



LH0021/LH0021C 1.0 Amp Power Operational Amplifier LH0041/LH0041C 0.2 Amp Power Operational Amplifier

General Description

The LH0021/LH0021C and LH0041/LH0041C are general purpose operational amplifiers capable of delivering large output currents not usually associated with conventional IC Op Amps. The LH0021 will provide output currents in excess of one ampere at voltage levels of $\pm 12V$; the LH0041 delivers currents of 200 mA at voltage levels closely approaching the available power supplies. In addition, both the inputs and outputs are protected against overload. The devices are compensated with a single external capacitor and are free of any unusual oscillation or latch-up problems.

Features

■ Output current	1.0 Amp (LH0021) 0.2 Amp (LH0041)
■ Output voltage swing	$\pm 12V$ into 10Ω (LH0021) $\pm 14V$ into 100Ω (LH0041)
■ Wide full power bandwidth	15 kHz
■ Low input offset voltage and current	1mV and 20 nA

- Low standby power

100 mW at $\pm 15V$

- High slew rate

$3.0V/\mu s$

- High open loop gain

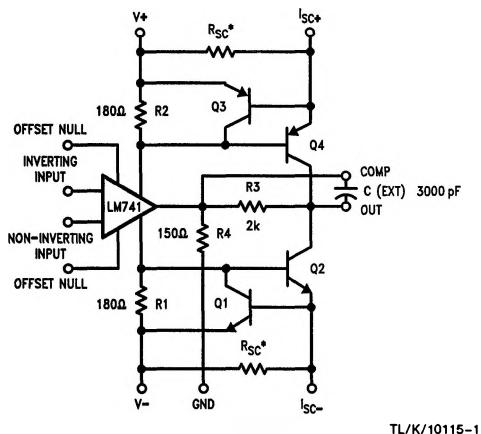
100 dB

The excellent input characteristics and high output capability of the LH0021 make it an ideal choice for power applications such as DC servos, capstan drivers, deflection yoke drivers, and programmable power supplies.

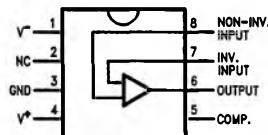
The LH0041 is particularly suited for applications such as torque driver for inertial guidance systems, diddle yoke driver for alpha-numeric CRT displays, cable drivers, and programmable power supplies for automatic test equipment.

The LH0021 is supplied in a 8-pin TO-3 package rated at 20 watts with suitable heatsink. The LH0041 is supplied in both 12-pin TO-8 (2.5 watts with clip on heatsink) and a power 8-pin ceramic DIP (2 watts with suitable heatsink). The LH0021 and LH0041 are guaranteed over the temperature range of $-55^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$ while the LH0021C and LH0041C are guaranteed from $-25^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$.

Schematic and Connection Diagrams

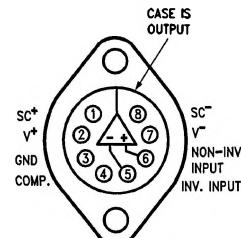


*R_{SC} external on "G" and "K" packages. R_{SC} internal on "J" package. Offset Null connections available only on "G" package.



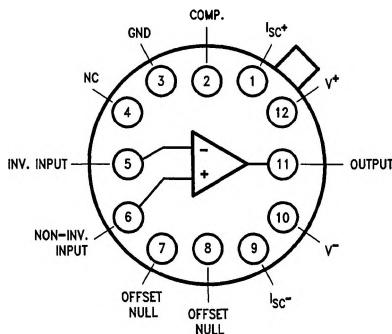
Top View

Order Number LH0041CJ
See NS Package Number HY08A



Top View

Order Number LH0021K or LH0021CK
See NS Package Number K08A



TL/K/10115-3

Order Number LH0041G or LH0041CG
See NS Package Number G12B

Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage	$\pm 18V$	Output Short Circuit Duration (Note 3)	Continuous
Power Dissipation	See curves	Operating Temperature Range	
Differential Input Voltage	$\pm 30V$	LH0021/LH0041	-55°C to +125°C
Input Voltage (Note 1)	$\pm 15V$	LH0021C/LH0041C	-25°C to +85°C
Peak Output Current (Note 2)		Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
LH0021/LH0021C	2.0 Amps	Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	300°C
LH0041/LH0041C	0.5 Amps		

DC Electrical Characteristics

for LH0021/LH0021C (Note 4)

Parameter	Conditions	Limits						Units	
		LH0021			LH0021C				
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 100\Omega, T_C = 25^\circ C$ $R_S \leq 100\Omega$		1.0	3.0		3.0	6.0	mV	
				5.0			7.5	mV	
Voltage Drift with Temperature	$R_S \leq 100\Omega$		3	25		5	30	$\mu V/^\circ C$	
Offset Voltage Drift with Time			5			5		$\mu V/week$	
Offset Voltage Change with Output Power			5	15		5	20	$\mu V/watt$	
Input Offset Current	$T_C = 25^\circ C$		30	100	300	50	200	nA	
							500	nA	
Offset Current Drift with Temperature			0.1	1.0		0.2	1.0	$nA/^\circ C$	
Offset Current Drift with Time			2			2		$nA/week$	
Input Bias Current	$T_C = 25^\circ C$		100	300	1.0	200	500	nA	
							1.0	μA	
Input Resistance	$T_C = 25^\circ C$	0.3	1.0		0.3	1.0		M Ω	
Input Capacitance			3			3		pF	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 100\Omega, \Delta V_{CM} = \pm 10V$	70	90		70	90		dB	
Input Voltage Range	$V_S = \pm 15V$		± 12			± 12		V	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 100\Omega, \Delta V_S = \pm 10V$	80	96		70	90		dB	
Voltage Gain	$V_S = \pm 15V, V_O = \pm 10V$ $R_L = 1 k\Omega, T_C = 25^\circ C,$ $V_S = \pm 15V, V_O = \pm 10V$ $R_L = 100\Omega$	100	200		100	200		V/mV	
			25			20		V/mV	
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 15V, R_L = 100\Omega$ $V_S = \pm 15V, R_L = 10\Omega, T_C = 25^\circ C$	± 13.5 ± 11.0	± 14 ± 12		± 13 ± 10	± 14 ± 12		V	
Output Short Circuit Current	$V_S = \pm 15V, T_C = 25^\circ C, R_{SC} = 0.5\Omega$	0.8	1.2	1.6	0.8	1.2	1.6	Amps	
Power Supply Current	$V_S = \pm 15V, V_{OUT} = 0$		2.5	3.5		3.0	4.0	mA	
Power Consumption	$V_S = \pm 15V, V_{OUT} = 0$		75	105		90	120	mW	

AC Electrical Characteristics

for LH0021/LH0021C ($T_A = 25^\circ C, V_S = \pm 15V, C_C = 3000 pF$)

Slew Rate	$A_V = +1, R_L = 100\Omega$	0.8	3.0		1.0	3.0		$V/\mu s$
Power Bandwidth	$R_L = 100\Omega$		20			20		kHz
Small Signal Transient Response			0.3	1.0		0.3	1.5	μs
Small Signal Overshoot			5	20		10	30	%
Settling Time (0.1%)	$\Delta V_{IN} = 10V, A_V = +1$		4			4		μs
Overload Recovery Time			3			3		μs
Harmonic Distortion	$f = 1 kHz, P_O = 0.5W$		0.2			0.2		%
Input Noise Voltage	$R_S = 50\Omega, B.W. = 10 Hz to 10 kHz$		5			5		μV rms
Input Noise Current	$B.W. = 10 Hz to 10 kHz$		0.05			0.05		nA rms

DC Electrical Characteristics for LH0041/LH0041C (Note 4)

Parameter	Conditions	Limits						Units	
		LH0041			LH0041C				
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
Input Offset Voltage	$R_S \leq 100\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ $R_S \leq 100\Omega$		1.0	3.0 5.0		3.0	6.0 7.5	mV mV	
Voltage Drift with Temperature	$R_S \leq 100\Omega$		3			5		$\mu V/^\circ C$	
Offset Voltage Drift with Time			5			5		$\mu V/\text{week}$	
Offset Voltage Change with Output Power			15			15		$\mu V/\text{watt}$	
Offset Voltage Adjustment Range	(Note 5)		20			20		mV	
Input Offset Current	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		30 300	100		50 500	200 500	nA nA	
Offset Current Drift with Temperature			0.1	1.0		0.2	1.0	$nA/^\circ C$	
Offset Current Drift with Time			2			2		nA/week	
Input Bias Current	$T_A = 25^\circ C$		100 1.0	300		200 500	500 1.0	nA μA	
Input Resistance	$T_A = 25^\circ C$	0.3	1.0		0.3	1.0		MΩ	
Input Capacitance			3			3		pF	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 100\Omega$, $\Delta V_{CM} = \pm 10V$	70	90		70	90		dB	
Input Voltage Range	$V_S = \pm 15V$	± 12			± 12			V	
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	$R_S \leq 100\Omega$, $\Delta V_S = \pm 10V$	80	96		70	90		dB	
Voltage Gain	$V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_O = \pm 10V$	100	200		100	200		V/mV	
	$R_L = 1 k\Omega$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ $V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_O = \pm 10V$ $R_L = 100\Omega$	25			20			V/mV	
Output Voltage Swing	$V_S = \pm 15V$, $R_L = 100\Omega$	± 13.0	± 14.0		± 13.0	± 14.0		V	
Output Short Circuit Current	$V_S = \pm 15V$, $T_A = 25^\circ C$ (Note 6)	200	300		200	300		mA	
Power Supply Current	$V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_{OUT} = 0$		2.5	3.5		3.0	4.0	mA	
Power Consumption	$V_S = \pm 15V$, $V_{OUT} = 0$		75	105		90	120	mW	

AC Electrical Characteristics for LH0041/LH0041C ($T_A = 25^\circ C$, $V_S = \pm 15V$, $C_C = 3000 pF$)

Slew Rate	$A_V = +1$, $R_L = 100\Omega$	1.5	3.0		1.0	3.0		$V/\mu s$
Power Bandwidth	$R_L = 100\Omega$		20			20		kHz
Small Signal Transient Response			0.3	1.0		0.3	1.5	μs
Small Signal Overshoot			5	20		10	30	%
Settling Time (0.1%)	$\Delta V_{IN} = 10V$, $A_V = +1$		4			4		μs
Overload Recovery Time			3			3		μs
Harmonic Distortion	$f = 1 kHz$, $P_O = 0.5W$		0.2			0.2		%
Input Noise Voltage	$R_S = 50\Omega$, B.W. = 10 Hz to 10 kHz		5			5		$\mu V/\text{rms}$
Input Noise Current	B.W. = 10 Hz to 10 kHz		0.05			0.05		nA rms

Note 1: Rating applies for supply voltages above $\pm 15V$. For supplies less than $\pm 15V$, rating is equal to supply voltage.Note 2: Rating applies for LH0041G and LH0021K with $R_{SC} = 0\Omega$.

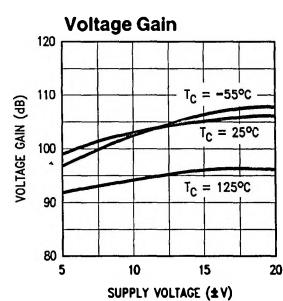
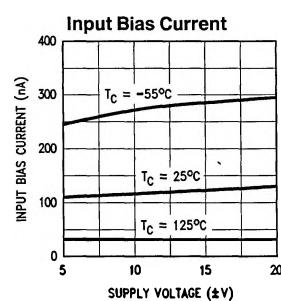
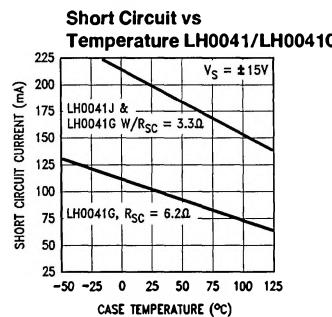
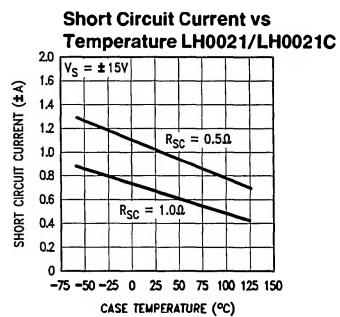
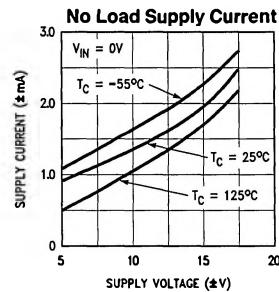
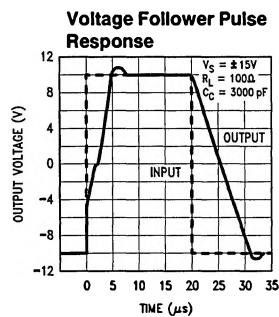
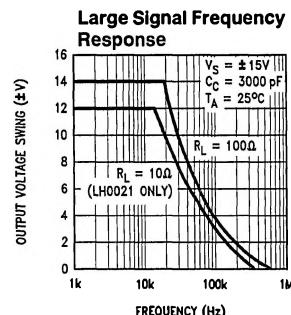
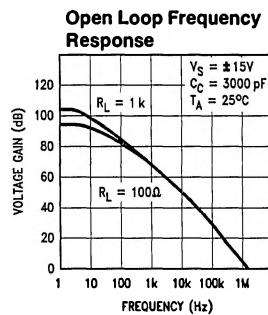
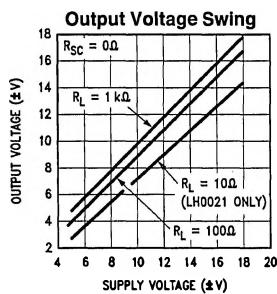
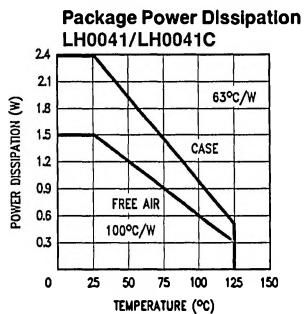
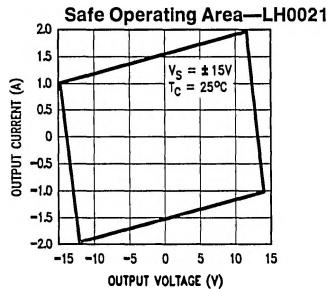
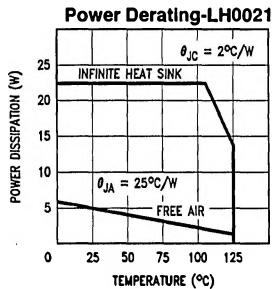
Note 3: Rating applies as long as package power rating is not exceeded.

Note 4: Specifications apply for $V_S = \pm 5V$ to $\pm 18V$, and $-55^\circ C \leq T_C \leq +125^\circ C$ for LH0021K and LH0041G, and $-25^\circ C \leq T_C \leq +85^\circ C$ for LH0021CK, LH0041CG and LH0041CJ unless otherwise specified. Typical values are for $25^\circ C$ only.

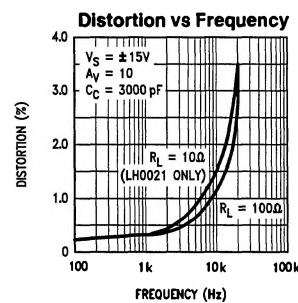
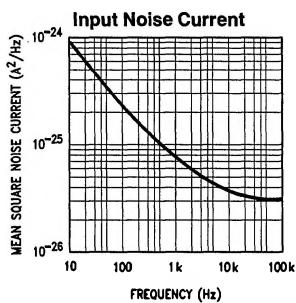
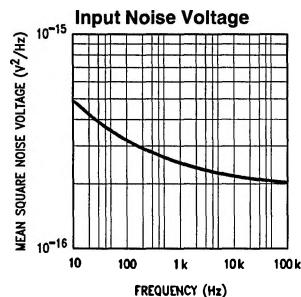
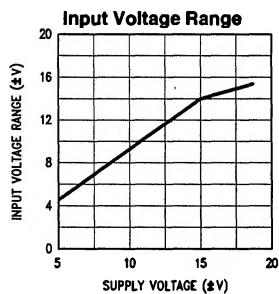
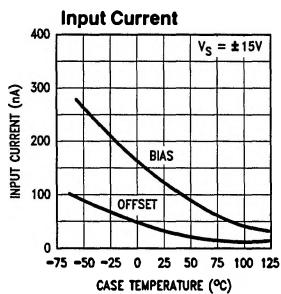
Note 5: TO-8 "G" packages only.

Note 6: Rating applies for "J" DIP package and for TO-8 "G" package with $R_{SC} = 3.3\Omega$.

Typical Performance Characteristics



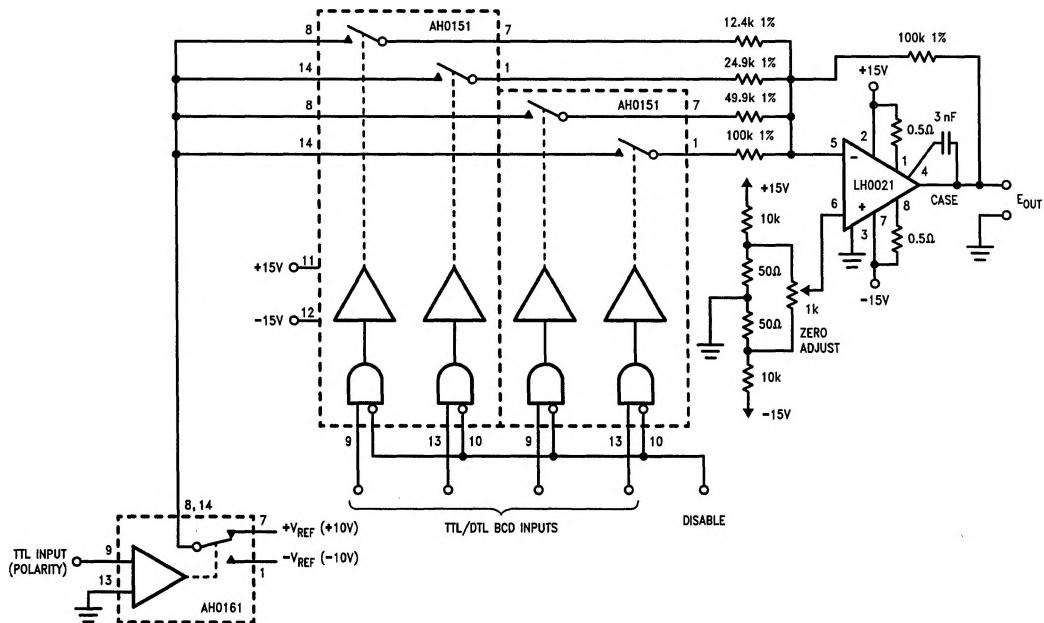
Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)



TL/K/10115-5

Typical Applications

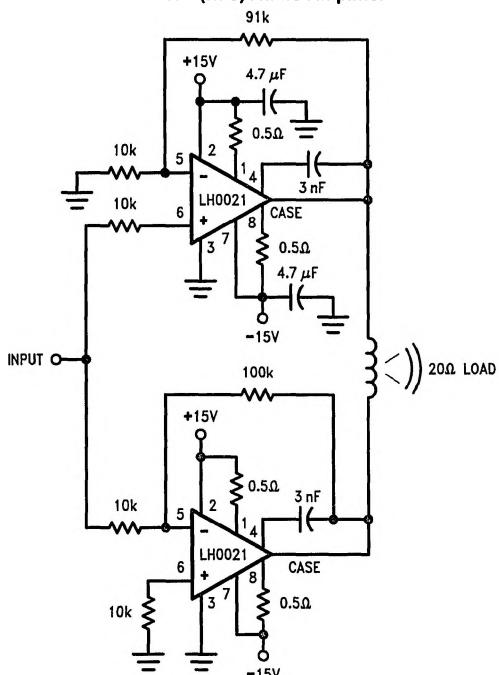
Programmable One Amp Power Supply



TL/K/10115-6

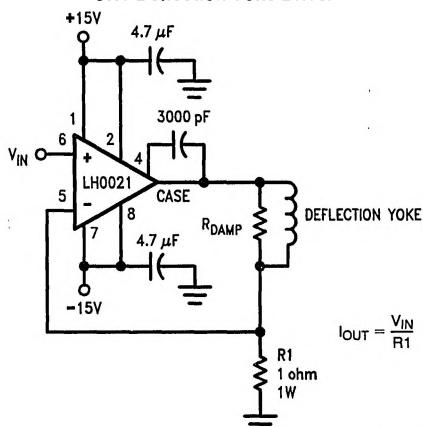
Typical Applications (Continued)

10 WATT (rms) Audio Amplifier



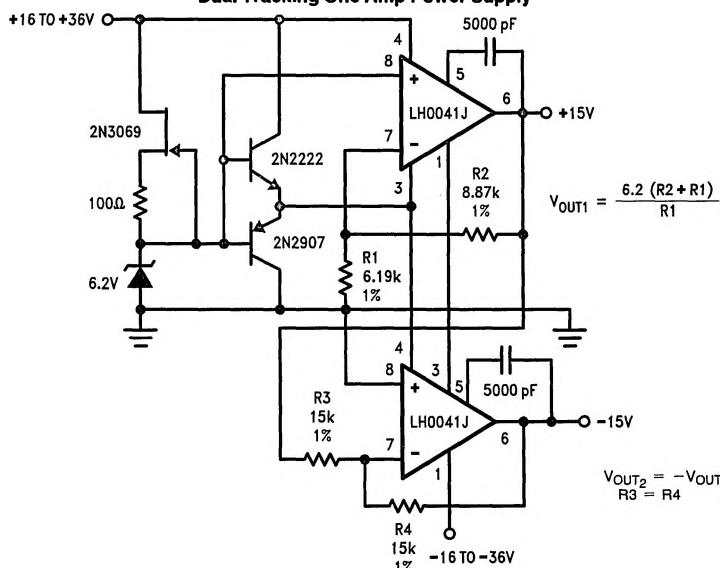
TL/K/10115-7

CRT Deflection Yoke Driver



TL/K/10115-9

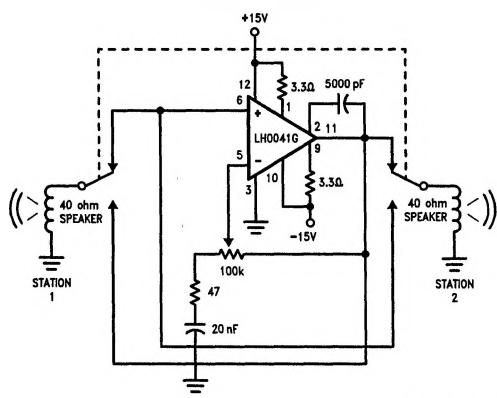
Dual Tracking One Amp Power Supply



TL/K/10115-8

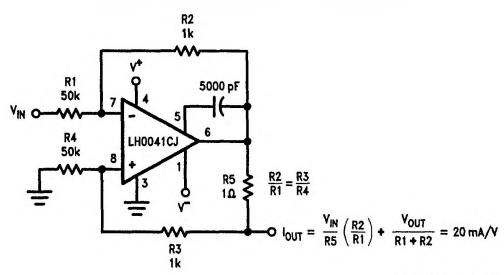
Typical Applications (Continued)

Two Way Intercom



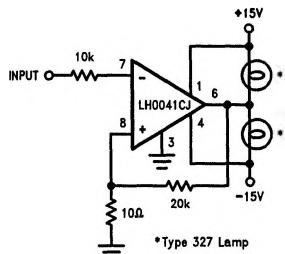
TL/K/10115-10

Programmable High Current Source/Sink



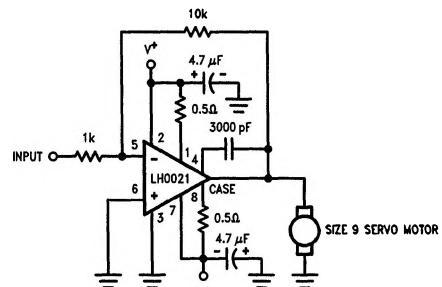
TL/K/10115-11

Power Comparator



TL/K/10115-12

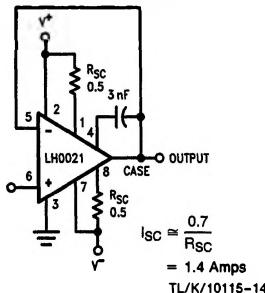
DC Servo Amplifier



TL/K/10115-13

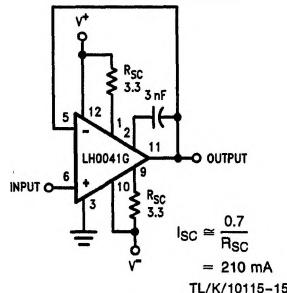
Auxiliary Circuits

LH0021 Unity Gain Circuit with Short Circuit Limiting



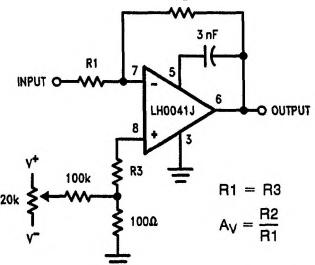
TL/K/10115-14

LH0041G Unity Gain with Short Circuit Limiting



TL/K/10115-15

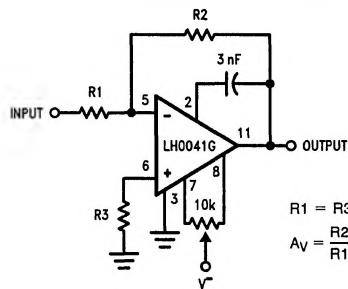
LH0041/LH0021 Offset Voltage Null Circuit (LH0041CJ Pin Connections Shown)*



TL/K/10115-16

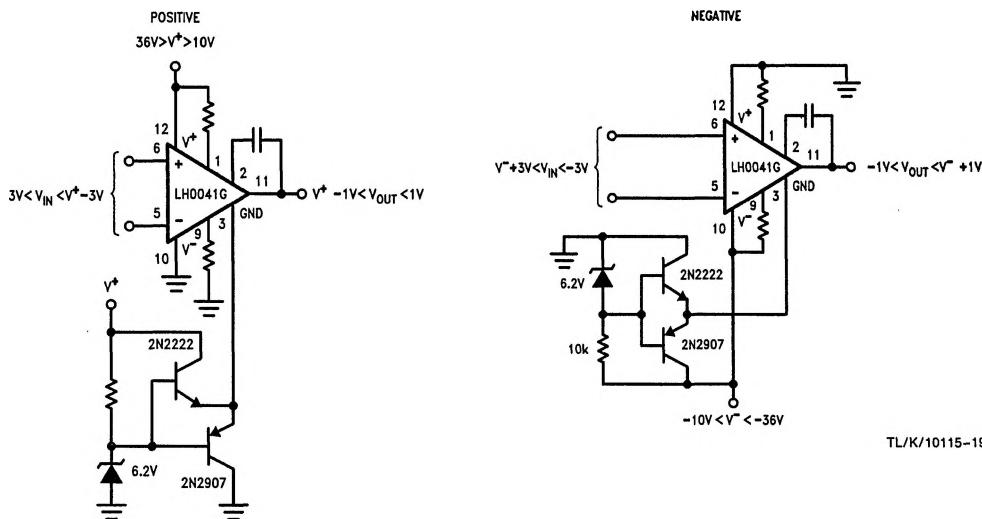
Auxiliary Circuits (Continued)

LH0041G Offset Voltage Null Circuit*

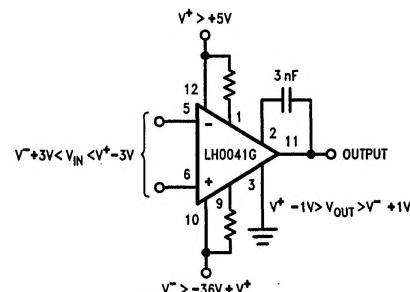
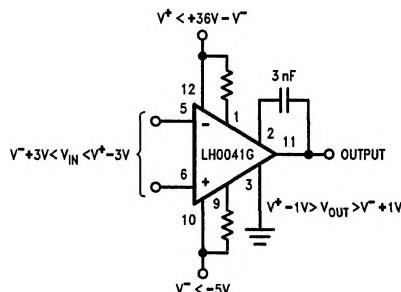


$$R_1 = R_3$$

$$A_v = \frac{R_2}{R_1}$$



Operation from Single Supplies



Operation from Non-Symmetrical Supplies

*For additional offset null circuit techniques see National Linear Applications Handbook.