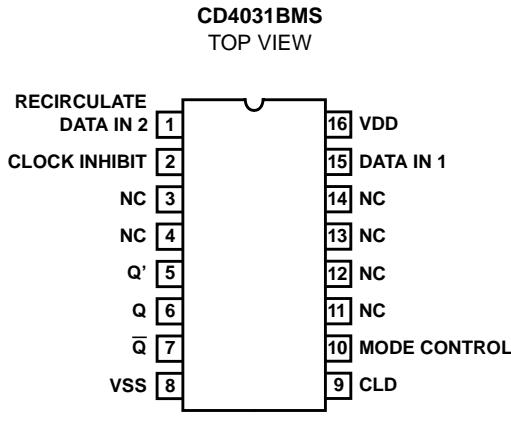
CMOS 64-Stage Static Shift Register

Features

- High Voltage Type (20V Rating)
- Fully Static Operation: DC to 12MHz (typ.) at VDD = 20V
- Standard TTL Drive Capability on Q Output
- Recirculation Capability
- Three Cascading Modes:
 - Direct Clocking for High-Speed Operation
 - Delayed Clocking for Reduced Clock Drive Requirements
 - Additional 1/2 Stage for Slow Clocks
- 100% Tested For Quiescent Current at 20V
- Maximum Input Current of 1 μ A at 18V Over Full Package-Temperature Range;
 - 100nA at 18V and +25°C
- Noise Margin (Over Full Package Temperature Range):
 - 1V at VDD = 5V
 - 2V at VDD = 10V
 - 2.5V at VDD = 15V
- 5V, 10V and 15V Parametric Ratings
- Meets All Requirements of JEDEC Tentative Standard No. 13B, "Standard Specifications for Description of 'B' Series CMOS Devices"

Applications

- Serial Shift Registers
- Time Delay Circuits

Pinout**Description**

The CD4031BMS is a static shift register that contains 64 D-type, master-slave flip-flop stages and one stage which is a D-type master flip-flop only (referred to as a 1/2 stage).

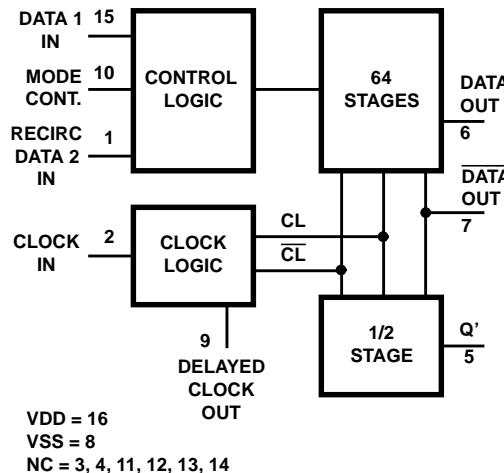
The logic level present at the DATA input is transferred into the first stage and shifted one stage at each positive-going clock transition. Maximum clock frequencies up to 12MHz (typical) can be obtained. Because fully static operation is allowed, information can be permanently stored with the clock line in either the low or high state. The CD4031BMS has a MODE CONTROL input that, when in the high state, allows operation in the recirculating mode. The MODE CONTROL input can also be used to select between two separate data sources. Register packages can be cascaded and the clock lines driven directly for high-speed operation. Alternatively, a delayed clock output (CLD) is provided that enables cascading register packages while allowing reduced clock drive fan-out and transition-time requirements. A third cascading option makes use of the Q' output from the 1/2 stage, which is available on the next negative-going transition of the clock after the Q output occurs. This delayed output, like the delayed clock CLD, is used with clocks having slow rise and fall times.

The CD4031BMS is supplied in these 16 lead outline packages:

Braze Seal DIP H4X

Frit Seal DIP H1F

Ceramic Flatpack H6W

Functional Diagram

Specifications CD4031BMS

TABLE 3. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	NOTES	TEMPERATURE	LIMITS		UNITS
					MIN	MAX	
Output Current (Sink) Q Outputs	IOL10	VDD = 10V, VOUT = 0.5V	1, 2	+125°C	3.6	-	mA
				-55°C	6.4	-	mA
Output Current (Sink) Q Outputs	IOL15	VDD = 15V, VOUT = 1.5V	1, 2	+125°C	9.6	-	mA
				-55°C	16.8	-	mA
Output Current (Source)	IOH5A	VDD = 5V, VOUT = 4.6V	1, 2	+125°C	-	-0.36	mA
				-55°C	-	-0.64	mA
Output Current (Source)	IOH5B	VDD = 5V, VOUT = 2.5V	1, 2	+125°C	-	-1.15	mA
				-55°C	-	-2.0	mA
Output Current (Source)	IOH10	VDD = 10V, VOUT = 9.5V	1, 2	+125°C	-	-0.9	mA
				-55°C	-	-1.6	mA
Output Current (Source)	IOH15	VDD = 15V, VOUT = 13.5V	1, 2	+125°C	-	-2.4	mA
				-55°C	-	-4.2	mA
Input Voltage Low	VIL	VDD = 10V, VOH > 9V, VOL < 1V	1, 2	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	-	3	V
Input Voltage High	VIH	VDD = 10V, VOH > 9V, VOL < 1V	1, 2	+25°C, +125°C, -55°C	+7	-	V
Propagation Delay Clock to Q	TPHL1 TPLH1	VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	220	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	180	ns
Propagation Delay Clock to Q	TPLH2	VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	220	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	180	ns
Propagation Delay Clock to Q	TPHL2	VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	160	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	130	ns
Propagation Delay Clock to CLD	TPLH3 TPHL3	VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	100	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	80	ns
Propagation Delay Clock to Q'	TPLH4 TPHL4	VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	160	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	130	ns
Transition Time	TTHL TTLH	VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	100	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	80	ns
Maximum Clock Input Frequency (Note 5)	FCL	VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	5	MHz
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	6	MHz
Clock Input Rise or Fall Time (Note 4)	TRCL TFCL	VDD = 5V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	1000	μs
		VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	1000	μs
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	200	μs
Minimum Data Setup Time	TS	VDD = 5V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	60	ns
		VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	30	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	20	ns
Minimum Data Hold Time	TH	VDD = 5V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	60	ns
		VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	30	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	20	ns
Minimum Clock Pulse Width	TW	VDD = 5V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	240	ns
		VDD = 10V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	100	ns
		VDD = 15V	1, 2, 3	+25°C	-	80	ns
Input Capacitance	CIN	Any Input	1, 2	+25°C	-	7.5	pF

Specifications CD4031BMS

TABLE 3. ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	NOTES	TEMPERATURE	LIMITS		UNITS
					MIN	MAX	

NOTES:

1. All voltages referenced to device GND.
2. The parameters listed on Table 3 are controlled via design or process and are not directly tested. These parameters are characterized on initial design release and upon design changes which would affect these characteristics.
3. CL = 50pF, RL = 200K, Input TR, TF < 20ns.
4. If more than one unit is cascaded in the parallel clocked application, TRCL should be made \leq the sum of the propagation delay at 50pF and the transition time of the output driving stage.
5. Maximum clock frequency for cascaded units;

a) Using Delayed Clock feature in recirculation mode:

$$F_{MAX} = \frac{1}{(n-1) CL, \text{prop delay and } Q \text{ prop delay and set-up time}} \quad \text{where } n = \text{number of packages}$$

b) Not using Delayed Clock:

$$F_{MAX} = \frac{1}{\text{propagation delay and set-up time}}$$

TABLE 4. POST IRRADIATION ELECTRICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	NOTES	TEMPERATURE	LIMITS		UNITS
					MIN	MAX	
Supply Current	IDD	VDD = 20V, VIN = VDD or GND	1, 4	+25°C	-	25	µA
N Threshold Voltage	VNTH	VDD = 10V, ISS = -10µA	1, 4	+25°C	-2.8	-0.2	V
N Threshold Voltage Delta	ΔVNTH	VDD = 10V, ISS = -10µA	1, 4	+25°C	-	±1	V
P Threshold Voltage	VPTH	VSS = 0V, IDD = 10µA	1, 4	+25°C	0.2	2.8	V
P Threshold Voltage Delta	ΔVPTH	VSS = 0V, IDD = 10µA	1, 4	+25°C	-	±1	V
Functional	F	VDD = 18V, VIN = VDD or GND VDD = 3V, VIN = VDD or GND	1	+25°C	VOH > VDD/2	VOL < VDD/2	V
Propagation Delay Time	TPHL TPLH	VDD = 5V (Worst Case)	1, 2, 3, 4	+25°C	-	1.35 x +25°C Limit	ns

NOTES:

1. All voltages referenced to device GND.
2. VDD = 5V, CL = 50pF, RL = 200K
3. See Table 2 for +25°C limit.

TABLE 5. BURN-IN AND LIFE TEST DELTA PARAMETERS +25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DELTA LIMIT
Supply Current - MSI-2	IDD	± 1.0µA
Output Current (Sink)	IOL5	± 20% x Pre-Test Reading

Specifications CD4031BMS

TABLE 5. BURN-IN AND LIFE TEST DELTA PARAMETERS +25°C

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	DELTA LIMIT
Output Current (Source)	IOH5A	± 20% x Pre-Test Reading

TABLE 6. APPLICABLE SUBGROUPS

CONFORMANCE GROUP	MIL-STD-883 METHOD	GROUP A SUBGROUPS	READ AND RECORD
Initial Test (Pre Burn-In)	100% 5004	1, 7, 9	IDD, IOL5, IOH5A
Interim Test 1 (Post Burn-In)	100% 5004	1, 7, 9	IDD, IOL5, IOH5A
Interim Test 2 (Post Burn-In)	100% 5004	1, 7, 9	IDD, IOL5, IOH5A
PDA (Note 1)	100% 5004	1, 7, 9, Deltas	
Interim Test 3 (Post Burn-In)	100% 5004	1, 7, 9	IDD, IOL5, IOH5A
PDA (Note 1)	100% 5004	1, 7, 9, Deltas	
Final Test	100% 5004	2, 3, 8A, 8B, 10, 11	
Group A	Sample 5005	1, 2, 3, 7, 8A, 8B, 9, 10, 11	
Group B	Subgroup B-5	Sample 5005	1, 2, 3, 7, 8A, 8B, 9, 10, 11, Deltas
	Subgroup B-6	Sample 5005	1, 7, 9
Group D	Sample 5005	1, 2, 3, 8A, 8B, 9	Subgroups 1, 2 3

NOTE: 1. 5% Parameteric, 3% Functional; Cumulative for Static 1 and 2.

TABLE 7. TOTAL DOSE IRRADIATION

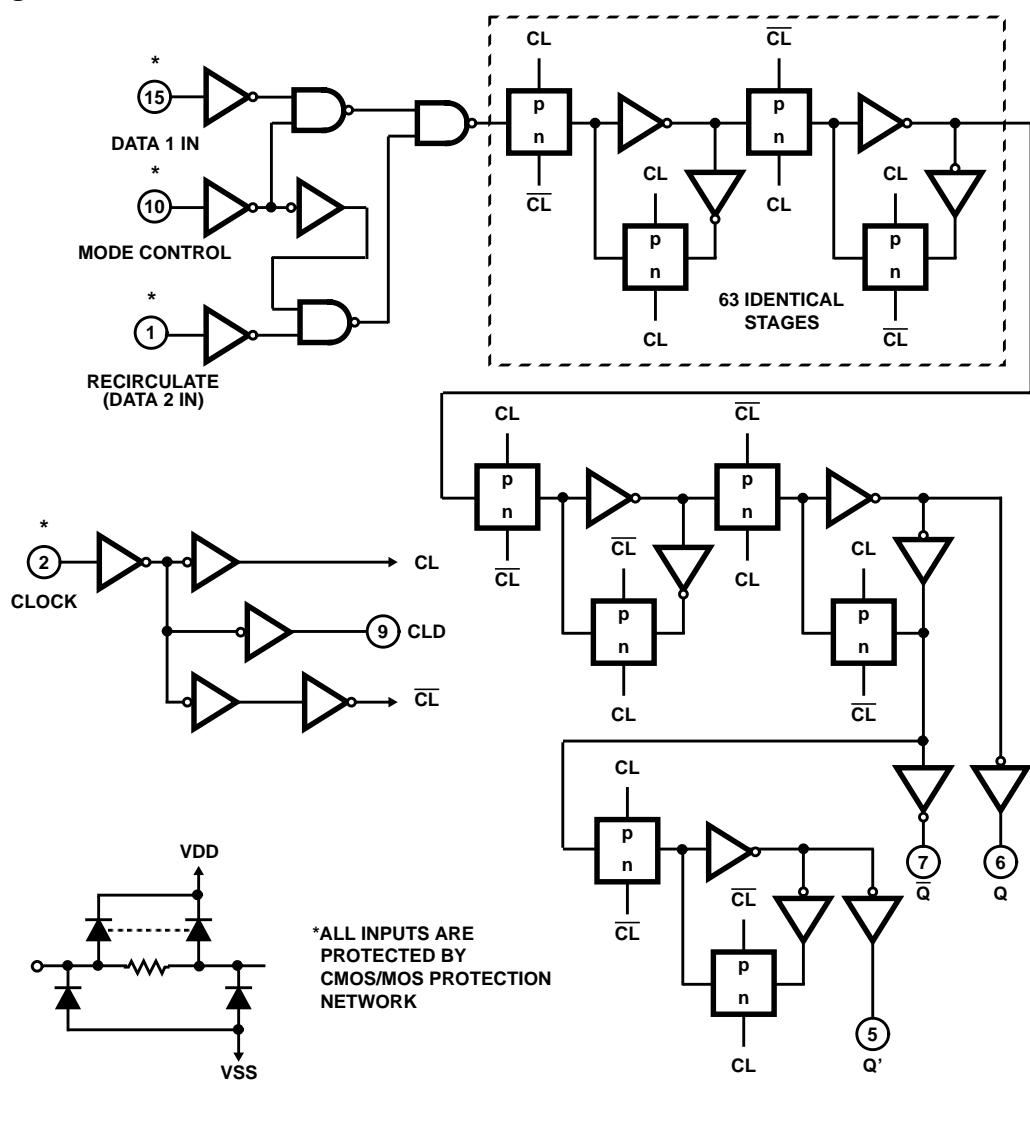
CONFORMANCE GROUPS	MIL-STD-883 METHOD	TEST		READ AND RECORD	
		PRE-IRRAD	POST-IRRAD	PRE-IRRAD	POST-IRRAD
Group E Subgroup 2	5005	1, 7, 9	Table 4	1, 9	Table 4

TABLE 8. BURN-IN AND IRRADIATION TEST CONNECTIONS

FUNCTION	OPEN	GROUND	VDD	9V ± -0.5V	OSCILLATOR	
					50kHz	25kHz
Static Burn-In 1 Note 1	3 - 7, 9, 11 - 14	1, 2, 8, 10, 15	16			
Static Burn-In 2 Note 1	3 - 7, 9, 11 - 14	8	1, 2, 10, 15, 16			
Dynamic Burn-In Note 1	3 - 5, 11 - 14	8, 15	1, 16	6, 7, 9	2	10
Irradiation Note 2	3 - 7, 9, 11 - 14	8	1, 2, 10, 15, 16			

NOTE:

1. Each pin except VDD and GND will have a series resistor of $10K \pm 5\%$, $VDD = 18V \pm 0.5V$
2. Each pin except VDD and GND will have a series resistor of $47K \pm 5\%$; Group E, Subgroup 2, sample size is 4 dice/wafer, 0 failures, $VDD = 10V \pm 0.5V$

Logic Diagram
**INPUT CONTROL CIRCUIT
TRUTH TABLE**

DATA	RECIR	MODE	BIT INTO STAGE 1
1	X	0	1
0	X	0	0
X	1	1	1
X	0	1	0

1 = High Level 0 = Low Level
 X = Don't Care NC = No Change

TYPICAL STAGE TRUTH TABLE

DATA	CL	DATA + 1
0	—/—	0
1	—/—	1
X	—/—	NC

1 = High Level 0 = Low Level
 X = Don't Care NC = No Change

**TRUTH TABLE FOR OUTPUT FROM Q'
(TERMINAL 5)**

DATA + 64	CL	DATA + 64 1/2
0	—/—	0
1	—/—	1
X	—/—	NC

1 = High Level 0 = Low Level
 X = Don't Care NC = No Change

All Intersil semiconductor products are manufactured, assembled and tested under ISO9000 quality systems certification.

Intersil products are sold by description only. Intersil Corporation reserves the right to make changes in circuit design and/or specifications at any time without notice. Accordingly, the reader is cautioned to verify that data sheets are current before placing orders. Information furnished by Intersil is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Intersil or its subsidiaries for its use; nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Intersil or its subsidiaries.

For information regarding Intersil Corporation and its products, see web site <http://www.intersil.com>

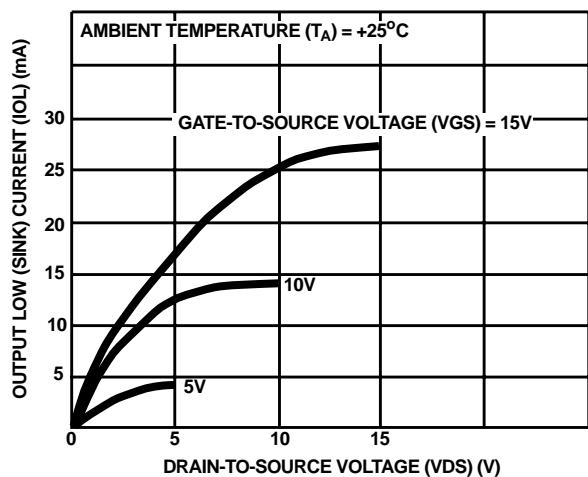
Typical Performance Characteristics

FIGURE 1. TYPICAL OUTPUT LOW (SINK) CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS (Q SINK CURRENT = 4X ORDINATE)

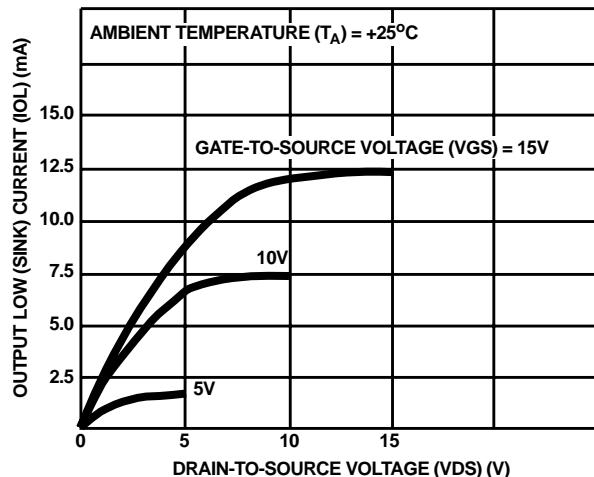


FIGURE 2. MINIMUM OUTPUT LOW (SINK) CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS (Q SINK CURRENT = 4X ORDINATE)

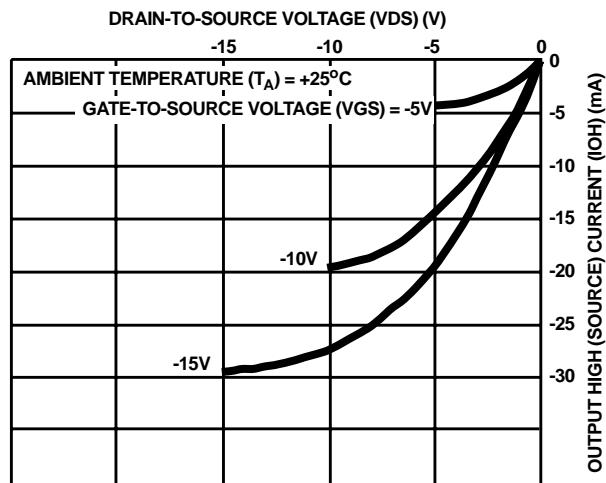


FIGURE 3. TYPICAL OUTPUT HIGH (SOURCE) CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS

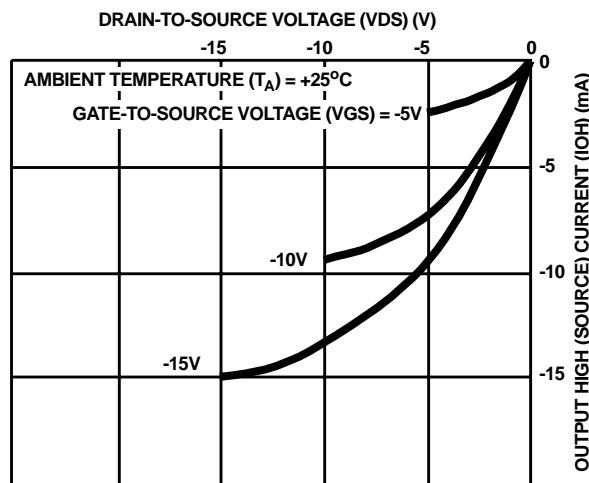


FIGURE 4. MINIMUM OUTPUT HIGH (SOURCE) CURRENT CHARACTERISTICS

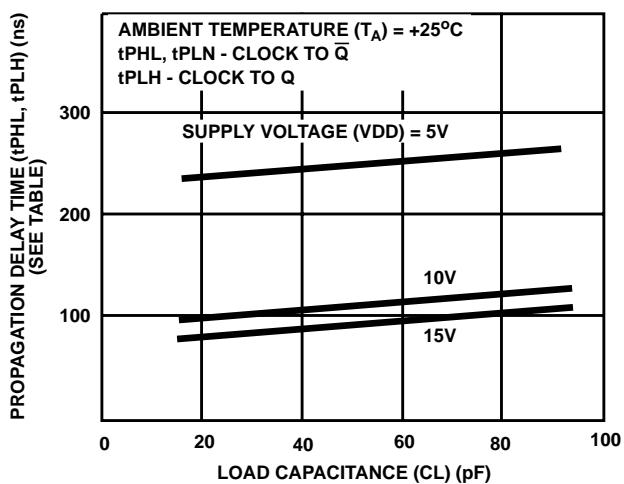


FIGURE 5. TYPICAL PROPAGATION DELAY TIME AS A FUNCTION OF LOAD CAPACITANCE (SEE TABLE)

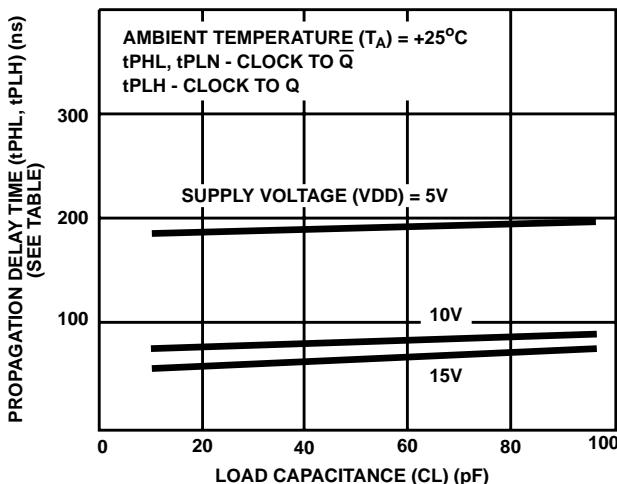


FIGURE 6. TYPICAL PROPAGATION DELAY TIME AS A FUNCTION OF LOAD CAPACITANCE (SEE TABLE)

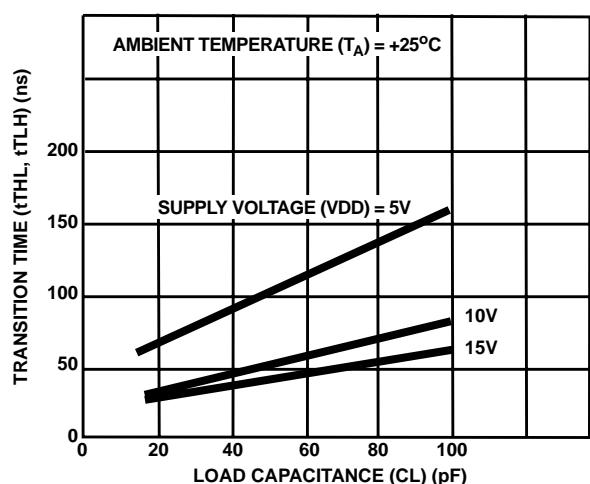
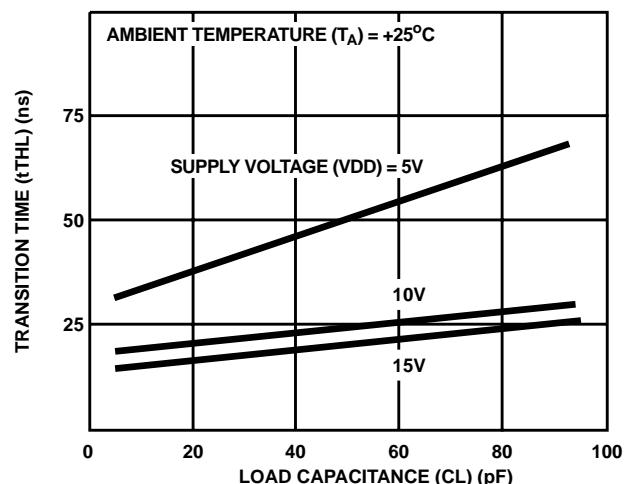
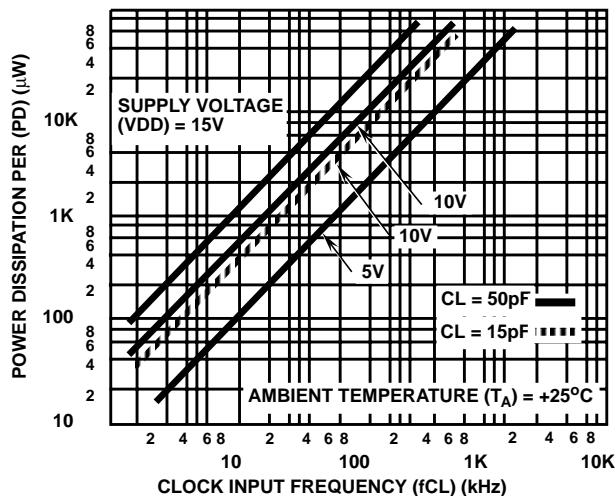
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)FIGURE 7. TYPICAL TRANSITION TIME AS A FUNCTION OF LOAD CAPACITANCE (EXCEPT Q, t_{THL})FIGURE 8. TYPICAL TRANSITION TIME AS A FUNCTION OF LOAD CAPACITANCE (Q, t_{THL})

FIGURE 9. TYPICAL DYNAMIC POWER DISSIPATION AS A FUNCTION OF CLOCK INPUT FREQUENCY

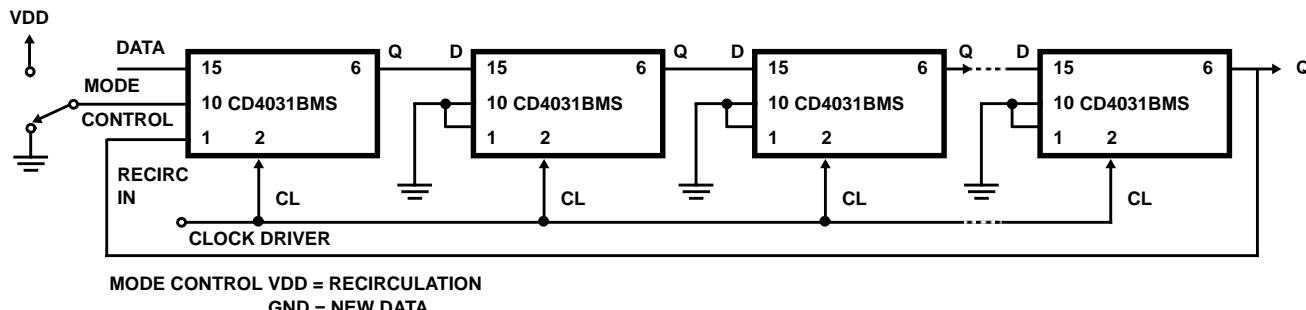


FIGURE 10. CASCADING USING DIRECT CLOCKING FOR HIGH-SPEED OPERATION (SEE CLOCK RISE AND FALL TIME REQUIREMENT)

CD4031BMS

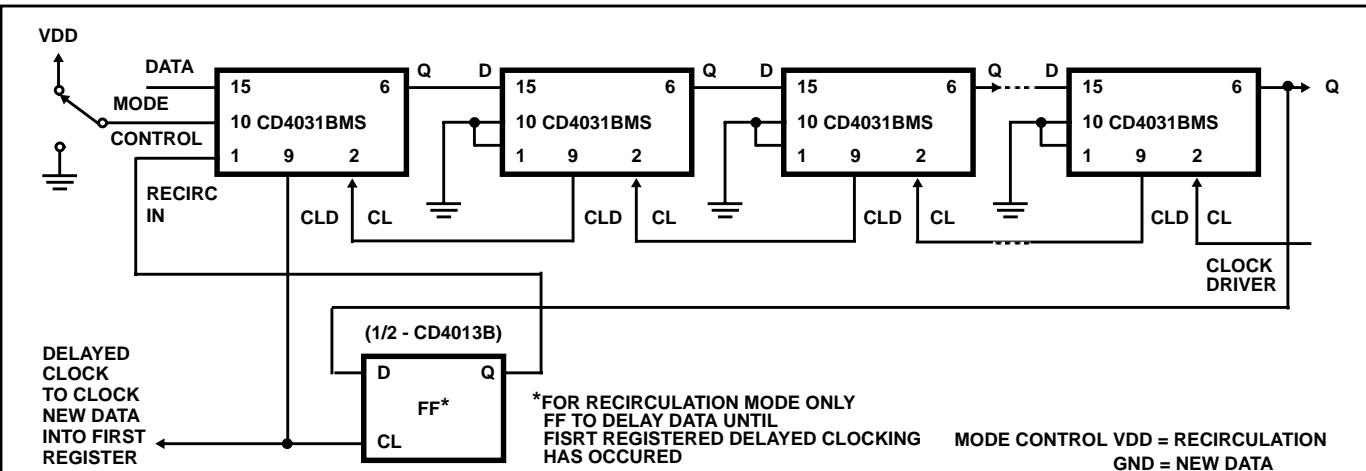


FIGURE 11. CASCADING USING DELAYED CLOCKING FOR REDUCED CLOCK DRIVE REQUIREMENTS

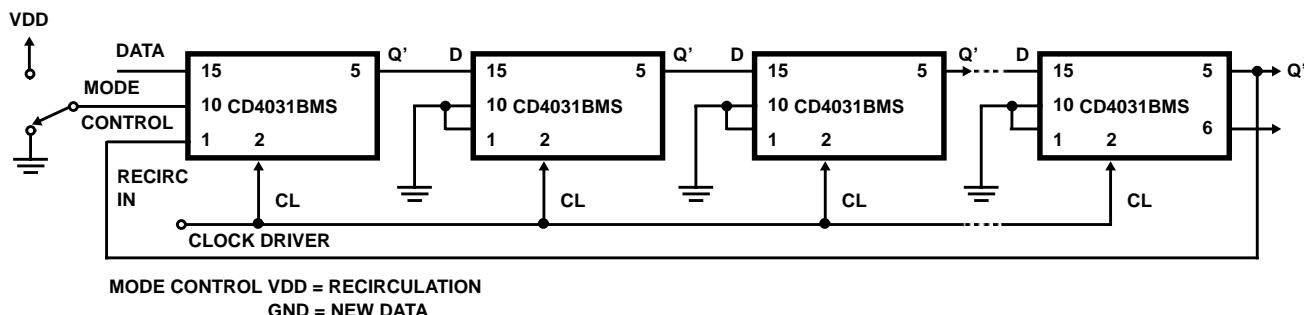
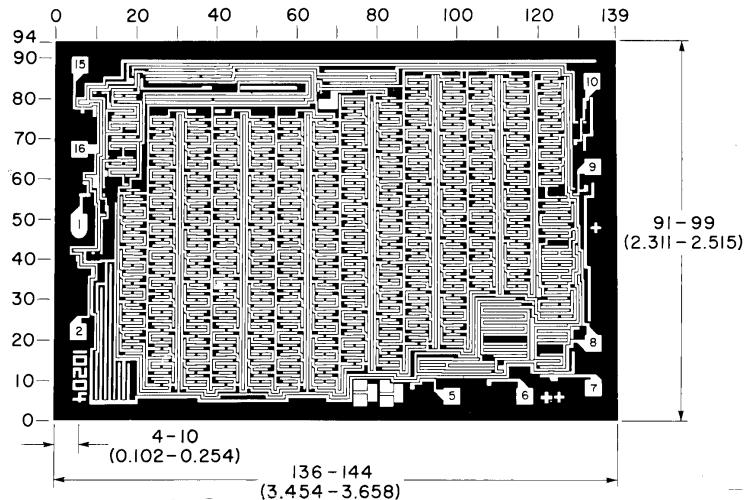


FIGURE 12. CASCADING USING HALF-CLOCK-PULSE DELAYED OUTPUT (**Q'**) TO PERMIT USE OF SLOW RISE AND FALL CLOCK INPUTS

Chip Dimensions and Pad Layout



METALLIZATION: Thickness: $11\text{k}\text{\AA}$ – $14\text{k}\text{\AA}$, AL.
PASSIVATION: $10.4\text{k}\text{\AA}$ - $15.6\text{k}\text{\AA}$, Silane
BOND PADS: 0.004 inches X 0.004 inches MIN
DIE THICKNESS: 0.0198 inches - 0.0218 inches

Dimensions in parentheses are in millimeters
and are derived from the basic inch dimensions
as indicated. Grid graduations are in mils (10^{-3} inch)