

10A SWITCHING REGULATOR

- 10A OUTPUT CURRENT
- 5.1V TO 40V OUTPUT VOLTAGE RANGE
- 0 TO 90% DUTY CYCLE RANGE
- INTERNAL FEED-FORWARD LINE REGULA-TION
- INTERNAL CURRENT LIMITING
- PRECISE 5.1V ± 2% ON CHIP REFERENCE
- RESET AND POWER FAIL FUNCTIONS
- SOFT START
- INPUT/OUTPUT SYNC PIN
- UNDER VOLTAGE LOCK OUT WITH HYS-TERETIC TURN-ON
- PWM LATCH FOR SINGLE PULSE PER PE-RIOD
- VERY HIGH EFFICIENCY
- SWITCHING FREQUENCY UP TO 500KHz
- THERMAL SHUTDOWN
- CONTINUOUS MODE OPERATION

DESCRIPTION

The L4970A is a stepdown monolithic power switching regulator delivering 10A at a voltage variable from 5.1 to 40V.

BLOCK DIAGRAM



Realized with BCD mixed technology, the device uses a DMOS output transistor to obtain very high efficiency and very fast switching times. Features of the L4970A include reset and power fail for microprocessors, feed forward line regulation, soft start, limiting current and thermal protection. The device is mounted in a 15-lead multiwatt plastic power package and requires few external components. Efficient operation at switching frequencies up to 500KHz allows reduction in the size and cost of external filter components.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V9	Input Voltage	55	V
V ₉	Input Operating Voltage	50	V
V ₇	Output DC Voltage Output Peak Voltage at t = 0.1µs f = 200KHz	-1 -7	V V
I ₇	Maximum Output Current	Internally Limited	
V ₆	Bootstrap Voltage Bootstrap Operating Voltage	65 V ₉ + 15	V V
V3, V12	Input Voltage at Pins 3, 12	12	V
V4	Reset Output Voltage	50	V
I ₄	Reset Output Sink Current	50	mA
V5, V10, V11, V13	Input Voltage at Pin 5, 10, 11, 13	7	V
I5	Reset Delay Sink Current	30	mA
I ₁₀	Error Amplifier Output Sink Current	1	A
I ₁₂	Soft Start Sink Current	30	mA
P _{tot}	Total Power Dissipation at T _{case} < 120°C	30	W
Tj, T _{stg}	Junction and Storage Temperature	-40 to 150	°C

PIN CONNECTION (Top view)



THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter		Value	Unit
R _{th j-case}	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	max	1	°C/W
R _{th} j-amb	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	max	35	°C/W



PIN FUNCTIONS

N°	Name	Function
1	OSCILLATOR	$R_{\rm osc.}$ External resistor connected to ground determines the constant charging current of $C_{\rm osc.}$
2	OSCILLATOR	$C_{\text{osc.}}$ External capacitor connected to ground determines (with R_{osc}) the switching frequency.
3	RESET INPUT	Input of Power Fail Circuit. The threshold is 5.1V. It may be connected via a divider to the input for power fail function. It must be connected to the pin 14 an external $30K\Omega$ resistor when power fail signal not required.
4	RESET OUT	Open Collector Reset/power Fail Signal Output. This output is high when the supply and the output voltages are safe.
5	RESET DELAY	A $C_{\rm d}$ capacitor connected between this terminal and ground determines the reset signal delay time.
6	BOOTSTRAP	A C _{boot} capacitor connected between this terminal and the output allows to drive properly the internal D-MOS transistor.
7	OUTPUT	Regulator Output.
8	GROUND	Common Ground Terminal
9	SUPPLY VOLTAGE	Unregulated Input Voltage.
10	FREQUENCY COMPENSATION	A series RC network connected between this terminal and ground determines the regulation loop gain characteristics.
11	FEEDBACK INPUT	The Feedback Terminal of the Regulation Loop. The output is connected directly to this terminal for 5.1V operation; It is connected via a divider for higher voltages.
12	SOFT START	Soft Start Time Constant. A capacitor is connected between thi sterminal and ground to define the soft start time constant.
13	SYNC INPUT	Multiple L4970A are synchronized by connecting pin 13 inputs together or via an external syncr. pulse.
14	V _{ref}	5.1V V _{ref} Device Reference Voltage.
15	V _{start}	Internal Start-up Circuit to Drive the Power Stage.

CIRCUIT OPERATION (refer to the block diagram)

The L4970A is a 10A monolithic stepdown switching regulator working in continuous mode realized in the new BCD Technology. This technology allows the integration of isolated vertical DMOS power transistors plus mixed CMOS/Bipolar transistors.

The device can deliver 10A at an output voltage adjustable from 5.1V to 40V, and contains diagnostic and control functions that make it particularly suitable for microprocessor based systems.

BLOCK DIAGRAM

The block diagram shows the DMOS power transistor and the PWM control loop. Integrated functions include a reference voltage trimmed to 5.1V \pm 2%, soft start, undervoltage lockout, oscillator with feedforward control, pulse by pulse current limit, thermal shutdown and finally the reset and power fail circuit. The reset and power fail circuit provides an output signal for a microprocessor indicating the status of the system.

Device turn on is around 11V with a typical 1V hysteresis, this threshold provides a correct voltage for the driving stage of the DMOS gate and the hysteresis prevents instabilities.

An external bootstrap capacitor charged to 12V by an internal voltage reference is needed to provide correct gate drive to the power DMOS. The driving circuit is able to source and sink peak currents of around 0.5A to the gate of the DMOS transistor. A typical switching time of the current in the DMOS transistor is 50ns. Due to the fast commutation switching frequencies up to 500kHz are possible.

The PWM control loop consists of a sawtooth oscillator, error amplifier, comparator, latch and the output stage. An error signal is produced by comparing the output voltage with the precise $5.1V \pm$ 2% on chip reference. This error signal is then compared with the sawtooth oscillator, in order to generate a fixed frequency pulse width modulated drive for the output stage. A PWM latch is included to eliminate multiple pulsing within a period even in noisy environments. The gain and



Figure 1: Feedforward Waveform



Figure 2: Soft Start Function



Figure 3: Limiting Current Function



stability of the loop can be adjusted by an external RC network connected to the output of the error amplifier. A voltage feedforward control has been added to the oscillator, this maintains superior line regulation over a wide input voltage range. Closing the loop directly gives an output voltage of 5.1V, higher voltages are obtained by inserting a voltage divider.

At turn on output overcurrents are prevented by the soft start function (fig. 2). The error amplifier is initially clamped by an external capacitor Css and allowed to rise linearly under the charge of an internal constant current source.

Output overload protection is provided by a current limit circuit (fig. 3). The load current is sensed by an internal metal resistor connected to a comparator. When the load current exceeds a preset threshold the output of the comparator sets a flip flop which turns off the power DMOS. The next clock pulse, from an internal 40kHz oscillator will reset the flip flop and the power DMOS will again conduct. This current protection method, ensures

Figure 4: Reset and Power Fail Functions.

a constant current output when the system is overloaded or short circuited and limits the switching frequency, in this condition, to 40kHz.

The Reset and Power fail circuitry (fig 4) generates an output signal when the supply voltage exceeds a threshold programmed by an external voltage divider. The reset signal, is generated with a delay time programmed by an external capacitor on the delay pin. When the supply voltage falls below the threshold or the output voltage goes below 5V the reset output goes low immediately. The reset output is an open collector-drain.

Fig 4A shows the case when the supply voltage is higher than the threshold, but the output voltage is not yet 5V.

Fig 4B shows the case when the output is 5.1V but the supply voltage is not yet higher than the fixed threshold.

The thermal protection disables circuit operation when the junction temperature reaches about 150°C and has an hysterysis to prevent unstable conditions.



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Refer to the test circuit, $T_j = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_i = 35V$, $R_4 = 16K\Omega$, $C_9 = 2.2nF$, $f_{SW} = 200KHz$ typ, unless otherwise specified)

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
Vi	input Voltage Range (pin 9)	$V_o = V_{ref}$ to 40V I _o = 10A	15		50	V	5
Vo	Output Votage	$V_i = 15V \text{ to } 50V$ $I_o = 5A; V_o = V_{re}f$	5	5.1	5.2	V	5
ΔVo	Line Regulation	$V_i = 15V \text{ to } 50V$ $I_o = 5A; V_o = V_{re}f$		12	30	mV	5
ΔVo	Load Regulation	$V_o = V_{ref}$ $I_o = 3A \text{ to } 6A$ $I_o = 2A \text{ to } 10A$		10 20	30 50	mV mV	5
Vd	Dropout Voltage Between Pin 9 and 7	I _o = 5A I _o = 10A		0.55 1.1	0.8 1.6	V V	5
I _{7L}	Max. Limiting Current	V _i = 15 to 50V	11	13	15	А	5
η	Efficiency	$I_o = 5A$ $V_o = V_{ref}$ $V_o = 12V$	80	85 92		% %	5
		$I_o = 10A$ $V_o = V_{ref}$ $V_o = 12V$	75	80 87		% %	5
SVR	Supply Voltage Ripple Reject.	V _i = 2VRMS; I _o = 5A f = 100Hz; V _o = V _{ref}	56	60		dB	5
f	Switching Frequency		180	200	220	KHz	5
$\frac{\Deltaf}{\DeltaV_i}$	Voltage Stability of Swiching Frequency	V _i = 15V to 45V		2	6	%	5
$\frac{\Delta f}{T_j}$	Temperature Stability of Swiching Frequency	T _j = 0 to 125°C		1		%	5
f _{max}	Maximum Operating Switching Frequency	$V_{o} = V_{ref}, R_4 = 10K\Omega$ $I_{o} = 10A; C_9 = 1nF$	500			KHz	5

V_{ref} SECTION (pin 14)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
V ₁₄	Reference Voltage		5	5.1	5.2	V	7
ΔV_{14}	Line Regulation	V _i = 15V to 50V		10	25	mV	7
ΔV_{14}	Load Regulation	I14 = 0 to 1mA		20	40	mV	7
$\frac{\Delta V_{14}}{\Delta T}$	Average Temperature Coefficient Reference Voltage	$T_j = 0^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$		0.4		mV/°C	7
I _{14 short}	Short Circuit Current Limit	V ₁₄ = 0		70		mA	7

V_{START} SECTION (pin 15)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
V ₁₅	Reference Voltage		11.4	12	12.6	V	7
ΔV_{15}	Line Regulation	V _i = 15 to 50V		0.6	1.4	V	7
ΔV_{15}	Load Regulation	I15 = 0 to 1mA		50	200	mV	7
I _{15 short}	Short Circuit Current Limit	V15 = 0V		80		mA	7



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued) DC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
V _{9on}	Turn-on Threshold		10	11	12	V	7A
V9 Hyst	Turn-off Hysteresys			1		V	7A
l _{9Q}	Quiescent Current	V ₁₂ = 0; S1 = D		13	19	mA	7A
190Q	Operating Supply Current	V12 = 0; S1 = C; S2 = B		16	23	mA	7A
I _{7L}	Out Leak Current	Vi = 55V; S3 = A; V ₁₂ = 0			2	mA	7A

SOFT START

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
I ₁₂	Soft Start Source Current	V12 = 3V; V11 = 0V	70	100	130	μA	7B
V ₁₂	Output Saturation Voltage	I12 = 20mA; V9 = 10V			1	V	7B
		I ₁₂ = 200μΑ; V ₉ = 10V			0.7	V	7B

ERROR AMPLIFIER

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
V _{10H}	High Level Out Voltage	I ₁₀ = -100μΑ; S1 = C V ₁₁ = 4.7V	6			V	7C
V _{10L}	Low Level Out Voltage	I ₁₀ = +100μA; S1 = C V ₁₁ = 5.3V;			1.2	V	7C
I _{10H}	Source Output Current	V ₁₀ = 1V; S1 = E V ₁₁ = 4.7V	100	150		μA	7C
I _{10L}	Sink Output Current	V10 = 6V; S1 = D V11 = 5.3V	100	150		μΑ	7C
I ₁₁	Input Bias Current	Rs = 10KΩ		0.4	3	μA	-
Gv	DC Open Loop Gain	V _{VCM} = 4V; R _S = 10Ω	60			dB	-
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection	15 < V _i < 50V; R _S = 10Ω	60	80		dB	-
Vos	Input Offset Voltage	Rs = 50Ω		2	10	mV	_

RAMP GENERATOR (pin 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	Test ConditionS1 = C: S2 = B		Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
V2	Ramp Valley	S1 = C; S2 = B		1.2	1.5		V	7A
V ₂	Ramp Peak	S1 = C;	Vi = 15V		2.5		V	7A
		S2 = B;	Vi = 45V		5.5		V	7A
l ₂	Min. Ramp Current	S1 = A; I ₁ = 100μA			270	300	μA	7A
l ₂	Max. Ramp Current	S1 = A; I1 = 1	ImA	2.4	2.7		mA	7A

SYNC FUNCTION (pin 13)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Fig.
V ₁₃	Low Input Voltage	V _i = 15V to 50V; V ₁₂ = 0; S1 = C; S2 = B; S4 = B	-0.3		0.9	V	7A
V ₁₃	High Input voltage	V ₁₂ = 0; S1 = C; S2 = B; S4 = B	3.5		5.5	V	7A
I _{13L}	Sync Input Current with Low Input Voltage	$V_{13} = V_2 = 0.9V;$ S4 = A; S1 = C; S2 = B			0.4	mA	7A
I _{13H}	Input Current with High Input Voltage	V13 = 3.5V; S4 = A; S1 = C; S2 = B			1.5	mA	7A
V ₁₃	Output Amplitude		4	5		V	_
tw	Output Pulse Width	V _{thr} = 2.5V	0.3	0.5	0.8	μs	_



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued) RESET AND POWER FAIL FUNCTIONS

Symbol Parameter **Test Condition** Min. Тур. Max. Unit Fig. Vref $V_i = 15 \text{ to } 50 \text{V}$ V V_{11R} **Rising Threshold Voltage** Vref V_{ref} 7D $V_3 = 5.3V$ -120 -100 -80 (pin 11) mV V_{ref} V11F Falling Threshold Voltage Vi = 15 to 50V 4.77 Vref V 7D -160 (pin 11) $V_3 = 5.3V$ -200 mV Delay High Threshold $V_i = 15 \text{ to } 50 \text{V}$ 4.95 5.25 ٧ 7D 5.1 V_{5H} V3 = 5.3V Voltage $V_{14} = V_{11}$ V_{5L} Delay Low Threshold Vi = 15 to 50V 1 1.1 1.2 V 7D Voltage $V_{14} = V_{11}$ $V_3 = 5.3V$ $V_3 = 5.3V$; $V_5 = 3V$ 7D **-**I5SO **Delay Source Current** 40 60 80 μΑ **Delay Sink Current** $V_3 = 4.7V$; $V_5 = 3V$ 10 mΑ 7D 15SI I₄ = 15mA; S1 = B V 7D V_{4S} Out Saturation Voltage 0.4 $V_3 = 4.7V$ V₄ = 50V; S1 = A 14 Output Leak Current 100 μΑ 7D $V_3 = 5.3V$ V_{3R} **Rising Threshold Voltage** $V_{11} = V_{14}$ 4.95 5.1 5.25 V 7D 0.4 0.5 V 7D Vзн Hysteresys 0.6 l3 Input Bias Current 1 3 μΑ 7D

Figure 5: Test and Evaluation Board Circuit



TYPICAL PERFORMANCES (using evaluation board) :

n = 83% (V_I = 35V ; V_o = V_{REF} ; I_o = 10A ; f_{SW} = 200KHz)

 $V_{\text{o RIPPLE}}$ = 30mV (at 10A) with output filter capacitor ESR $\leq 60 m \Omega$

Line regulation = 5mV (V_i = 15 to 50V)

Load regulation = 15mV ($I_0 = 2$ to 10A)

For component values, refer to test circuit part list.





Figure 6a: P.C. Board (components side) and Components Layout of Figure 5 (1:1 scale).

PARTS LIST

R ₁ = 30KΩ	$C_{1}, C_{2} = 3300 \mu F 63 V_{L} EYF (ROE)$
R ₂ = 10KΩ	C ₃ , C ₄ , C ₅ , C ₆ = 2.2µF
R ₃ = 15KΩ	C7 = 390pF Film
R4 = 16KΩ	C ₈ = 22nF MKT 1817 (ERO)
R ₅ = 22Ω 0,5W	
R ₆ = 4K7	C ₉ = 2.2nF KP1830
R ₇ = 10Ω	C ₁₀ = 220nF MKT
R ₈ = see tab. A	C ₁₁ = 2.2nF MP1830
R ₉ = OPTION	**C ₁₂ , C ₁₃ , C ₁₄ = 220μF 40V _L EKR
R ₁₀ = 4K7	C ₁₅ = 1µF Film
R ₁₁ = 10Ω	
D1 = MBR 1560	CT (or 16A/60V or equivalent)
L1 = 40µH	core 58071 MAGNETICS 27 TURNS Ø 1,3mm (AWG 16) COGEMA 949178

* 2 capacitors in parallel to increase input RMS current capability ** 3 capacitors in parallel to reduce total output ESR

Table A

V 0	R ₉	R 7
12V	4 .7 k Ω	6.2kW
15V	4 .7 k Ω	9.1kΩ
18V	4 .7 k Ω	12kΩ
24V	4 .7 k Ω	18kΩ

Table B SUGGESTED BOOTSTRAP CAPACITORS

Operating Frequency	Bootstrap Cap.c10		
f = 20KHz	≥680nF		
f = 50KHz	≥470nF		
f = 100KHz	≥330nF		
f = 200KHz	≥220nF		
f = 500KHz	≥100nF		





Figure 6b: P.C. Board (Back side) and Components Layout of the Circuit of Fig. 5. (1:1 scale)

Figure 7: DC Test Circuits









Figure 7B



Figure 7D



Figure 7C





Figure 8: Quiescent Drain Current vs. Supply Voltage (0% duty cycle - see fig. 7A).



Figure 10: Quiescent Drain Current vs. Duty Cycle







Figure 9: Quiescent Drain Current vs. Junction Temperature (0% duty cycle).



Figure 11: Reference Voltage (pin14) vs. V_i (see fig. 7)



Figure 13: Reference Voltage (pin15) vs. V_i (see fig. 7)



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Figure 14: Reference Voltage (pin 15) vs. Junction Temperature (see fig. 7)





Figure 18: Switching Frequency vs. R4 (see fig. 5)



Figure 15: Reference Voltage 5.1V (pin 14) Supply Voltage Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency







Figure 19: Max. Duty Cycle vs. Frequency



Figure 20: Supply Voltage Ripple Rejection vs. Frequency (see fig. 5)



Figure 22: Load Transient Response (see fig. 5)



Figure 24: Dropout Voltage Between Pin 9 and Pin 7 vs. Junction Temperature



Figure 21: Line Transient Response (see fig. 5)



Figure 23: Dropout Voltage Between Pin 9 and Pin 7 vs. Current at Pin 7



Figure 25: Power Dissipation (device only) vs. Input Voltage



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Figure 26: Power Dissipation (device only) vs. Output Voltage



Figure 28: Efficiency vs. Output Current



Figure 30: Efficiency vs. Output Voltage







Figure 29: Efficiency vs. Output Voltage



Figure 31: Open Loop Frequency and Phase Response of Error Amplifier (see fig.7C)



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Figure 32: Power Dissipation Derating Curve



Figure 33: A5.1V/12V Multiple Supply. Note the Synchronization between the L4970A and the L4974A







Figure 35: 10A Switching Regulator, Adjustable from 0V to 25V.



Figure 36: L4970A's Sync. Example





DIM.	mm				inch		
	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	
А			5			0.197	
В			2.65			0.104	
С			1.6			0.063	
D		1			0.039		
E	0.49		0.55	0.019		0.022	
F	0.66		0.75	0.026		0.030	
G	1.14	1.27	1.4	0.045	0.050	0.055	
G1	17.57	17.78	17.91	0.692	0.700	0.705	
H1	19.6			0.772			
H2			20.2			0.795	
L	22.1		22.6	0.870		0.890	
L1	22		22.5	0.866		0.886	
L2	17.65		18.1	0.695		0.713	
L3	17.25	17.5	17.75	0.679	0.689	0.699	
L4	10.3	10.7	10.9	0.406	0.421	0.429	
L7	2.65		2.9	0.104		0.114	
М	4.2	4.3	4.6	0.165	0.169	0.181	
M1	4.5	5.08	5.3	0.177	0.200	0.209	
S	1.9		2.6	0.075		0.102	
S1	1.9		2.6	0.075		0.102	
Dia1	3.65		3.85	0.144		0.152	

MULTIWATT15 PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

L4970A



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