

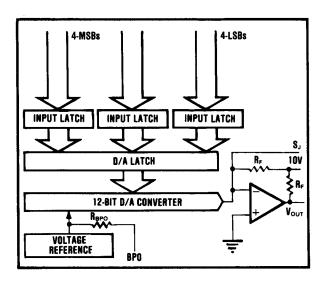
DAC1201KP-V



Monolithic Microprocessor-Compatible 12-Bit Resolution DIGITAL-TO-ANALOG CONVERTER

FEATURES

- COMPLETE D/A CONVERTER:
 INTERNAL REFERENCE
 ±10V OUTPUT OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER
- MICROPROCESSOR INTERFACE LOGIC FOR A 4-, 8-, 12- OR 16-BIT BUS
- MONOTONICITY GUARANTEED 0°C to +70°C
- SETTLING TIME 7µs. MAX
- ◆ ±12V to ±15V POWER SUPPLY OPERATION
- 28-PIN MOLDED PLASTIC DIP
- LOWEST COST BUFFERED 12-BIT DAC



DESCRIPTION

The low price of DAC1201KP makes this 12-bit resolution D/A converter the best value available for commercial applications requiring a microprocessor interface.

The DAC1201 features microprocessor interface logic, TTL input compatibility, guaranteed monotonicity over 0°C to +70°C and settling time of 7μ s maximum.

The interface logic is partitioned in 4-bit nibbles permitting 4-, 8-, 12- and 16-bit bus interface connections for right- or left-justified input words. Dual rank latches permit flexible timing operations for microprocessor control of the DAC1201.

This precision component is made possible using Burr-Brown's proprietary monolithic integrated circuit process which has been optimized for converter circuits. A stable subsurface reference zener, laser-trimmed thin-film ladder resistors, and high speed current switches combine to give superior performance over the rated temperature range.

DAC1201 is priced and specified for applications where high resolution and monotonocity are the key application parameters and where tightly specified performance over temperature is not required. Because of the low price, it is feasible to use this 12-bit D/A converter for new applications in communications systems, electronic controllers, medical instrumentation, electronic games and personal computer peripherals.

International Airport Industrial Park • Mailing Address: PO Box 11400 • Tucson, AZ 85734 • Street Address: 6730 S. Tucson Bivd. • Tucson, AZ 85706
Tel: (602) 746-1111 • Twx: 910-952-1111 • Cable: BBRCORP • Telex: 066-6491 • FAX: (602) 889-1510 • Immediate Product Info: (800) 548-6132

SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL

Typical at $\pm 25^{\circ}$ C and $\pm V_{cc} = 12V$ or 15V, $V_{DD} = \pm 5V$ unless otherwise noted.

	I ''''						
MODEL	DAC1201KP-V	UNITS					
INPUTS							
DIGITAL INPUTS							
Input Code ⁽¹⁾	USB, BOB						
Resolution	12	Bits					
Digital Logic Inputs ⁽²⁾ :		·					
V _{IH} , min to max	+2.4 to +Vcc	V					
V _{IL} , min to max	0 to +0.8	٧					
I_{IH} , $V_I = +2.7V$, max	+20	μΑ					
I_{IL} , $V_{I} = +0.4V$, max	±30	μΑ					
TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS							
ACCURACY							
Linearity Error, max ⁽³⁾	±0.018	% of FSR ⁽⁴⁾					
Differential Linearity Error, max	±0.024	% of FSR					
Gain Error, max ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁶⁾	±0.3	%					
Unipolar Offset Error ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁷⁾	±20	mV					
Bipolar Offset Error, max ⁽⁵⁾⁽⁸⁾	±40	mV					
Monotonicity Over 0°C to +70°C ⁽⁹⁾	12	Bits					
Sensitivity of Gain to Power							
Supply Variations:							
+V _{cc} and -V _{cc}	±0.002	% of FSR/%Vcc					
Voo	±0.006	% of FSR/%V _{DD}					
TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENTS							
Gain	±10	ppm/°C					
Bipolar Zero ⁽¹⁰⁾	±6	ppm of FSR/°C					
SETTLING TIME (to ±0.012%							
of FSR) ⁽¹¹⁾							
20V step and 2kΩ load, max	7	μs					
OUTPUT	and the state of 						
ANALOG OUTPUT		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
Voltage Range, min ⁽¹²⁾	±5, ±10, +10	v .					
Current, min ⁽¹³⁾	±5	mA					
Impedance	0.2	Ω					
REFERENCE OUTPUT							
Voltage ⁽¹⁴⁾	+6.3	v					
Source Current Available	70.3	'					
for External Loads, max	+1.5	mA					
Temperature Coefficient	±10	ppm/°C					
POWER SUPPLY REQUIREMENTS	1 10	PP 0					
	1	ı					
RATED VOLTAGE	1451 45] ,					
+V _{cc} /-V _{cc} ⁽¹⁵⁾⁽¹⁶⁾	+15/-15	l V					
V _{DD} ⁽¹⁷⁾	+5	l ^v					
CURRENT (no load), max ⁽¹⁸⁾	105/-05	l					
+V _{cc} /-V _{cc}	+25/-35 +15	mA mA					
TEMPERATURE RANGE	+15	I IIIA					
	Т	1					
For parameters specified							
over temp, min to max	0 to +70	°C					
Storage, min to max	-60 to +100	°C					

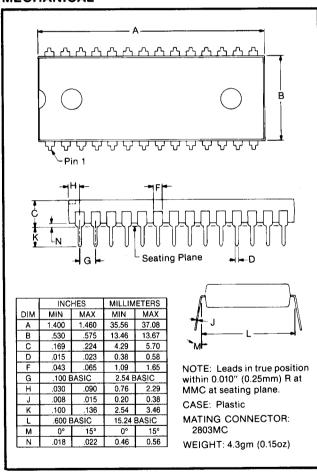
NOTES: (1) USB = Unipolar Straight Binary, BOB = Bipolar Offset Binary. (2) Digital inputs are TTL-compatible for VDD over the range of +4.5V to 5.5V. Digital input specs are guaranteed over 0°C to +70°C. The specs are tested at 25°C only. (3) $\pm 0.018\%$ of FSR is 3/4LSB for 12 bits. (4) FSR means Full-Scale Range and is 20V for a $\pm 10V$ range. (5) Adjustable to zero with external potentiometer. (6) Adjusting the Gain Adjust potentiometer rotates the transfer function about 0V for unipolar operation and about minus full scale (-FS) for bipolar operation. (7) Error at input code 000H for unipolar operation (output at 0V). (8) Error at input code 000_H for bipolar operation (output at minus full scale, -FS). (9) Guaranteed. Tested at 25°C only. (10) Drift at 0V output for bipolar operation (input code 100_H). (11) Guaranteed. Not tested. (12) Minimum supply voltage required for ±10V output swing ± 13.5 V. Output swing for ± 11.4 V supplies is at least -8V to +8V. (13) Output may be indefinitely shorted to Common without damage. (14) Tolerance is $\pm 5\%$. (15) The maximum voltage separation between ACOM and DCOM without affecting accuracy is ±0.5V. (16) Range of operation is ± 11.4 V to ± 16.5 V. (17) Range of operation is ± 4.5 V to ± 5.5 V. (18) Typical power supply currents are approximately 70% of the maximum.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

+V _{CC} to ACOM 0 to +18V -V _{CC} to ACOM 0 to -18V V _{DD} to DCOM 0 to +7V V _{DD} to ACOM ±7V ACOM to DCOM ±7V Digital Inputs (pins 2-14, 16-19) to DCOM0.4V to +18V External Voltage Applied to 10V Range Resistor ±12V REF OUT Indefinite short to ACOM External Voltage Applied to Analog Output5V to +5V ROWER Dissipation 1000mW
Operating Temperature

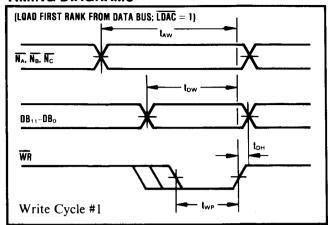
NOTE: Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

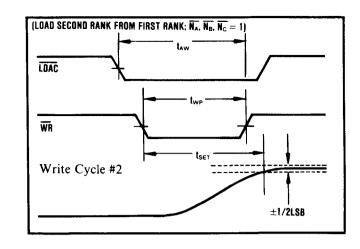
MECHANICAL



The information provided herein is believed to be reliable; however, BURR-BROWN assumes no responsibility for inaccuracies or omissions. BURR-BROWN assumes no responsibility for the use of this information, and all use of such information shall be entirely at the user's own risk. Prices and specifications are subject to change without notice. No patent rights or licenses to any of the circuits described herein are implied or granted to any third party. BURR-BROWN does not authorize or warrant any BURR-BROWN product for use in life support devices and/or systems.

TIMING DIAGRAMS





Digital Interface Timing Over Temperature Range:	
twp, WR pulse width, min	
t _{AW} 1, N _X and LDAC valid to end of WR, min	50ns

tow, data valid to end of WR, min	80ns
t _{DH} , data valid hold time, min	. Ons

PIN NOMENCLATURE

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	V_{DD}	Logic Supply, +5V	14	D ₄	DATA, Bit 5
2	WR	WRITE, command signal to load latches. Logic low loads latches.	15	DCOM	DIGITAL COMMON, VDD supply return
			16	Do	DATA, Bit 1, LSB
3	LDAC	LOAD D/A CONVERTER, enables WR to load the	17	D ₁	DATA, Bit 2
		D/A latch. Logic low enables.	18	D ₂	DATA, Bit 3
4	N _A	NYBBLE A, enables WR to load input latch A (the most significant nybble. Logic low enables.	19	D ₃	DATA, Bit 4
5	N _B	NYBBLE B, enables WR to load input latch B.	20	+V _{cc}	Analog Supply Input, +15V or +12V
•	110	Logic low enables.	21	-V _{cc}	Analog Supply Input, -15V or -12V
6	Nc	NYBBLE C, enables $\overline{\text{WR}}$ to load input latch C (the least significant nybble). Logic low enables.	22	GAIN ADJ	To externally adjust gain
			23	ACOM	ANALOG COMMON, ±Vcc supply return
7	D ₁₁	DATA, Bit 12, MSB, positive true.	24	V_{out}	D/A converter voltage output
8	D ₁₀	DATA, Bit 11	25	10V RANGE	Connect to pin 24 for 10V Range
9	D ₉	DATA, Bit 10	26	SJ .	SUMMING JUNCTION of output amplifier
10	D ₈	DATA, Bit 9	27	вро	BIPOLAR OFFSET. Connect to pin 26 for Bipola
11	D ₇	DATA, Bit 8			Operation
12	D ₆	DATA, Bit 7	28	REF OUT	6.3V reference output
13	D ₅	DATA, Bit 6			

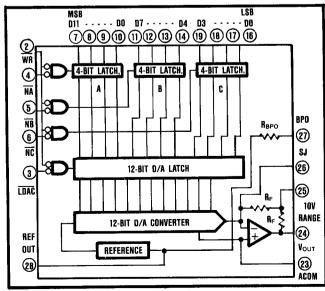


FIGURE 1. DAC1201 Block Diagram.

OPERATION

INTERFACE LOGIC

Input latches A, B, and C hold data temporarily while a complete 12-bit word is assembled before loading into the D/A register. This double-buffered organization prevents the generation of spurious analog output values. Each register is independently addressable.

These input latches are controlled by $\overline{N_A}$, $\overline{N_B}$, $\overline{N_C}$ and \overline{WR} . $\overline{N_A}$, $\overline{N_B}$, and $\overline{N_C}$ are internally NORed with \overline{WR} so that the input latches transmit data when both $\overline{N_A}$ (or $\overline{N_B}$, $\overline{N_C}$) and \overline{WR} are at logic "0". When either $\overline{N_A}$ (or $\overline{N_B}$, $\overline{N_C}$) or \overline{WR} go to logic "1", the input data is latched into the input registers and held until both $\overline{N_A}$ (or $\overline{N_B}$, $\overline{N_C}$) and \overline{WR} go to logic "0".

The D/A latch is controlled by \overline{LDAC} and \overline{WR} . \overline{LDAC} and \overline{WR} are internally NORed so that the latches

transmit data to the D/A switches when both \overline{LDAC} and \overline{WR} are at logic "0". When either \overline{LDAC} or \overline{WR} are at logic "1", the data is latched in the D/A latch and held until \overline{LDAC} and \overline{WR} go to logic "0".

All latches are level-triggered. Data present when the control signals are logic "0" will enter the latch. When any one of the control signals returns to logic "1", the data is latched. A truth table for all latches is given in Table I.

TABLE I. DAC1201 Interface Logic Truth Table.

WR	NA	N _B	Nç	LDAC	Operation
1	х	Х	Х	Х	No Operation
0	0	1	1	1	Enables input Latch 4MSBs
0	1	0	1	1 1	Enables Input Latch 4 Middle Bits
0	1	1	0	1	Enables Input Latch 4LSBs
0	1	1	1	0	Loads D/A Latch From Input Latches
0	0	0	0	0	All Latches Transparent

[&]quot;X" = Don't Care.

GAIN AND OFFSET ADJUSTMENTS

Figures 2 and 3 illustrate the relationship of Offset and Gain adjustments to unipolar and bipolar D/A converter output.

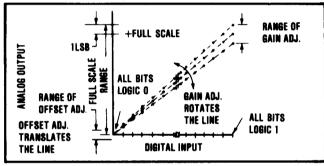


FIGURE 2. Relationship of Offset and Gain Adjustments for a Unipolar D/A Converter.

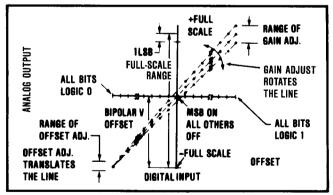


FIGURE 3. Relationship of Offset and Gain Adjustments for a Bipolar D/A Converter.

OFFSET ADJUSTMENT

For unipolar (USB) configurations, apply the digital input code that should produce zero voltage output and adjust the Offset potentiometer for zero output. For bipolar (BOB, BTC) configurations, apply the digital input code that should produce the maximum negative output voltage and adjust the Offset potentiometer for minus full-scale voltage. Example: If the full-scale range

is connected for 20V, the maximum negative output voltage is -10V. See Table II for corresponding codes.

TABLE II. Digital Input/Analog Output, $\pm V_{CC} = \pm 15V$.

Digital Input	Analog Output			
12-Bit Resolution MSB LSB	0 to + 10V	±5V	±10V	
† †				
11111111111	+9.9976V	+4.9976V	+9.9951V	
10000000000	+5.0000V	0.0000V	0.0000V	
01111111111	+4.9976V	-0.0024V	-0.0049V	
00000000000	0.0000V	−5.0000V	-10.0000V	
1L\$B	2.44mV	2.44mV	4.88mV	

GAIN ADJUSTMENT

For either unipolar or bipolar configurations, apply the digital input that should give the maximum positive voltage output. Adjust the Gain potentiometer for this positive full-scale voltage. See Table II for positive full-scale voltages.

±12V OPERATION

The DAC1201 is fully specified for operation on $\pm 12V$ power supplies. However, in order for the output to swing to $\pm 10V$, the power supplies must be $\pm 13.5V$ or greater. When operating with $\pm 12V$ supplies, the output swing should be restricted to $\pm 8V$ in order to meet specifications.

INSTALLATION POWER SUPPLY CONNECTIONS

Decoupling: For optimum performance and noise rejection, power supply decoupling capacitors should be added as shown in the Connection Diagram, Figure 4.

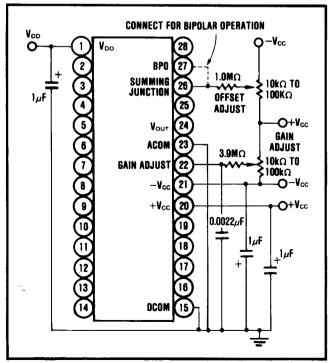


FIGURE 4. Power Supply, Gain, and Offset Potentiometer Connections.

These capacitors (1μ F to 10μ F tantalum recommended) should be located close to the DAC1201.

The DAC1201 features separate digital and analog power supply returns to permit optimum connections for low noise and high speed performance. The Analog Common (pin 23) and Digital Common (pin 15) should be connected together at one point. Separate returns minimize current flow in low-level signal paths if properly connected. Logic return currents are not added into the analog signal return path. A ± 0.5 V difference between ACOM and DCOM is permitted for specified operation. High frequency noise on DCOM with respect to ACOM may permit noise to be coupled through to the analog output; therefore, some caution is required in applying these common conections.

The Analog Common is the high quality return for the D/A converter and should be connected directly to the analog reference point of the system. The load driven by the output amplifier should be returned to the Analog Common.

EXTERNAL OFFSET AND GAIN ADJUSTMENT

Offset and Gain may be trimmed by installing external Offset and Gain potentiometers. Connect these potentiometers as shown in Figure 4. TCR of the potentiometers should be $100\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ or less. The $1.0\text{M}\Omega$ and $3.9\text{M}\Omega$ resistors (20% carbon or better) should be located close to the DAC1201 to prevent noise pick-up. If it is not convenient to use these high value resistors, and equivalent "T" network, as shown in Figure 5, may be substituted in each case. The Gain Adjust (pin 22) is a high impedance point and a $0.001\mu\text{F}$ to $0.01\mu\text{F}$ ceramic capacitor should be connected from this pin to Analog Common to reduce noise pick-up in all applications, including those not employing external gain adjustment.

OUTPUT RANGE CONNECTIONS

Internal-scaling resistors provided in the DAC1201 may be connected to produce bipolar output voltage ranges of $\pm 10V$ and $\pm 5V$ or unipolar output voltage range of 0

to ± 10 V. The 20V range (± 10 V bipolar range) is internally connected. Refer to Figure 6. Connections for the output ranges are listed in Table III.

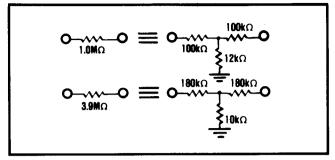


FIGURE 5. Equivalent Resistances.

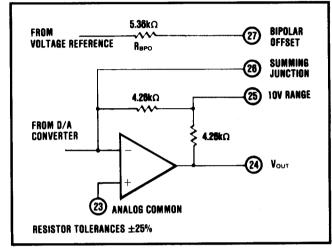


FIGURE 6. Output Amplifier Voltage Range Scaling Circuit.

TABLE III. Output Range Connections.

Output Range	Digital Input Codes	Connect Pin 25 To	Connect Pin 27 To
0 to +10V	USB	24	23
±5V	BOB or BTC	24	26
±10V	BOB or BTC	NC	26

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of TI information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation. Information of third parties may be subject to additional restrictions

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

TI products are not authorized for use in safety-critical applications (such as life support) where a failure of the TI product would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death, unless officers of the parties have executed an agreement specifically governing such use. Buyers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their applications, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of TI products in such safety-critical applications, notwithstanding any applications-related information or support that may be provided by TI. Further, Buyers must fully indemnify TI and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of TI products in such safety-critical applications.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in military/aerospace applications or environments unless the TI products are specifically designated by TI as military-grade or "enhanced plastic." Only products designated by TI as military-grade meet military specifications. Buyers acknowledge and agree that any such use of TI products which TI has not designated as military-grade is solely at the Buyer's risk, and that they are solely responsible for compliance with all legal and regulatory requirements in connection with such use.

TI products are neither designed nor intended for use in automotive applications or environments unless the specific TI products are designated by TI as compliant with ISO/TS 16949 requirements. Buyers acknowledge and agree that, if they use any non-designated products in automotive applications, TI will not be responsible for any failure to meet such requirements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Applications Products Amplifiers amplifier.ti.com Audio www.ti.com/audio Data Converters Automotive www.ti.com/automotive dataconverter.ti.com DLP® Products Broadband www.dlp.com www.ti.com/broadband DSP Digital Control dsp.ti.com www.ti.com/digitalcontrol Clocks and Timers www.ti.com/clocks Medical www.ti.com/medical Military Interface www.ti.com/military interface.ti.com Optical Networking Logic logic.ti.com www.ti.com/opticalnetwork Power Mgmt power.ti.com Security www.ti.com/security Telephony Microcontrollers microcontroller.ti.com www.ti.com/telephony Video & Imaging www.ti-rfid.com www.ti.com/video RF/IF and ZigBee® Solutions www.ti.com/lprf Wireless www.ti.com/wireless

> Mailing Address: Texas Instruments, Post Office Box 655303, Dallas, Texas 75265 Copyright © 2009, Texas Instruments Incorporated