

## DS90CF384AQ +3.3V LVDS Receiver 24-Bit Flat Panel Display (FPD) Link - 65 MHz

Check for Samples: [DS90CF384AQ](#)

### FEATURES

- Automotive Grade Device, AEC-Q100 Grade 3 Qualified
- Operating Temperature Range:  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$
- 20 to 65 MHz Shift Clock Support
- 50% Duty Cycle on Receiver Output Clock
- Best-in-Class Set & Hold Times on RxOUTPUTs
- Rx Power Consumption  $<142\text{ mW}$  (typ) @65MHz Grayscale
- Rx Power-down Mode  $<200\mu\text{W}$  (max)
- ESD Rating  $>7\text{ kV}$  (HBM),  $>700\text{V}$  (EIAJ)
- Supports VGA, SVGA, XGA and Dual Pixel SXGA.
- PLL Requires No External Components

- Compatible with TIA/EIA-644 LVDS Standard
- Low Profile 56-Lead TSSOP Package

### DESCRIPTION

The DS90CF384AQ receiver converts the four LVDS data streams at up to 1.8 Gbps throughput (227 Megabytes/sec bandwidth) back into parallel 28 bits of LVCMOS/LVTTL data. In a Display application, the 28 bits include: 24 bits of RGB data and up to 4 bits of video control (Hsync, Vsync, DE and CNTL).

The DS90CF384AQ device is enhanced over prior generation FPD-Link receivers, provides a wider data valid time on the receiver output and is offered as an AEC-Q100 grade 3 device.

FPD-Link is an ideal means to solve EMI and cable size problems associated with wide, high speed LVCMOS/LVTTL interfaces.

### Block Diagram

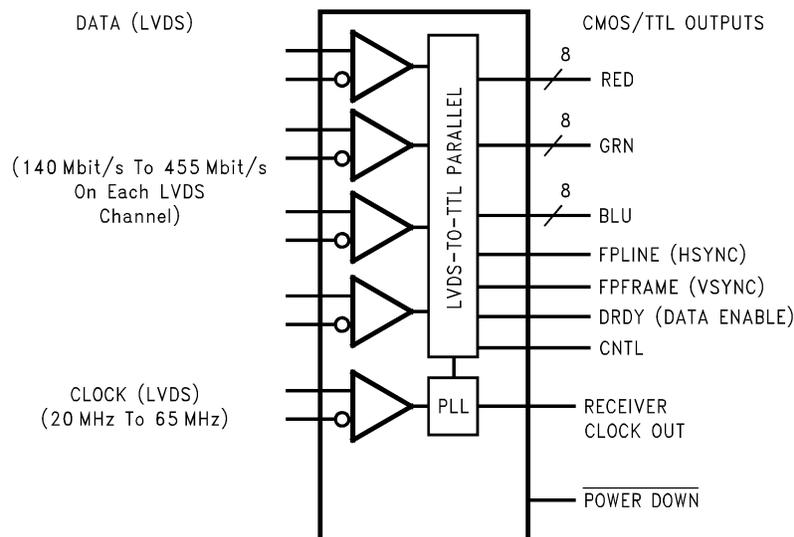


Figure 1. DS90CF384AQ Block Diagram



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### Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)(2)</sup>

|   |                       |                              |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )   |                       | -0.3V to +4V                 |
| LVC MOS/LVTTL Input Voltage   |                       | -0.3V to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ ) |
| LVC MOS/LVTTL Output Voltage  |                       | -0.3V to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ ) |
| LVDS Receiver Input Voltage   |                       | -0.3V to ( $V_{CC} + 0.3V$ ) |
| Junction Temperature  |                       | +150°C                       |
| Storage Temperature   |                       | -65°C to +150°C              |
| For soldering specifications: see <a href="http://www.ti.com/lit/SNOA549">http://www.ti.com/lit/SNOA549</a> |                       |                              |
| Maximum Package Power Dissipation Capacity @ 25°C   |                       |                              |
| DGG Package:  |                       | 1.61 W                       |
| DGG Package Derating:   |                       | 12.4 mW/°C above +25°C       |
| ESD Rating  | (HBM, 1.5 kΩ, 100 pF) | > 7 kV                       |
|   | (EIAJ, 0Ω, 200 pF)    | > 700V                       |

- (1) If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the TI Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.  
(2) "Absolute Maximum Ratings" are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be ensured. They are not meant to imply that the device should be operated at these limits. The "Electrical Characteristics" specify conditions for device operation.

### Recommended Operating Conditions

|  | Min | Nom | Max | Units            |
|--|-----|-----|-----|------------------|
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )              | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.6 | V                |
| Operating Free Air Temperature ( $T_A$ ) | -40 | +25 | +85 | °C               |
| Receiver Input Range                     | 0   |     | 2.4 | V                |
| Supply Noise Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )        |     |     | 100 | mV <sub>PP</sub> |

### Electrical Characteristics

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol  | Parameter                          | Conditions   | Min            | Typ <sup>(1)</sup> | Max      | Units |    |
|---|------------------------------------|--|----------------|--------------------|----------|-------|----|
| <b>LVC MOS/LVTTL DC SPECIFICATIONS (For Power Down Pin)</b> |                                    |  |                |                    |          |       |    |
| $V_{IH}$  | High Level Input Voltage           |  | 2.0            |                    | $V_{CC}$ | V     |    |
| $V_{IL}$  | Low Level Input Voltage            |  | GND            |                    | 0.8      | V     |    |
| $V_{CL}$  | Input Clamp Voltage                | $I_{CL} = -18$ mA  |                | -0.79              | -1.5     | V     |    |
| $I_{IN}$  | Input Current                      | $V_{IN} = 0.4V, 2.5V$ or $V_{CC}$                        |                | +1.8               | +10      | μA    |    |
|   |                                    | $V_{IN} = GND$   | -10            | 0                  |          | μA    |    |
| <b>LVC MOS/LVTTL DC SPECIFICATIONS</b>                      |                                    |  |                |                    |          |       |    |
| $V_{OH}$  | High Level Output Voltage          | $I_{OH} = -0.4$ mA                                       | 2.7            | 3.3                |          | V     |    |
| $V_{OL}$  | Low Level Output Voltage           | $I_{OL} = 2$ mA  |                | 0.06               | 0.3      | V     |    |
| $I_{OS}$  | Output Short Circuit Current       | $V_{OUT} = 0V$   |                | -60                | -120     | mA    |    |
| <b>LVDS RECEIVER DC SPECIFICATIONS</b>                      |                                    |  |                |                    |          |       |    |
| $V_{TH}$  | Differential Input High Threshold  | $V_{CM} = +1.2V$   |                |                    | +100     | mV    |    |
| $V_{TL}$  | Differential Input Low Threshold   |  | -100           |                    |          | mV    |    |
| $I_{IN}$  | Input Current                      | $V_{IN} = +2.4V, V_{CC} = 3.6V$                          |                |                    | ±10      | μA    |    |
|   |                                    | $V_{IN} = 0V, V_{CC} = 3.6V$                             |                |                    | ±10      | μA    |    |
| <b>RECEIVER SUPPLY CURRENT<sup>(2)</sup></b>                |                                    |  |                |                    |          |       |    |
| ICCRW   | Receiver Supply Current Worst Case | $C_L = 8$ pF, Worst Case Pattern (Figure 2 and Figure 4) | $f = 32.5$ MHz |                    | 49       | 65    | mA |
|   |                                    |  | $f = 37.5$ MHz |                    | 53       | 70    | mA |
|   |                                    |  | $f = 65$ MHz   |                    | 81       | 105   | mA |

(1) Typical values are given for  $V_{CC} = 3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25C$ .

(2) Current into device pins is defined as positive. Current out of device pins is defined as negative. Voltages are referenced to ground unless otherwise specified (except  $V_{OD}$  and  $\Delta V_{OD}$ ).

## Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified.

| Symbol | Parameter                                | Conditions  | Min          | Typ <sup>(1)</sup> | Max | Units |
|--------|--|---|--------------|--------------------|-----|-------|
| ICCRG  | Receiver Supply Current,<br>16 Grayscale | C <sub>L</sub> = 8 pF, 16 Grayscale<br>Pattern (Figure 3 and<br>Figure 4) | f = 32.5 MHz | 28                 |     | mA    |
|        |  |   | f = 37.5 MHz | 30                 |     | mA    |
|        |  |   | f = 65 MHz   | 43                 |     | mA    |
| ICCRZ  | Receiver Supply Current<br>Power Down    | Power Down = Low, Receiver Outputs<br>Stay Low during Power Down Mode     |              | 10                 | 55  | μA    |

## Receiver Switching Characteristics

Over recommended operating supply and temperature ranges unless otherwise specified

| Symbol | Parameter   | Min        | Typ   | Max   | Units |    |
|--------|---|------------|-------|-------|-------|----|
| CLHT   | CMOS/TTL Low-to-High Transition Time (Figure 4)                       |            | 2     | 5     | ns    |    |
| CHLT   | CMOS/TTL High-to-Low Transition Time (Figure 4)                       |            | 1.8   | 5     | ns    |    |
| RSPos0 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 0 (Figure 10)                  | f = 25 MHz | 1.20  | 1.96  | 2.82  | ns |
| RSPos1 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 1                              |            | 6.91  | 7.67  | 8.53  | ns |
| RSPos2 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 2                              |            | 12.62 | 13.38 | 14.24 | ns |
| RSPos3 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 3                              |            | 18.33 | 19.09 | 19.95 | ns |
| RSPos4 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 4                              |            | 24.04 | 24.80 | 25.66 | ns |
| RSPos5 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 5                              |            | 29.75 | 30.51 | 31.37 | ns |
| RSPos6 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 6                              |            | 35.46 | 36.22 | 37.08 | ns |
| RSPos0 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 0 (Figure 10)                  | f = 65 MHz | 0.7   | 1.1   | 1.4   | ns |
| RSPos1 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 1                              |            | 2.9   | 3.3   | 3.6   | ns |
| RSPos2 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 2                              |            | 5.1   | 5.5   | 5.8   | ns |
| RSPos3 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 3                              |            | 7.3   | 7.7   | 8.0   | ns |
| RSPos4 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 4                              |            | 9.5   | 9.9   | 10.2  | ns |
| RSPos5 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 5                              |            | 11.7  | 12.1  | 12.4  | ns |
| RSPos6 | Receiver Input Strobe Position for Bit 6                              |            | 13.9  | 14.3  | 14.6  | ns |
| RSKM   | RxIN Skew Margin <sup>(1)</sup> (Figure 11)                           | f = 25 MHz | 750   |       |       | ps |
|        |   | f = 65 MHz | 500   |       |       | ps |
| RCOP   | RxCLK OUT Period (Figure 5)   | 15         | T     | 50    | ns    |    |
| RCOH   | RxCLK OUT High Time (Figure 5)  | f = 65 MHz | 5.0   | 7.6   | 9.0   | ns |
| RCOL   | RxCLK OUT Low Time (Figure 5)   |            | 5.0   | 6.3   | 9.0   | ns |
| RSRC   | RxOUT Setup to RxCLK OUT (Figure 5)                                   |            | 4.5   | 7.3   |       | ns |
| RHRC   | RxOUT Hold to RxCLK OUT (Figure 5)                                    |            | 4.0   | 6.3   |       | ns |
| RCCD   | RxCLK IN to RxCLK OUT Delay @ 25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3V (Figure 6) |            | 3.5   | 5.0   | 7.5   | ns |
| RPLLS  | Receiver Phase Lock Loop Set (Figure 7)                               |            |       | 10    | ms    |    |
| RPDD   | Receiver Power Down Delay (Figure 9)                                  |            |       | 1     | μs    |    |

- (1) Receiver Skew Margin is defined as the valid data sampling region at the receiver inputs. This margin takes into account the DS90C383B transmitter pulse positions (min and max) and the receiver input setup and hold time (internal data sampling window - RSPos). The RSKM will change when different transmitters are used. This margin allows for LVDS interconnect skew, inter-symbol interference (both dependent on type/length of cable), and clock jitter (less than 250 ps).

### AC Timing Diagrams

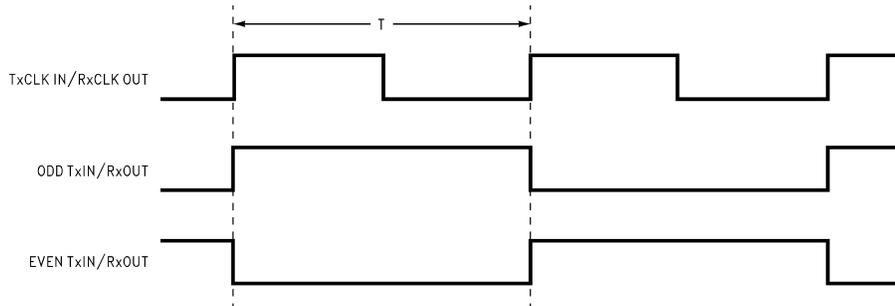


Figure 2. “Worst Case” Test Pattern

| Device Pin Name    | Signal  | Signal Pattern       | Signal Frequency   |
|--------------------|---------|----------------------|--------------------|
| TxCLK IN/RxCLK OUT | Dot Clk | [Square Wave]        | f                  |
| TxIN0/RxOUT0       | R0      | [Pattern]            | f/16               |
| TxIN1/RxOUT1       | R1      | [Pattern]            | f/8                |
| TxIN2/RxOUT2       | R2      | [Pattern]            | f/4                |
| TxIN3/RxOUT3       | R3      | [Pattern]            | f/2                |
| TxIN4/RxOUT4       | R4      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN5/RxOUT5       | R7      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN6/RxOUT6       | R5      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN7/RxOUT7       | G0      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN8/RxOUT8       | G1      | [Pattern]            | f/16               |
| TxIN9/RxOUT9       | G2      | [Pattern]            | f/8                |
| TxIN10/RxOUT10     | G6      | [Pattern]            | f/4                |
| TxIN11/RxOUT11     | G7      | [Pattern]            | f/2                |
| TxIN12/RxOUT12     | G3      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN13/RxOUT13     | G4      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN14/RxOUT14     | G5      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN15/RxOUT15     | B0      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN16/RxOUT16     | B6      | [Pattern]            | f/16               |
| TxIN17/RxOUT17     | B7      | [Pattern]            | f/8                |
| TxIN18/RxOUT18     | B1      | [Pattern]            | f/4                |
| TxIN19/RxOUT19     | B2      | [Pattern]            | f/2                |
| TxIN20/RxOUT20     | B3      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN21/RxOUT21     | B4      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN22/RxOUT22     | B5      | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN23/RxOUT23     | RES     | [Steady State, Low]  | Steady State, Low  |
| TxIN24/RxOUT24     | HSYNC   | [Steady State, High] | Steady State, High |
| TxIN25/RxOUT25     | VSYNC   | [Steady State, High] | Steady State, High |
| TxIN26/RxOUT26     | EN      | [Steady State, High] | Steady State, High |
| TxIN27/RxOUT27     | R6      | [Steady State, High] | Steady State, High |

The worst case test pattern produces a maximum toggling of digital circuits, LVDS I/O and CMOS/TTL I/O.

The 16 grayscale test pattern tests device power consumption for a “typical” LCD display pattern. The test pattern approximates signal switching needed to produce groups of 16 vertical stripes across the display.

Figure 2 and Figure 3 show a falling edge data strobe (TxCLK IN / RxCLK OUT).

Recommended pin to signal mapping. Application may choose to define differently, check compatibility with source.

Figure 3. “16 Grayscale” Test Pattern



Figure 4. Receiver CMOS/TTL Output Load and Transition Times

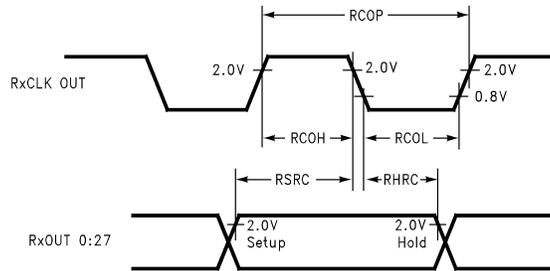


Figure 5. Receiver Output Setup/Hold and High/Low Times

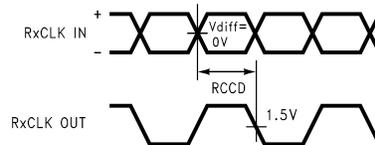


Figure 6. Receiver Clock In to Clock Out Delay

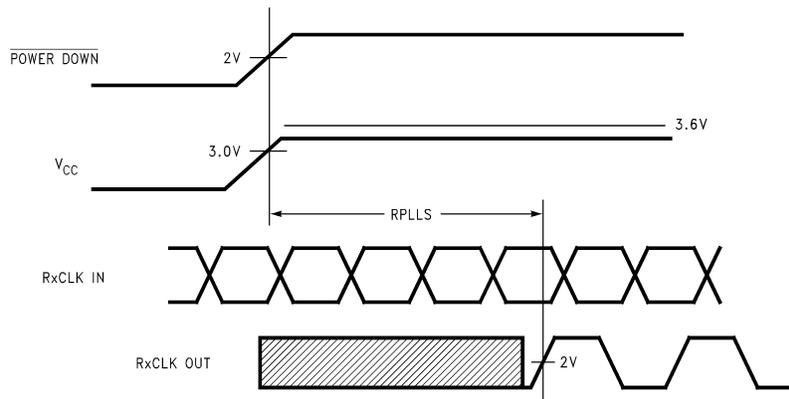


Figure 7. Receiver Phase Lock Loop Set Time

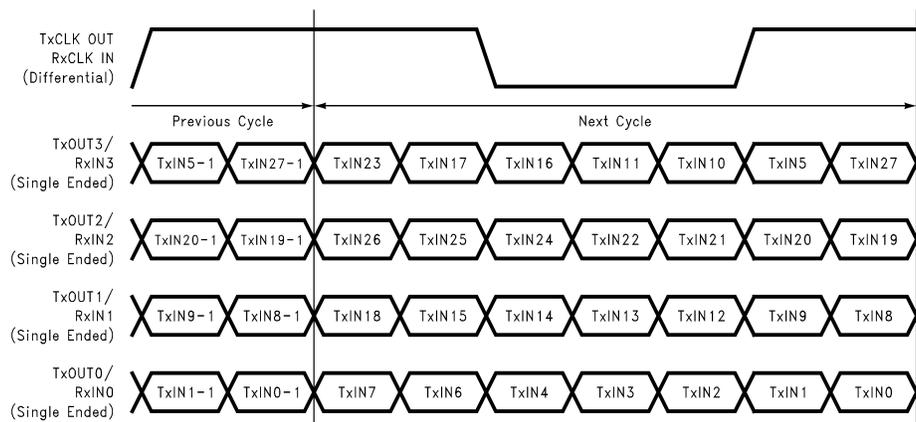
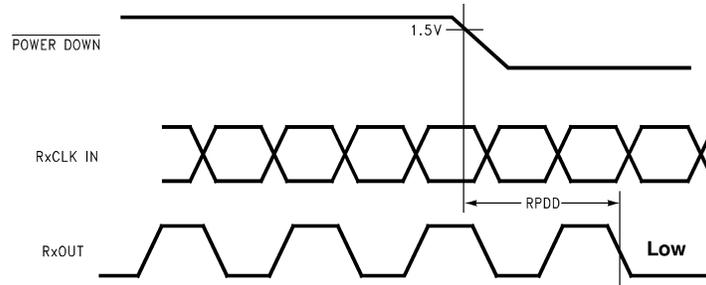
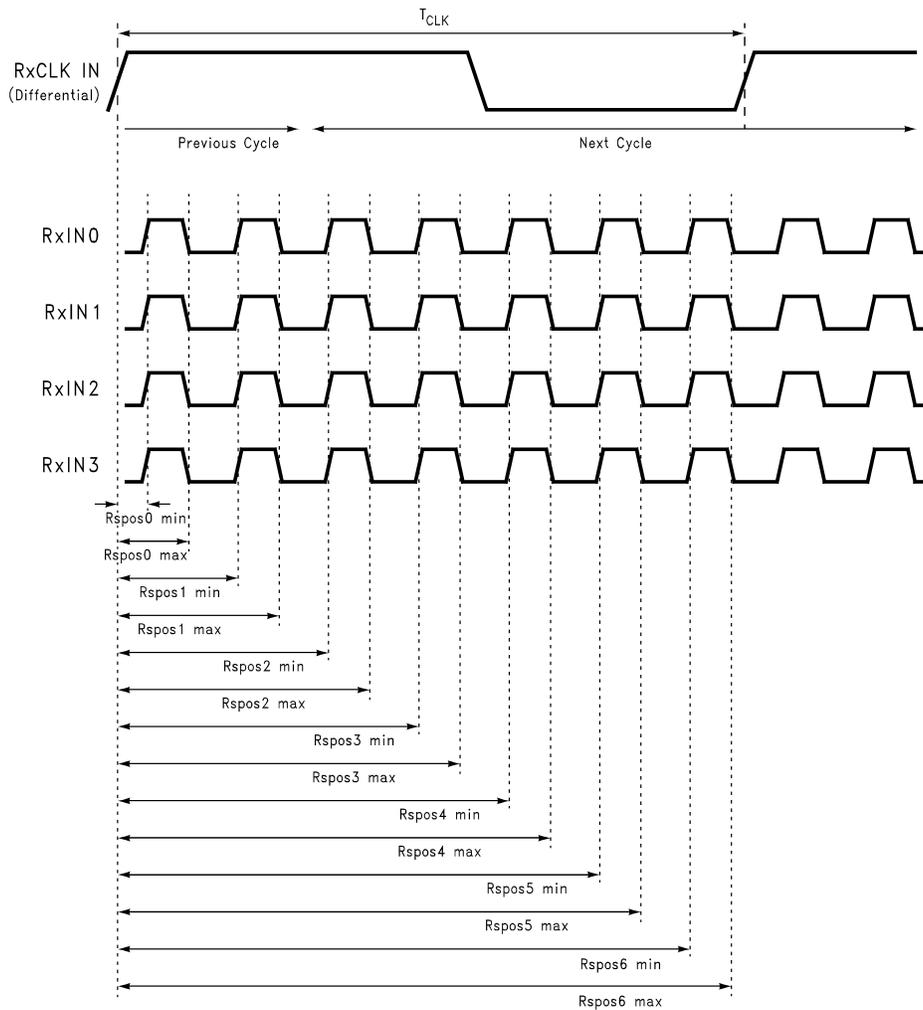


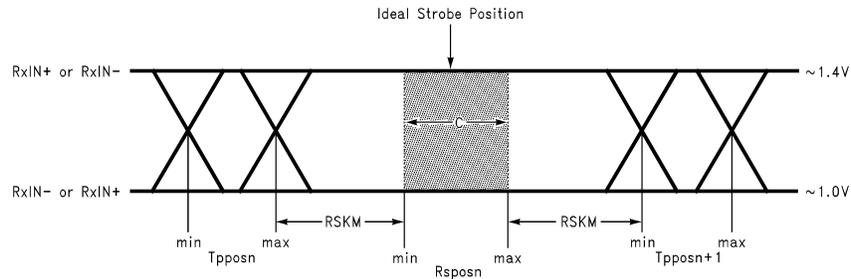
Figure 8. 28 Parallel TTL Data Inputs/Outputs Mapped to LVDS Bits (TxINn / RxOUTn)



**Figure 9. Receiver Power Down Delay**



**Figure 10. Receiver LVDS Input Strobe Position**



C—Setup and Hold Time (Internal data sampling window) defined by Rspostn (receiver input strobe position) min and max

Tpposn—Transmitter output pulse position (min and max)

RSKM = Cable Skew (type, length) + Source Clock Jitter (cycle to cycle) + ISI (Inter-symbol interference)

Cable Skew—typically 10 ps–40 ps per foot, media dependent

Cycle-to-cycle jitter is less than 250 ps at 65 MHz.

ISI is dependent on interconnect length; may be zero.

**Figure 11. Receiver LVDS Input Skew Margin**

## DS90CF384AQ Pin Descriptions — 56L TSSOP Package

| Pin Name                     | I/O | No. | Description   |
|------------------------------|-----|-----|---|
| RxIN+                        | I   | 4   | Positive LVDS differential data inputs.   |
| RxIN-                        | I   | 4   | Negative LVDS differential data inputs.   |
| RxOUT                        | O   | 28  | TTL level data outputs. This includes: 8 Red, 8 Green, 8 Blue, and 3 control lines—FPLINE, FPFRAME, DRDY (also referred to as HSYNC, VSYNC, Data Enable). |
| RxCLK IN+                    | I   | 1   | Positive LVDS differential clock input.   |
| RxCLK IN-                    | I   | 1   | Negative LVDS differential clock input.   |
| RxCLK OUT                    | O   | 1   | TTL level clock output. The falling edge acts as data strobe.   |
| $\overline{\text{PWR DOWN}}$ | I   | 1   | TTL level input. When asserted (low input) the receiver outputs are low.  |
| V <sub>CC</sub>              | I   | 4   | Power supply pins for TTL outputs.  |
| GND                          | I   | 5   | Ground pins for TTL outputs.  |
| PLL V <sub>CC</sub>          | I   | 1   | Power supply for PLL.   |
| PLL GND                      | I   | 2   | Ground pin for PLL.   |
| LVDS V <sub>CC</sub>         | I   | 1   | Power supply pin for LVDS inputs.   |
| LVDS GND                     | I   | 3   | Ground pins for LVDS inputs.  |

Pin Diagram for TSSOP Package

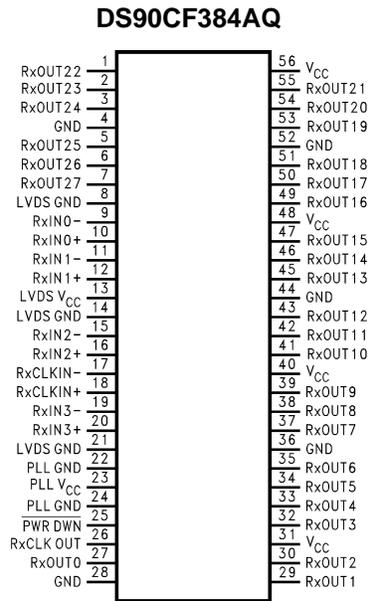


Figure 12. 56-Lead TSSOP (DGG Package)

**PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device    | Status<br>(1) | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package Qty | Eco Plan<br>(2)            | Lead/Ball Finish | MSL Peak Temp<br>(3) | Op Temp (°C) | Top-Side Markings<br>(4) | Samples                 |
|---------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------|------|-------------|----------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| DS90CF384AQM/NOPB   | ACTIVE        | TSSOP        | DGG                | 56   | 34          | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | DS90CF384AQ<br>MT        | <a href="#">Samples</a> |
| DS90CF384AQMTX/NOPB | ACTIVE        | TSSOP        | DGG                | 56   | 1000        | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU SN            | Level-2-260C-1 YEAR  | -40 to 85    | DS90CF384AQ<br>MT        | <a href="#">Samples</a> |

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

**NRND:** Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

**Pb-Free (RoHS):** TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

**Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt):** This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

**Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br):** TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

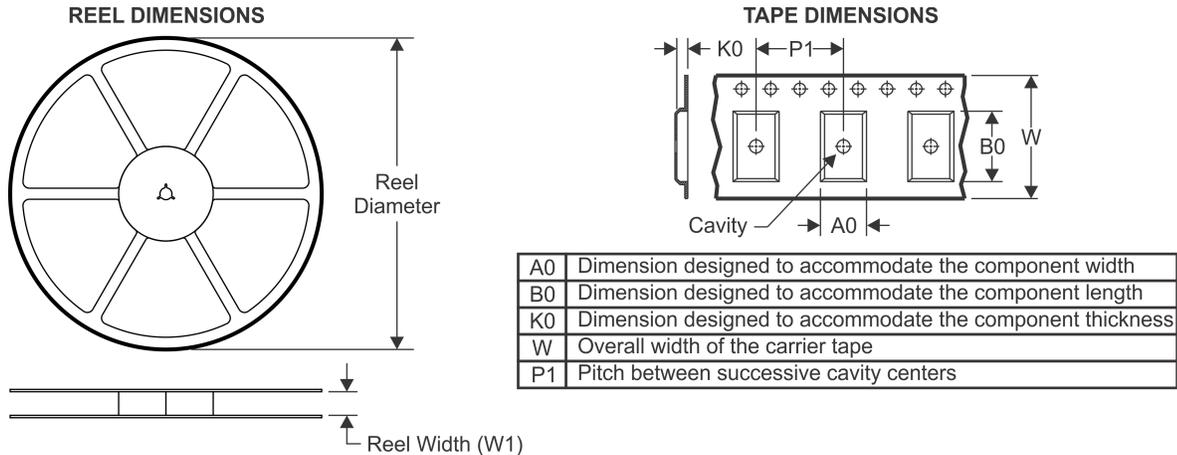
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) Only one of markings shown within the brackets will appear on the physical device.

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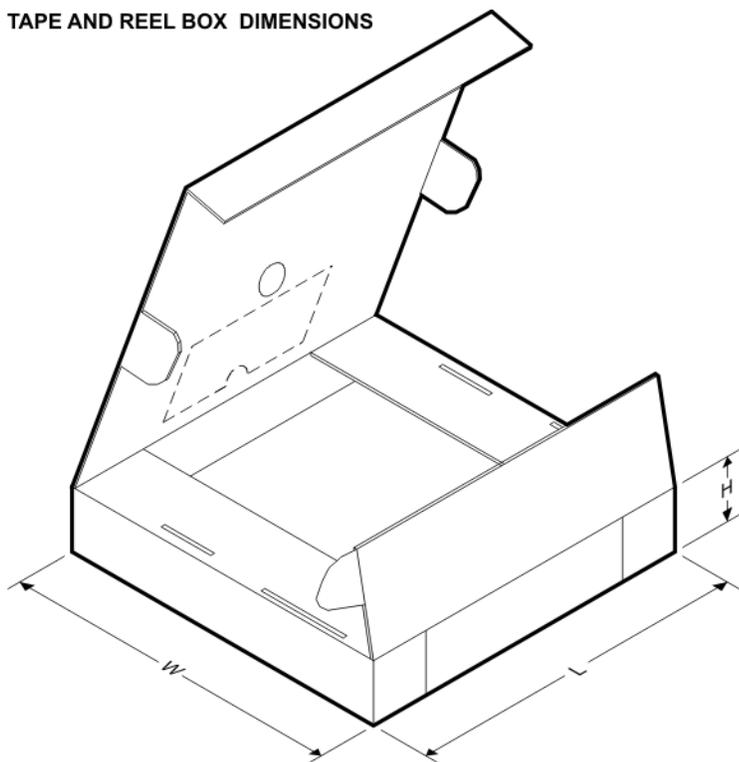
### QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device               | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Reel Diameter (mm) | Reel Width W1 (mm) | A0 (mm) | B0 (mm) | K0 (mm) | P1 (mm) | W (mm) | Pin1 Quadrant |
|----------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|--------------------|--------------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|--------|---------------|
| DS90CF384AQM-TX/NOPB | TSSOP        | DGG             | 56   | 1000 | 330.0              | 24.4               | 8.6     | 14.5    | 1.8     | 12.0    | 24.0   | Q1            |

**TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS**



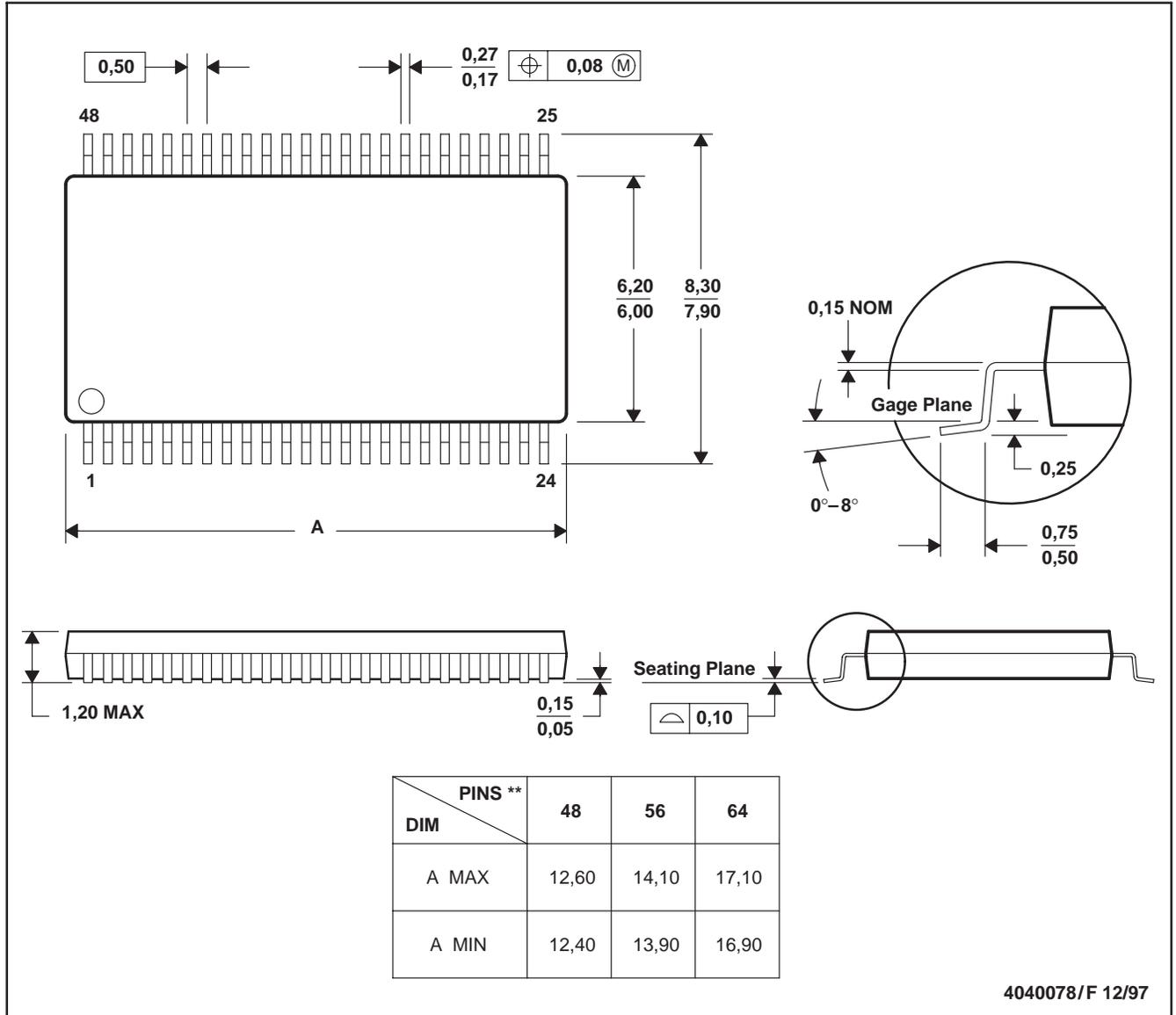
\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device              | Package Type | Package Drawing | Pins | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| DS90CF384AQMXX/NOPB | TSSOP        | DGG             | 56   | 1000 | 367.0       | 367.0      | 45.0        |

DGG (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

48 PINS SHOWN



- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.  
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.  
 C. Body dimensions do not include mold protrusion not to exceed 0,15.  
 D. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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