National Semiconductor

LM2991 Negative Low Dropout Adjustable Regulator

General Description

The LM2991 is a low dropout adjustable negative regulator with a output voltage range between -2V to -25V. The LM2991 provides up to 1A of load current and features a \overline{On} /Off pin for remote shutdown capability.

The LM2991 uses new circuit design techniques to provide a low dropout voltage, low quiescent current and low temperature coefficient precision reference. The dropout voltage at 1A load current is typically 0.6V and a guaranteed worst-case maximum of 1V over the entire operating temperature range. The quiescent current is typically 1 mA with a 1A load current and an input-output voltage differential greater than 3V. A unique circuit design of the internal bias supply limits the quiescent current to only 9 mA (typical) when the regulator is in the dropout mode (V_{OUT} - V_{IN} \leq 3V).

The LM2991 is short-circuit proof, and thermal shutdown includes hysteresis to enhance the reliability of the device when inadvertently overloaded for extended periods. The LM2991 is available in a 5-lead TO-220, TO-263, and is rated for operation over the automotive temperature range of -40° C to $+125^{\circ}$ C.

Features

- Output voltage adjustable from -2V to -25V
- Output current in excess of 1A
- Dropout voltage typically 0.6V at 1A load
- Low quiescent current
- Internal short circuit current limit
- Internal thermal shutdown with hysteresis
- TTL, CMOS compatible ON/OFF switch
- Functional complement to the LM2941 series

Applications

- Post switcher regulator
- Local, on-card, regulation
- Battery operated equipment

Connection Diagrams and Ordering Information



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required. please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Input Voltage	-26V to +0.3V
ESD Susceptibility (Note 2)	2 kV
Power Dissipation (Note 3)	Internally limited
Junction Temperature (T _{Jmax})	125°C

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)

Operating Ratings (Note 1)

Junction Temperature Range (T,) -40°C to +125°C Maximum Input Voltage (Operational) -26V LM299⁻

230°C

Electrical Characteristics $V_{IN} = -10V$, $V_O = -3V$, $I_O = 1A$, $C_O = 47 \ \mu$ F, R1 = 2.7k, $T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C, unle	ess
otherwise specified. Boldface limits apply over the entire operating junction temperature range.	

Parameter	Conditions	Typical (Note 4)	Min	Max	Units
Reference Voltage	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1 \text{ A}$	-1.210	-1.234	-1.186	v
	$5 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 1A$, $V_O - 1V \ge V_{IN} \ge -26V$		- 1.27	- 1.15	v
Output Voltage Range		-2		-3	v
	$V_{IN} = -26V$	- 25	-24		v
Line Regulation	$I_{O} = 5 \text{ mA}, V_{O} - 1V \ge V_{IN} \ge -26V$	0.004		0.04	%/V
Load Regulation	$50 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 1\text{A}$	0.04		0.4	%
Dropout Voltage	$I_{O} = 0.1$ A, $\Delta V_{O} \le 100 \text{ mV}$	0.1		0.2 0.3	v
	$I_{O} = 1A, \Delta V_{O} \le 100 \text{ mV}$	0.6		0.8 1	v
Quiescent Current	l ₀ ≤ 1A	0.7		5	mA
Dropout Quiescent Current	$V_{IN} = V_0, I_0 \le 1A$	16		50	mA
Ripple Rejection	$V_{ripple} = 1 Vrms, f_{ripple} = 1 kHz,$ $I_O = 5 mA$	60	50		dB
Output Noise	$10 \text{ Hz} - 100 \text{ kHz}, \text{ I}_{\text{O}} = 5 \text{ mA}$	200		450	μV
ON/OFF Input Voltage	(V _{OUT} : ON) (V _{OUT} : OFF)	1.2 1.3	2.4	0.8	v
ON/OFF Input Current	$V_{\overline{ON}/OFF} = 0.8V (V_{OUT}: ON)$ $V_{\overline{ON}/OFF} = 2.4V (V_{OUT}: OFF)$	0.1 40		10 100	μΑ
Output Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = -26V, V_{\overline{ON}/OFF} = 2.4V$ $V_{OUT} = 0V$	60		250	μΑ
Current Limit	V _{OUT} = 0V	2	1.5		A

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings indicate limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Ratings indicate conditions for which the device is intended to be functional, but do not guarantee specific performance limits. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions, see the Electrical Characteristics.

Note 2: Human body model, 100 pF discharged through a 1.5 k Ω resistor.

Note 3: The maximum power dissipation is a function of T_{Jmax}, θ_{JA} and T_A. The maximum allowable power dissipation at any ambient temperature is P_D = (T_{Jmax} - T_A)/θ_{JA}. If this dissipation is exceeded, the die temperature will rise above 125°C and the LM2991 will go into thermal shutdown. For the LM2991, the junctionto-ambient thermal resistance is 53°C/W for the TO-220, 73°C/W for the TO-263, and junction to-case thermal resistance is 3°C. If the TO-263 package is used, the thermal resistance can be reduced by increasing the PC board copper area thermally connected to the package. Using 0.5 square inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 50°C/W; with 1 square inch of copper area, θ_{JA} is 37°C/W; and with 1.6 or more square inches of copper area, θ_{JA} is 32°C/W.

Note 4: Typicals are at T_J = 25°C and represent the most likely parametric norm.



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Typical Applications





Application Hints

EXTERNAL CAPACITORS

The LM2991 regulator requires an output capacitor to maintain stability. The capacitor must be at least 10 μ F aluminum electrolytic or 1 μ F solid tantalum. The output capacitor's ESR must be less than 10 Ω , or the zero added to the regulator frequency response by the ESR could reduce the phase margin, creating oscillations. The shaded area in the Output Capacitor ESR graph indicates the recommended ESR range. An input capacitor, of at least 1 μ F solid tantalum or 10 μ F aluminum electrolytic, is also needed if the regulator is situated more than 6 inches from the input power supply filter.

MINIMUM LOAD

A minimum load current of 500 μA is required for proper operation. The external resistor divider can provide the minimum load, with the resistor from the adjust pin to ground set to 2.4 k $\Omega.$

SETTING THE OUTPUT VOLTAGE

The output voltage of the LM2991 is set externally by a resistor divider and the adjust pin current using the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} * (1 + R_2/R_1) - I_{ADJ} * R_2$$

where $V_{\text{REF}} = -1.21V$. The output voltage can be programmed within the range of -2V to -25V. The adjust pin current is about 60 nA, causing a slight error in the output voltage. However, using resistors lower than 100 k Ω makes the adjust pin current negligible. For example, neglecting the adjust pin current, and setting R2 to 100 k Ω and V_{OUT} to -5V, results in an output voltage error of only 0.16%.

ON/OFF PIN

The LM2991 regulator can be turned off by applying a TTL or CMOS level high signal to the \overline{ON}/OFF pin (see Current Sink Application).

*Required if the regulator is located further than 6 inches from the power supply filter capacitors. A 1 μF solid tantalum or a 10 μF aluminum electrolytic capacitor is recommended.

**Required for stability. Must be at least a 10 μ F aluminum electrolytic or a 1 μ F solid tantalum to maintain stability. May be increased without bound to maintain regulation during transients. Locate the capacitor as close as possible to the regulator. The equivalent series resistance (ESR) is critical, and should be less than 10 Ω over the same operating temperature range as the regulator.



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FORCING THE OUTPUT POSITIVE

Due to an internal clamp circuit, the LM2991 can withstand positive voltages on its output. If the voltage source pulling the output positive is DC, the current must be limited to 1.5A. A current over 1.5A fed back into the LM2991 could damage the device. The LM2991 output can also withstand fast positive voltage transients up to 26V, without any current limiting of the source. However, if the transients have a duration of over 1 ms, the output should be clamped with a Schottky diode to ground.



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