



LM1112A/LM1112B/LM1112C

Dolby® B-Type Noise Reduction Processor

General Description

The LM1112 is a monolithic integrated circuit specifically designed to realize the Dolby B-type noise reduction system.

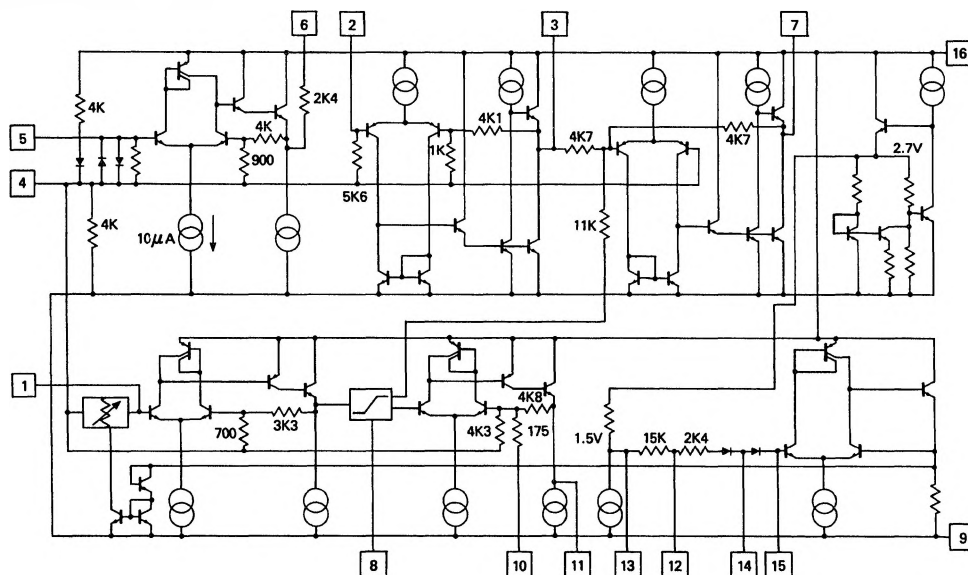
It is a replacement for the LM1111 and the Signetics NE-645/648 but with improved performance figures.

Features

- Very high signal/noise ratio, 74 dB encode (CCIR/ARM)
- Wide supply voltage range, 6V to 20V
- Very close matching to standard Dolby characteristics
- Audible switch-on transients greatly reduced
- Improved temperature performance
- Reduced number of precision external components
- Improved transient stability
- Input protection diodes

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Schematic Diagram



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Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Supply Voltage 24V
Operating Temperature Range -20°C to $+70^{\circ}\text{C}$

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to $+150^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.) 260°C

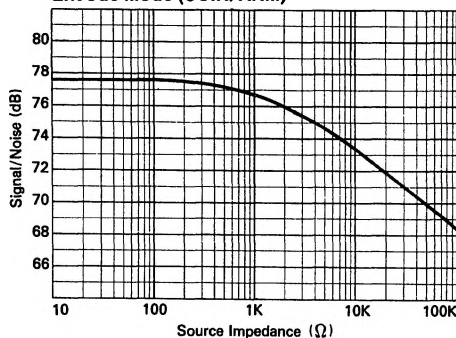
Electrical Characteristics $V_S = 12\text{V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$. 0 dB refers to Dolby level which is 580 mVrms at pin 3.

| Parameter | Conditions | LM1112A | | | LM1112B | | | LM1112C | | | Units |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|---------|-------|-------|------------|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | |
| Supply Voltage Range | | 6 | | 20 | 6 | | 20 | 6 | | 20 | V |
| Supply Current | | | 15 | 20 | | 15 | 20 | | 15 | 20 | mA |
| Voltage Gain (Pin 5–3) | 1 kHz Pins 6 and 12 Connected | 24.5 | 25.5 | 26.5 | 24.5 | 25.5 | 26.5 | 24 | 25.5 | 27 | dB |
| (Pin 5–6) | 1 kHz Pin 6 Open | | 14.7 | | | 14.7 | | | 14.7 | | dB |
| (Pin 3–7) | 1 kHz (Noise Reduction Out) | –0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | –0.5 | 0 | 0.5 | –1 | 0 | 1 | dB |
| Distortion | 1 kHz, 0 dB | | 0.03 | 0.1 | | 0.03 | 0.1 | | 0.03 | 0.1 | % |
| | 10 kHz, +10 dB | | 0.2 | | | 0.2 | | | 0.2 | | % |
| Signal Handling | 1 kHz, 0.3% Distortion | | | | | | | | | | |
| | $V_S = 6\text{V}$ | | 8.5 | | | 8.5 | | | 8.5 | | dB |
| | $V_S = 12\text{V}$ | 13 | 15.5 | | 13 | 15.5 | | 13 | 15.5 | | dB |
| | $V_S = 18\text{V}$ | | 19 | | | 19 | | | 19 | | dB |
| Signal/Noise Ratio at Pin 7 (Note 1) | Pins 6 and 2 Connected | | | | | | | | | | |
| Encode Mode (CCIR/ARM) NR In | $R_S = 10\text{k}$ | 71.5 | 74 | | 71 | 74 | | 70 | 74 | | dB |
| | $R_S = 1\text{k}$ | | 77 | | | 77 | | | 77 | | dB |
| NR Out | $R_S = 10\text{k}$ | | 83 | | | 83 | | | 83 | | dB |
| Decode Mode (CCIR/ARM) | $R_S = 10\text{k}$ | | 83 | | | 83 | | | 83 | | dB |
| Encode Characteristics | Input to Pin 5 10 kHz, 0 dB | 0 | 0.5 | 1.0 | –0.2 | 0.5 | 1.2 | –0.5 | 0.5 | 1.5 | dB |
| | 1.3 kHz, –20 dB | –16.2 | –15.7 | –15.2 | –16.7 | –15.7 | –14.7 | –17.2 | –15.7 | –14.2 | dB |
| | 5 kHz, –20 dB | –17.3 | –16.8 | –16.3 | –17.8 | –16.8 | –15.8 | –18.3 | –16.8 | –15.3 | dB |
| | 3 kHz, –30 dB | –21.7 | –21.2 | –20.7 | –22.2 | –21.2 | –20.2 | –22.7 | –21.2 | –19.7 | dB |
| | 5 kHz, –30 dB | –22.3 | –21.8 | –21.3 | –22.8 | –21.8 | –20.8 | –23.3 | –21.8 | –20.3 | dB |
| | 10 kHz, –30 dB | –24.0 | –23.5 | –23.0 | –24.5 | –23.5 | –22.5 | –25.0 | –23.5 | –22.0 | dB |
| | 10 kHz, –40 dB | –30.1 | –29.6 | –29.1 | –30.3 | –29.6 | –28.9 | –30.6 | –29.6 | –28.6 | dB |
| Input Resistance | Pin 5 | 45 | 65 | 80 | 45 | 65 | 80 | 45 | 65 | 80 | k Ω |
| | Pin 2 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 5.6 | 6.9 | k Ω |
| Output Resistance | Pin 6 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 3.0 | k Ω |
| | Pin 3 | | 30 | 45 | | 30 | 45 | | 30 | 45 | Ω |
| | Pin 7 | | 30 | 45 | | 30 | 45 | | 30 | 45 | Ω |
| PSRR | $f = 120\text{ Hz}$ | | 40 | | | 40 | | | 40 | | dB |
| Load Impedance | Pin 3 | 5 | | | 5 | | | 5 | | | k Ω |
| | Pin 7 | 5 | | | 5 | | | 5 | | | k Ω |

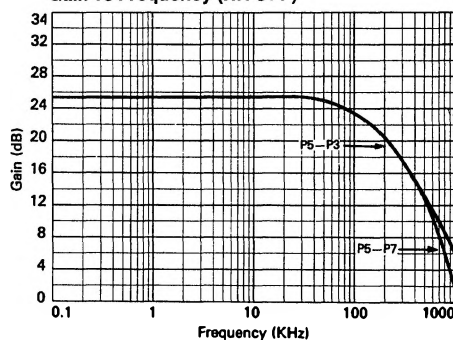
Note 1: Gaussian noise, measured over a period of 50 ms with a CCIR filler and an average responding meter.

Typical Performance Characteristics

Signal/Noise Ratio vs Source Impedance
Encode Mode (CCIR/ARM)

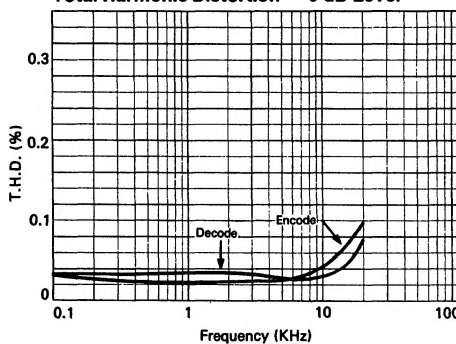


Gain vs Frequency (NR OFF)

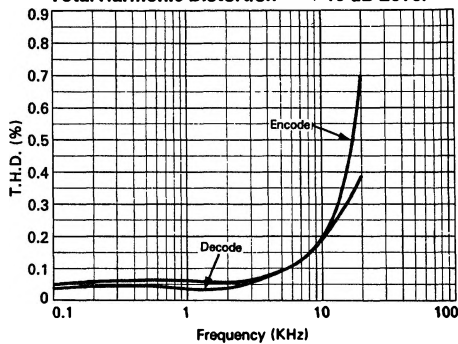


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Total Harmonic Distortion — 0 dB Level

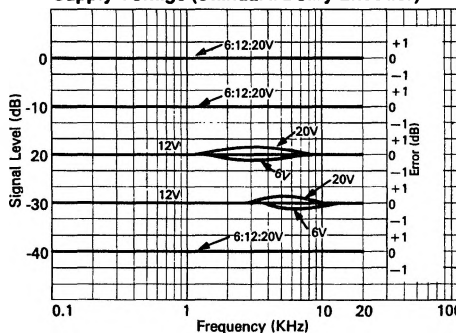


Total Harmonic Distortion — +10 dB Level

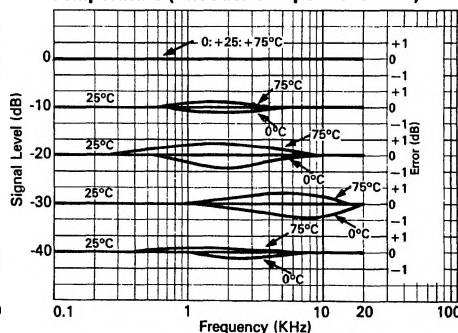


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Back to Back Response Error vs Frequency and Supply Voltage (Standard Dolby Encoder)

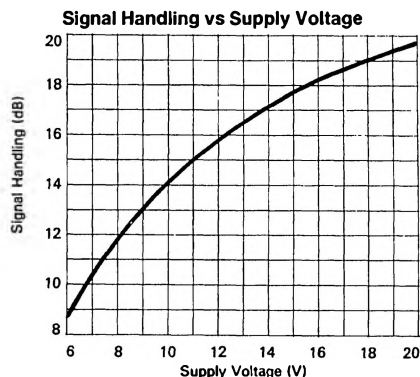
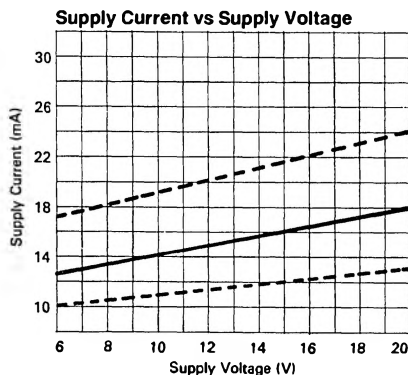


Back to Back Response vs Frequency and Temperature (Encoder Temperature 25°C)



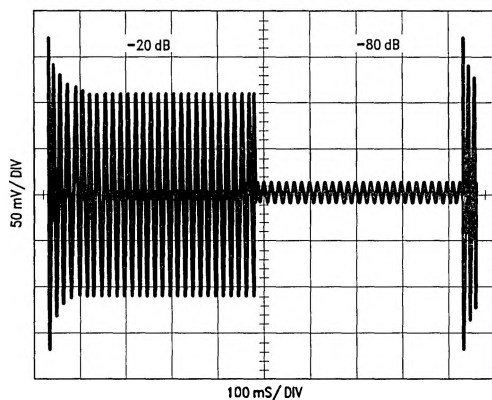
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Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

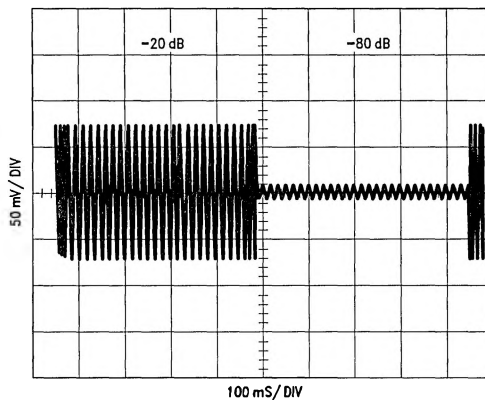


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TRANSIENT RESPONSE TO ABRUPT LEVEL CHANGE (Measured at pin 7)

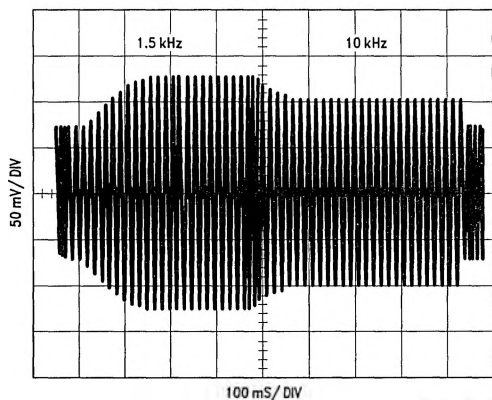
(a) Encode ($f = 5 \text{ kHz}$)

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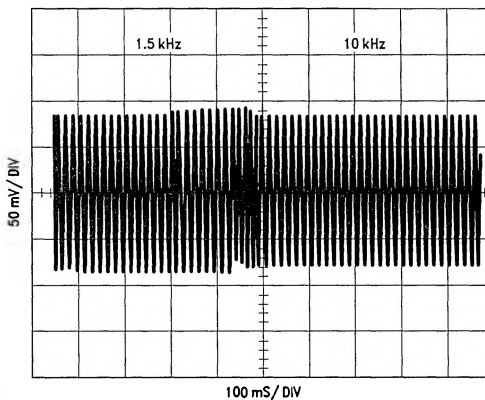
(b) Encoded and Decoded ($f = 5 \text{ kHz}$)

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TRANSIENT RESPONSE TO ABRUPT FREQUENCY CHANGE (Measured at pin 7)

(a) Encode (-20 dB)

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(b) Encoded and Decoded (-20 dB)

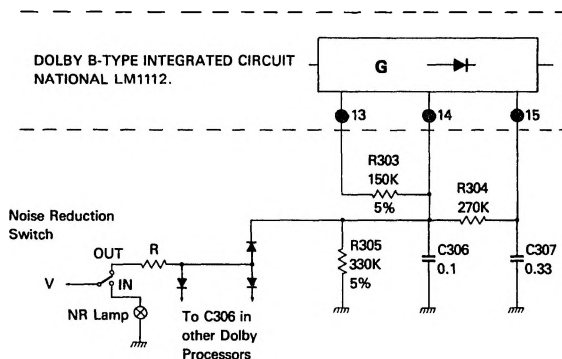
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ELECTRICAL NOISE REDUCTION SWITCH

In place of the normal mechanical noise reduction on/off switch, the circuit below is often used to permit electrical NR control. When using this circuit, the following points should be noted:

1. Signal boost is reduced by increasing DC voltage on Pin 14 (see curve). A voltage of approximately 3V is adequate to achieve NR OFF.

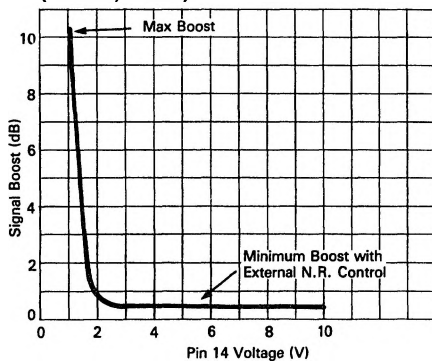
2. Supply current may be significantly increased by high pin 14 forced voltages. Values for V and R should thus be chosen such that pin 14 voltage is 3V–4V.
3. When electrical NR switching is used, signal level is slightly affected by the minimum value of the internal variable impedance. (At 10 kHz–10 dB, a residual boost of approximately 0.4 dB remains.) This is not the case for mechanical NR switching.



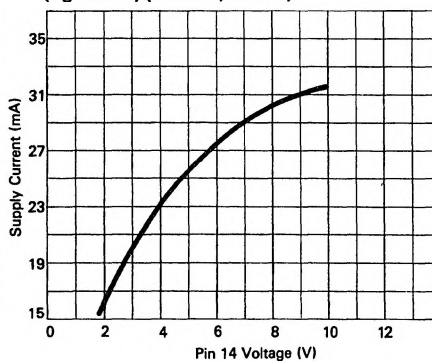
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Note 1: Where not otherwise specified, component tolerances are $\pm 10\%$.

**Signal Boost vs Pin 14 Control Voltage
(Encode, 10 kHz)**

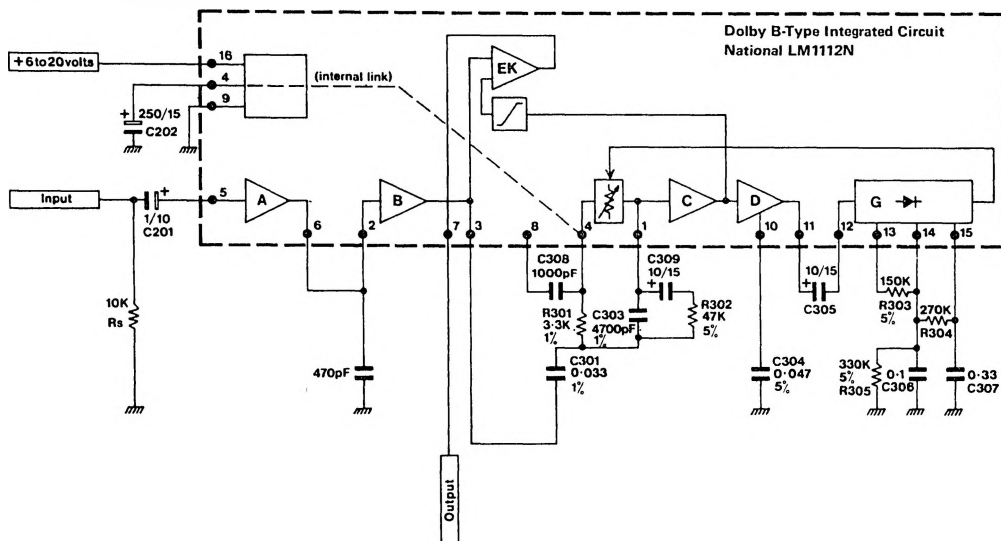


**Supply Current vs Pin 14 Control Voltage
($V_S = 12V$) (Encode, 10 kHz)**



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Test Circuit (Encode)



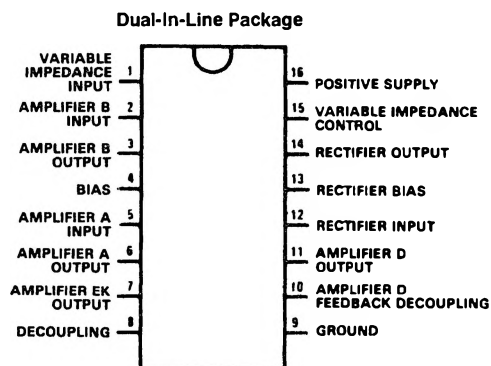
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Note 1: 1 nF capacitors from pin 3 and pin 7 to ground may be required on older devices.

Note 2: Where not otherwise specified, component tolerances are $\pm 10\%$.

Note 3: For LM1112AN use 2% components for C304, R303, R305. (5% components may cause errors up to +0.3 dB.)

Connection Diagram



**Order Number LM1112AN, LM1112BN
or LM1112CN
See NS Package Number N16E**

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