

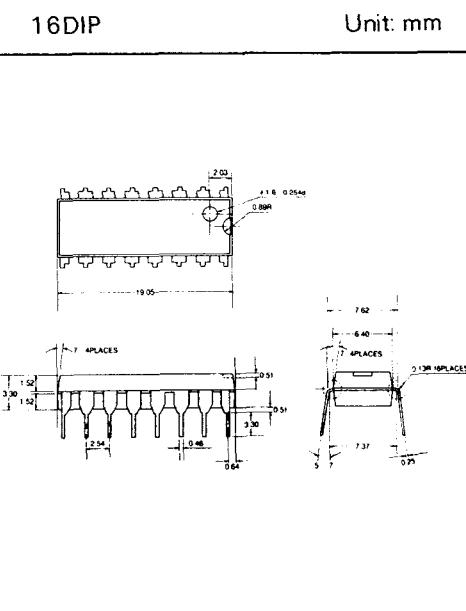
# DBL 1045

## DUAL PREAMPLIFIER FOR AUTO REVERSE

The DBL1045 contains forward/reverse control switches and metal/normal tape equalizer control switches.

### FEATURES

- High open loop voltage gain :  
 $G_{VO} = 98\text{dB}(\text{Typ.})$  at  $V_{CC} = 9V$ ,  $f = 1\text{KHz}$
- No input coupling capacitor
- Low distortion :  
 $\text{THD} = 0.035\%(\text{Typ.})$   
at  $G_V = 40\text{dB}$ ,  $V_{OUT} = 0.5\text{Vrms}$
- Low equivalent input noise voltage :  
 $V_{NI} = 0.9\text{Vrms}(\text{Typ.})$   
at  $R_g = 620 \Omega$ ,  $BW = 20\text{Hz} \sim 20\text{KHz}$ , NAB EQ



### APPLICATIONS

- Radio cassette, Car stereo

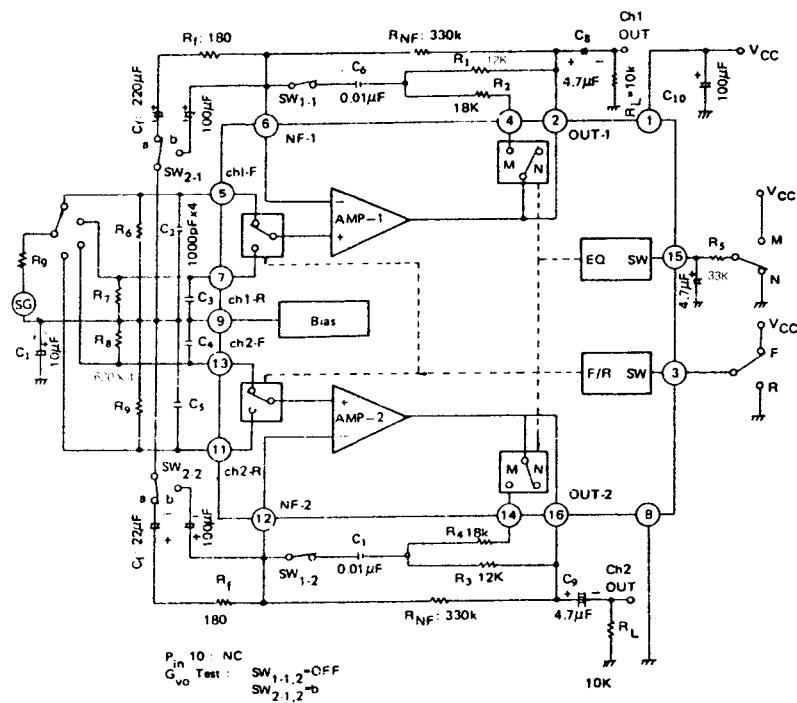
### MAXIMUM RATINGS ( $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Characteristic	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	16	V
Power Dissipation*	$P_D$	750	mW
Operating Temperature	$T_{opr}$	$-30 \sim +75$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature	$T_{stg}$	$-55 \sim +150$	$^\circ\text{C}$

\* Power dissipation is derated above  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  in the proportion of  $6\text{mW}/^\circ\text{C}$

DBL 1045

## BLOCK DIAGRAM AND TEST CIRCUIT



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Unless otherwise specified,  $V_{CC} = 9V$ ,  $f = 1\text{KHz}$ ,  $R_g = 600\Omega$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , Normal EQ)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Quiescent current	I <sub>CC01</sub>	Normal EQ	—	5	—	mA
	I <sub>CC02</sub>	Metal EQ	—	6	9	mA
Open Loop Voltage Gain	G <sub>VO</sub>	C <sub>f</sub> = 100 μF, R <sub>f</sub> = 0	—	98	—	dB
Maximum Output Voltage	V <sub>OM</sub>	THD = 0.5%	1.5	2	—	Vrms
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5Vrms	—	0.035	0.12	%
Equivalent Input Noise Voltage	V <sub>NI</sub>	R <sub>g</sub> = 620 Ω, NAB BW : 20Hz ~ 20KHz	—	0.9	1.7	μVrms
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	—	—	500	—	KΩ
Ripple Rejection	R.R.	f <sub>r</sub> = 100Hz, V <sub>r</sub> = 1Vrms	—	55	—	dB
Cross Talk	C.T.	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0dBm	50	60	—	dB
Forward/Reverse Cross Talk	C.T. (F/R)	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0dBm	60	70	—	dB

# DBL 1045

## TYPICAL DC VOLTAGE OF EACH TERMINAL ( $V_{CC} = 9V$ , $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , Dual Mode)

Pin No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Voltage(V)	$V_{CC}$	3.0	0.7	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	GND	2.9	NC	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9	3.5	2.9

## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### 1. Forward/Reverse Selection Switch

The forward and the reverse selection is controlled by the change of the pin 3 voltage.

Reverse :  $0 \sim 0.5V$

Forward :  $1.0V \sim V_{CC}$

$I_3 = 12\mu A$ (MAX.)

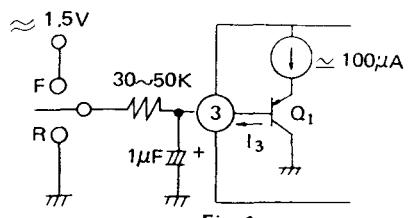


Fig. 1

### 2. Metal/Normal Selection Switch

The metal and the normal selection is controlled by the change of the pin 15 voltage.

Metal :  $3.2V \sim V_{CC}$

Normal :  $0 \sim 2.4V$

The emitter Voltage of  $Q_2$  is set by  $6V_{BE}$  ( $= 3.9V$ )

The voltage of pin 15 above  $3.2V$  make the  $Q_2$  nonconducting condition.

And then the metal function can be operated.

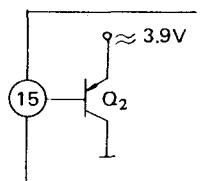
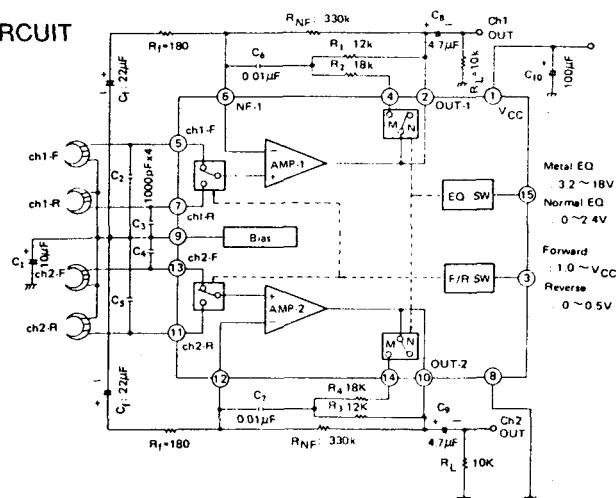


Fig. 2.

### 3. $C_2/C_3/C_4/C_5$

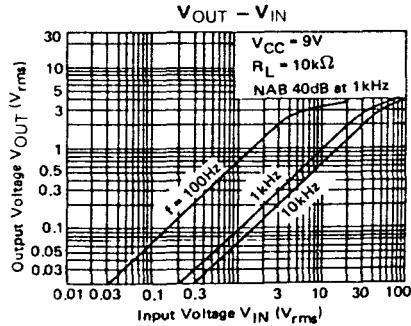
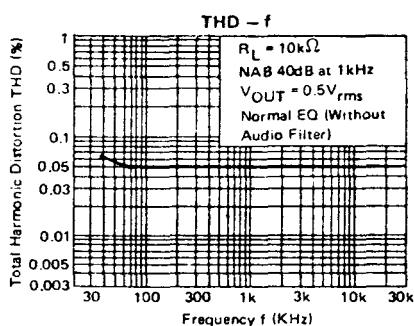
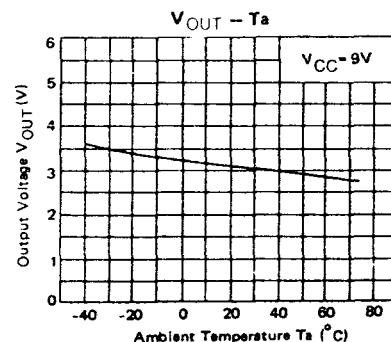
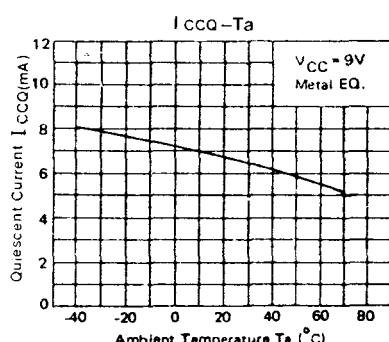
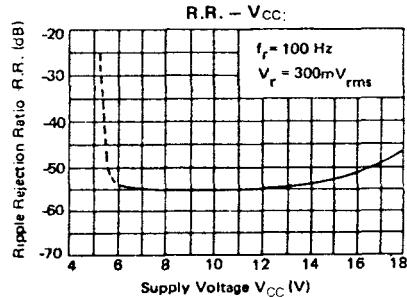
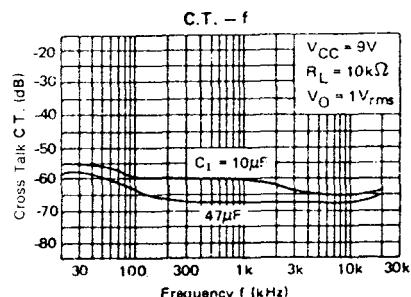
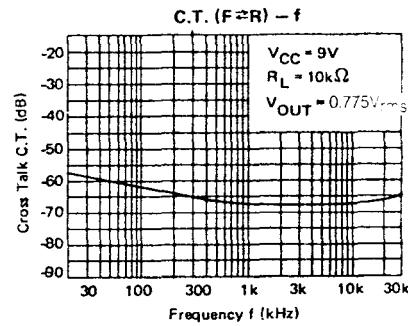
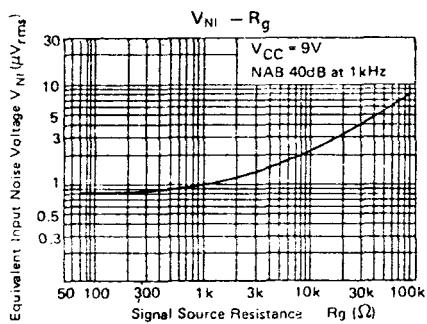
Capacitor  $C_2/C_3/C_4/C_5$  can prevent an instability caused by the pattern layout or interference of external high frequency signal.

## APPLICATION CIRCUIT



# DBL 1045

## □ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS



# DBL 1045

## □ TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

