

# KM4112 70μA, Low Cost, +2.7V & +5V, 7.3MHz Rail-to-Rail Amplifier

## Features

- 70µA supply current
- 7.3MHz bandwidth
- Fully specified at +2.7V and +5V supplies
- Output voltage range: 0.04V to 4.96V; V<sub>s</sub> = +5
- Input voltage range: -0.3V to +3.8V; V<sub>s</sub> = +5
- 9V/µs slew rate
- ±4mA linear output current
- ±9mA short circuit output current
- 29nV/√Hz input voltage noise
- Competes with low power CMOS amps
- Small package option (SOT23-5)

## Applications

- Portable/battery-powered applications
- A/D buffer
- Active filters
- Signal conditioning
- Portable test instruments

## KM4112 Package



## **General Description**

The KM4112 is an ultra-low power, low cost, voltage feedback amplifier. The KM4112 uses only  $70\mu$ A of supply current and is designed to operate on +2.7V, +5V, or ±2.5V supplies. The input voltage range extends 300mV below the negative rail and 1.2V below the positive rail.

The KM4112 offers high bipolar performance at a low CMOS price. The KM4112 offers superior dynamic performance with a 7.3MHz small signal bandwidth and  $9V/\mu s$  slew rate. The combination of low power, high bandwidth, and rail-to-rail performance make the KM4112 well suited for battery-powered communication/computing systems.



## KM4112 Electrical Characteristics ( $V_s = +2.7V$ , G = 2, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ , $R_f = 10k\Omega$ ; unless noted)

PARAMETERS	CONDITIONS	ТҮР	MIN & MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Case Temperature		+25°C	+25°C		
Frequency Domain Response -3dB bandwidth full power bandwidth gain bandwidth product		6.5 3 2 3.5		MHz MHz MHz MHz	1
Time Domain Response rise and fall time settling time to 0.1% overshoot slew rate	0.2V step 1V step 1V step, 2V step, G = -1	55 700 7 7 7		ns ns % V/µs	
Distortion and Noise Response 2nd harmonic distortion 3rd harmonic distortion THD input voltage noise	1V <sub>pp</sub> , 100kHz 1V <sub>pp</sub> , 100kHz 1V <sub>pp</sub> , 100kHz >10kHz	68 65 63 30		dBc dBc dB nV/√Hz	
DC Performance input offset voltage average drift input bias current average drift input offset current power supply rejection ratio open loop gain quiescent current	DC	1 3 90 100 2.1 63 82 62	±5 250 100 58 65 95	mV μV/°C nA pA/°C nA dB dB μA	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Input Characteristics input resistance input capacitance input common mode voltage range common mode rejection ratio	DC, $V_{cm}$ = 0V to V <sub>s</sub> - 1.5	>10 1.6 -0.3 to 1.5 95	68	MΩ pF V dB	2
Output Characteristics output voltage swing linear output current short circuit output current power supply operating range	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ $R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.035 to 2.665 0.07 to 2.6 ±4 ±9 2.7	0.15 to 2.55	V V mA mA V	2

Min/max ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted. Outgoing quality levels are determined from tested parameters.

#### NOTES:

1) For G = +1,  $R_f = 0$ . 2) 100% tested at +25°C.

## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

## Package Thermal Resistance

supply voltage	0 to +6V	Package	$Al^{\Theta}$	
maximum junction temperatu	re +175°C	5 lead SOT23	256°C/W	
storage temperature range	-65°C to +150°C			
lead temperature (10 sec)	+260°C			
operating temperature range (r	ecommended) -40°C to +85°C			
input voltage range	+V <sub>s</sub> +0.5V; -V <sub>s</sub> -0.5V			
internal power dissipation	see power derating curves			

## KM4112 Electrical Characteristics ( $V_s = +5V$ , G = 2, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ , $R_f = 10k\Omega$ ; unless noted)

PARAMETERS	CONDITIONS	ТҮР	MIN & MAX	UNITS	NOTES
Case Temperature		+25°C	+25°C		
Frequency Domain Response -3dB bandwidth full power bandwidth gain bandwidth product		7.3 3.4 2.5 4		MHz MHz MHz MHz	1
Time Domain Response rise and fall time settling time to 0.1% overshoot slew rate	0.2V step 2V step 2V step, 2V step, G = -1	50 600 4 9		ns ns % V/µs	
<b>Distortion and Noise Response</b> 2nd harmonic distortion 3rd harmonic distortion THD input voltage noise	2V <sub>pp</sub> , 100kHz 2V <sub>pp</sub> , 100kHz 2V <sub>pp</sub> , 100kHz >10kHz	67 56 55 29		dBc dBc dB nV/√Hz	
DC Performance input offset voltage average drift input bias current average drift input offset current power supply rejection ratio open loop gain quiescent current	DC	1 8 90 100 1.3 63 76 70	±5 250 100 58 65 100	mV μV/°C nA pA/°C nA dB dB μA	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Input Characteristics input resistance input capacitance input common mode voltage range common mode rejection ratio	DC, $V_{cm}$ = 0V to V <sub>s</sub> - 1.5	>10 1.6 -0.3 to 3. 97	8 68	MΩ pF V dB	2
Output Characteristics output voltage swing linear output current short circuit output current power supply operating range	$R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ $R_L = 2k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$	0.04 to 4.9 0.09 to 4.9 ±4 ±9 5		V V mA MA V	2

Min/max ratings are based on product characterization and simulation. Individual parameters are tested as noted. Outgoing quality levels are determined from tested parameters.

#### NOTES:

1) For G = +1,  $R_f = 0$ . 2) 100% tested at +25°C.

## KM4112 Performance Characteristics ( $V_s = +5V$ , G = 2, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ , $R_f = 10k\Omega$ ; unless noted)





## KM4112 Performance Characteristics ( $V_s = +5V$ , G = 2, $R_L = 10k\Omega$ to $V_s/2$ , $R_f = 10k\Omega$ ; unless noted)











10

 $R_L (k\Omega)$ 

100

4.70

1

#### **General Description**

The KM4112 is a single supply, general purpose, voltage-feedback amplifier fabricated on a complementary bipolar process. The KM4112 offers 7.3MHz unity gain bandwidth, 9V/ $\mu$ s slew rate, and only 70 $\mu$ A supply current. It features a rail-to-rail output stage and is unity gain stable.

The design utilizes a patent pending topology that provides increased slew rate performance. The common mode input range extends to 300mV below ground and to 1.2V below  $V_s$ . Exceeding these values will not cause phase reversal. However, if the input voltage exceeds the rails by more than 0.5V, the input ESD devices will begin to conduct. The output will stay at the rail during this overdrive condition.

The design uses a Darlington output stage. The output stage is short circuit protected and offers "soft" saturation protection that improves recovery time.

The typical circuit schematic is shown in Figure 1.



Figure 1: Typical Configuration

#### **Power Dissipation**

The maximum internal power dissipation allowed is directly related to the maximum junction temperature. If the maximum junction temperature exceeds 150°C, some reliability degradation will occur. If the maximum junction temperature exceeds 175°C for an extended time, device failure may occur.

The KM4112 is short circuit protected. However, this may not guarantee that the maximum junction temperature (+150°C) is not exceeded under all conditions. Follow the maximum power derating curves shown in Figure 2 to ensure proper operation.



Figure 2: Power Derating Curves

#### **Overdrive Recovery**

For an amplifier, an overdrive condition occurs when the output and/or input ranges are exceeded. The recovery time varies based on whether the input or output is overdriven and by how much the ranges are exceeded. The KM4112 will typically recover in less than 60ns from an overdrive condition. Figure 3 shows the KM4112 in an overdriven condition.



Figure 3: Overdrive Recovery

#### **Driving Capacitive Loads**

A small series resistance  $(R_s)$  at the output of the amplifier, illustrated in Figure 4, will improve stability and settling performance.



Figure 4: Typical Topology for driving a capacitive load

### Layout Considerations

General layout and supply bypassing play major roles in high frequency performance. Fairchild has evaluation boards to use as a guide for high frequency layout and to aid in device testing and characterization. Follow the steps below as a basis for high frequency layout:

- Include 6.8µF and 0.01µF ceramic capacitors
- $\blacksquare$  Place the 6.8µF capacitor within 0.75 inches of the power pin
- Place the 0.01µF capacitor within 0.1 inches of the power pin
- Remove the ground plane under and around the part, especially near the input and output pins to reduce parasitic capacitance
- Minimize all trace lengths to reduce series inductances

Refer to the evaluation board layouts shown in Figure 6 for more information.

#### **Evaluation Board Information**

The following evaluation boards are available to aid in the testing and layout of this device:

Eval Board	Description	Products	
KEB002	Single Channel, Dual Supply 5 & 6 lead SOT23	KM4112IT5	

Evaluation board schematics and layouts are shown in Figure 5 and Figure 6.

The KEB002 evaluation board is built for dual supply operation. Follow these steps to use the board in a single supply application:

- 1. Short -V<sub>s</sub> to ground
- 2. Use C3 and C4, if the -V<sub>s</sub> pin of the KM4112 is not directly connected to the ground plane.



Figure 5: Evaluation Board Schematic

## KM4112 Evaluation Board Layout



Figure 6a: KEB002 (top side)



### Figure 6b: KEB002 (bottom side)

## **KM4112 Package Dimensions**







SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	
Α	0.90	1.45	
A1	0.00	0.15	
A2	0.90	1.30	
b	0.25	0.50	
С	0.09	0.20	
D	2.80	3.10	
E	2.60 3.00		
E1	1.50	1.75	
L	0.35	0.55	
е	0.95 ref		
e1	1.90 ref		
α	0°	10°	

#### NOTE:

NOTE:

 All dimensions are in millimeters.
 Foot length measured reference to flat foot surface parallel to DATUM 'A' and lead surface.
 Package outline exclusive of mold flash & metal burr.
 Package outline inclusive of solder plating.
 Comply to EIAJ SC74A.
 Package ST 0003 REV A supercedes SOT-D-2005 REV C.

### **Ordering Information**

Model	Part Number	Package	Container	Pack Qty
KM4112	KM4112IT5	SOT23-5	Partial Reel	<3000
KM4112	KM4112IT5TR3	SOT23-5	Reel	3000

Temperature range for all parts: -40°C to +85°C

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