

# PCM REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVER

- 128 CHANNEL DECODING
- 5-BIT BINARY STATIC OUTPUTS (32 programs)
- 4 ANALOGUE CONTROLS/63 STEPS
- 445 TO 510 kHz REFERENCE OSCILLATOR
- 5 V SUPPLY VOLTAGE
- LOCAL CONTROLS AVAILABLE
- INTEGRATED DIGITAL POWER ON RESET
- SERIAL "I-BUS" OUTPUT FOR TELETEXT AND VIEWDATA
- TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH M709 OR M710 R.C. TRANSMITTERS (flash transmission mode)
- TECHNICAL NOTE TN 155 AVAILABLE



## DESCRIPTION

The M104 has been developed for remote control of TV or radio sets in conjunction with M709/M710 R.C. transmitters. The receiver decodes the transmitted commands only if the transmitted address matches the address code selected at the receiver. 2 addresses are available for this purpose. The accepted command is afterwards released on the serial data bus.

When the M104 is operating in the subsystem mode e.g. Teletext, Viewdata) and a command is continuously received, the Data Bus is disabled after the st signal has been released ; it is reenabled after re reception or the internal generation of the "end of transmission code". The frequency of the clock escillator can be in the range 445 to 510 kHz and on synchronization is required with the transmitter pock.

The M104 is produced with N-channel silicon gate echnology and is assembled in a 28 pin dual in-line pastic package.



PIN CONNECTIONS

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply Voltage	- 0.3 to + 7	V
Vi	Input Voltage (except pin 2) Input voltage pin 2	- 0.3 to + 7 - 0.3 to + 14	V
V <sub>O(off)</sub>	Off-state Output Voltage (pins 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 27, 21, 20, 19, 18, 28) Off-state Output Voltage (pins 17, 10, 9, 4, 12, 11, 13)	14	V

Stresses above those listed under " Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
VDD	Supply Voltage	4.75 to 5.25	V
Vi	Input Voltage (except pin 2) Input Voltage pin 2	0 to 5.25 0 to 13.2	V V
V <sub>O(off)</sub>	Off state Output Voltage (pins 26, 25, 24, 23, 22, 27, 21, 20, 19, 18, 28) Off state Output Voltage (pins 17, 10, 9, 4, 12, 11, 13)	Max 13.2 Max 5.5	v

Note : Test pin and unused open drain outputs must be connected to Vss.



**STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (over recommended operating conditions) Typical Values are at 5 V,  $T_{amb} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C$ 

					Value			
Symbol	Parameter	Pins Test Conditio		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
VIL	Input Low Voltage	3-28				0.8	v	
		5-6-7-8				1.5		
ViH	Input High Voltage	3-28		2.5			v	
		5-6-7-8		4				
VIPP	Peak to Peak Voltage	2		0.5		13.2	V	
Vol	Output Low Voltage	26-25-24-23-22 10-9-21-20 19-18-28-4	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.75 V I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.8 mA			0.4	v	
		27-12-11-13	V <sub>DD</sub> = 4.75 V I <sub>OL</sub> = 1.6 mA			0.4		
l <sub>IL</sub>	Input Low Current	3-5-6-7-8	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.25 V V <sub>IL</sub> = 0.4 V			- 0.4	mA	
I <sub>IH</sub>	Input High Current	28-3	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.25 V V <sub>IH</sub> = 5.25 V			25	μA	
I <sub>O(off)</sub>	Output Leakage Current	26-25-24-23-22 27-21-20-19 18-28	$V_{DD} = 5.25 V$ $V_{O(off)} = 13.2 V$			50	μΑ	
		10-9-4 12-11-13	$V_{DD} = 5.25 V$ $V_{O(off)} = 5.25 V$			25		
IDD	Supply Current	14	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.25 V All Outputs Open			50	mA	

# DESCRIPTION

PIN 1 - Vss.

The substrate of the ICs is connected to this pin. It is the reference pin for all parameters of the ICs.

PIN 2 - SIGNAL INPUT.

The minimum signal to be applied is 0.5 V peak to peak.

The receiver input section performs the following tests on the incoming signal to achieve the necessary noise immunity :

- measurement of the pulse distance (time base synchronization)

- check of the position of the received bits opening window at the time bases

- check of the parity bit

- check of the absence of pulses between the parity bit and the stop-pulse

- check of noise level ; the receiver checks parasitic transient inside and outside the time windows.

If the above test conditions are not fulfilled, the received word is rejected and not decoded. If the received signal is acknowledged as a valid word it is stored and decoded. The received coded word is also released on the serial data bus.

The end of transmission will be acknowledged by receiving the end of transmission code or by means of an internal timer if the transmission remains interrupted for more than about 550 ms.



Supply Voltage of TDA 2320	R	с
5	2.2 K 10 K	4.7 nF 4.7 nF



The end of transmission code is also released on the Data Bus.

#### PIN 3 - ADDRESS INPUT.

The receiver decodes only signals transmitted with addresses 1 and 2. This input has integrated pullup resistor of 50 K (max).

Address Pin 3

2 High

#### PIN 4 - SUBSYSTEM MODE INDICATION.

This open drain output is set high at power on reset and can be switched low with commands 56 to 62. It is repositioned high by commands 2, 12 and 63.

When the receiver is in the subsystem mode (output low) and a command is received continuously the data bus is disabled after the first signal has been released.

It is reenabled after the reception or the internal generation of the "end of transmission code".

No Program change command is executed when M104 is in subsystem mode.

PINS 5-6-7-8 - LOCAL CONTROL INPUTS LOC-A, LOC-B, LOC-C, LOC-D.

These inputs are provided for emergency operations. Therefore only a few controls are provided.

Local input commands and I.R. commands have the same priority.

If a complete I.R. command has been received, the local inputs are blocked until the command has been executed and the "end of transmission code" generated.

Viceversa an I.R. signal cannot be decoded until an issued local command has been executed and the "end of transmission" released.

All these inputs have integrated pull-up resistor of 50 K $\Omega$  (max).

Each command is accepted after it has been present continuously for about 40 ms.

	Inp	uts			D	ata Bu	s Code	Function					
Α	В	С	D	C1	C 2	C 3	C4	C 5	C6	Function			
н	Н	Н	Н										
L	н	Н	н	L	L	L	н	L	L	Program +			
н	L	н	н	н	L	L	н	L	L	Program -			
L	L	н	н	н	L	L	L	L	н	Volume –			
н	н	L	н	н	н	L	L	L	L				
L	н	L	н	L	L	L	L	L	н	Volume +			
н	L	L	н	L	н	L	L	L	н	A 2 +			
L	L	L	н	L	н	L	н	L	L	Normalization			
н	н	н	L	L	н	н	н	L	L	Memory 1 H			
L	н	н	L	н	н	L	L	L	н	A 2 -			
н	L	н	L	L	L	н	L	L	н	A 3 +			
L	L	н	L	Н	L	н	L	L	н	A 3 -			
Н	н	L	L	н	L	н	н	L	L	Memory 1 L			
L	н	L	L	L	н	н	L	L	н	A 4 +			
н	L	L	L	н	Н	н	L	L	н	A 4 -			
L	L	L	L	L	Н	L	L	L	L	Mains off			

#### PINS 9-10 - CONTROL OUTPUT R2, R1.

These outputs consist of open drain transistors that are switched on when commands 6 and 7 are issued. The outputs remain switched on for a time variable between 144 and 173 ms after reception of the command (fref = 500 kHz). They can be used for example to control fine tuning or automatic search commands of M293 (Electronic Program Memory).

Command N°	R1 (pin 10)	R2 (pin 9)
6	L	Н
7	Н	L

PINS 11-12-13 - SERIAL DATA BUS.

DATA (pin 11)

STROBE (pin 12)

CLOCK (pin 13)

Each signal, either remote or local, is released on this serial data bus to control external circuits (Teletext, Viewdata, Videorecorder, Hi-Fi, etc...).

The serial data bus has the following configuration :

All outputs have open drain configuration. See also description of pin 4 for subsystem mode operation.





## PIN 14 - V<sub>DD</sub>.

The supply voltage has to be  $5 V \pm 5 \%$ . An internal power-on reset (lasting 125 ms) is generated when the 5 V is applied.

#### PIN 15 - TEST.

This pin is used for testing and has to be connected to Vss.

# PIN 16-17 - CLOCK OSCILLATOR.

The frequency of the clock oscillator should be be-

tween 445 and 510 kHz using a cheap ceramic resonator. In these conditions the value of the reference frequency of the transmitter can be in the same range. In other words the transmitter and the receiver can operate with different reference frequencies. The clock signal can be used to drive the clock of other ICs through a capacitor connected at pin 16. The 3.3 MΩ resistor must be connected in any case to provide correct reset generation at power-on. If pin16 is temporanly connected to GND, a power-on reset is generated at release of this condition.



# PIN 18 TO 21 - ANALOGUE CONTROL OUTPUTS.

These outputs are provided to control four analogue values (for example volume, brightness, colour saturation and contrast in TV sets).

The outputs deliver square wave signals of 7.8 kHz with a duty cycle variable in 63 steps.

In the case of a continuous command for varying the analogue information, the duty cycle is changed at the rate of the transmitted signal (approximately every 102 ms with  $f_{ref} = 500$  kHz).

Local controls are varied every 115 ms (fref = 500 kHz).

The circuits is provided with underflow and overflow protection.

At supply on reset the volume output (pin 18) is set at duty cycle 21/64 (pulse = H). All other outputs are set at 31/64.

The normalization command sets all the outputs except volume to mid position (31/64).

The volume output can be switched to V<sub>SS</sub> and reset to the previous level by means of command 2 (mute). It is also reset by means of the normalization command, volume + and mains off command.



The volume output is muted at each mains on and off command for approximately 0.5 sec.

It is also muted at supply on/off. The analogue outputs cannot be modified in the standby condition (mains off).

PIN 22 - MEMORY 1 (PE).

This output can be used as shift command for selection of up to 32 programs.

The output is set at power on to a low level. It can be controlled using commands 13 and 14. In the case of program +/- commands the output is automatically switched if the receiver operates with the address 1 (pin 3 = L) and if the program commands are accepted (see pins 23 to 26 and 4).

Otherwise this output is not affected by the program +/ - commands and can be used for general applications. It has open drain configuration.

PINS 23-24-25-26 - PD, PC, PB, PA PROGRAM OUTPUTS.

Open drain, binary coded, static outputs. At power on reset the outputs are set to program 1 (PA to PD = L L L L).

The program selection can be sequential or direct. If the TV set is in the standby condition the program step-by-step  $\pm$  commands (8, 9) or the direct program selection commands (16 to 31) can be used to switch on the set.

In the first case the program can be stepped only if

the command has been interrupted and a continuous sequential program change command causes program stepping in the up or down direction every 0.57 sec. (every 0.5 sec. if issued from R.C. transmitter).

Direct program selection is possible only by remote control.

The selection of up to 32 programs is possible using the memory 1 output (pin 22) that is put low and high by transmitting the commands 13 and 14 respectively.

All the program and shift commands are blocked when one of the commands from 56 to 62 is issued.

This "subsystem mode" condition is reset by commands 2, 12 and 63.

PIN 27 - PROGRAM STROBE OUTPUT.

The program strobe signal is generated each time the content of the memory has to be read and each time the mains output is switched off or on. It is therefore generated at direct program selection (16 to 31) program  $\pm$  stepping (8, 9) and shift commands (13, 14) with address 1.

The strobe signal is not available when the M104 is in the subsystem mode ; the output has open drain configuration.

At direct program selection and shift commands, the strobe is available only one.

This output has open drain configuration.



#### PIN 28 - MAINS ON/OFF.

This active low output, is provided to control the on/off switching of the TV set via a transistor and a relay.

When the supply voltage is applied to the device, the output transistor is automatically biased off.

In this "standby" condition, only the mains on commands are accepted. A mains on command can be given in one of the following ways :

- a) by commands 8, 9 (program +/-)
- by command 12
- by commands 16 to 31.

All these commands are accepted only when received 5 times (about 0.4 sec).

The "end of transmission" code resets the associated counter.



b) - connecting pin 28 to  $V_{SS}$  (GND) for at least 10 $\mu$  s after the power-on reset time (125 ms).

This feature is provided for automatic switch on of the set using a temporarily active slide contact in parallel with the master power on switch. The command is accepted only when the supply voltage  $V_{DD}$  has risen above approximately 4 V.

The set can be put in standby by means of command 2. This command also has to be received 5 times.

#### M104 TRUTH TABLE

Command	Command I.R. C			Cod	е		Local Controls Data Bus Code										
N°	C1	C 2	C 3	C 4	C 5	C6	A	в	С	D	C1	C 2	C 3	C 4	C 5	C 6	Function
0	0	0	0	0	0	0					L	L	L	L	L	L	End of Transmission
1 2 3 4	1 0 1 0	0 1 1 0	0 0 0 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0 0	L	L	L	L	H L H L	L H H L	L L L H	L L L	L L L		Mute on off Mains off Mute off Subsyst. off (pin 4 H)
5 6 7	1 0 1	0 1 1	1 1 1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0					H L H	L H H	H H H	L L L	L L L	L L L	Control 1 L Control 2 L
8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0 0 1 1	0 0 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1			L H L H H	H L L H H	H H L L H	H H H L L				HHHHHH			Program + / Mains on Program - / Mains on Normalization/Mute off Mains on/Subsystem off (pin 4 H) Memory 1 L Memory 1 H
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 1 1 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1												Program 16 / Mains on program 1 / Mains on Program 2 / Mains on Program 3 / Mains on Program 4 / Mains on Program 5 / Mains on Program 6 / Mains on
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0									нннннн		Program 8 / Mains on program 9 / Mains on Program 10 / Mains on Program 11 / Mains on Program 12 / Mains on Program 13 / Mains on Program 14 / Mains on
32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39	0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1	0 0 1 1 0 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 1	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 1 1 1 1 1 1		HLLHLHL		HHLLLL	L H L H L H L H						Volume + / Mute off Volume - Analog 2 + Analog 2 - Analog 3 + Analog 3 - Analog 4 + Analog 4 -

Command		١.	R. (	Cod	е		Loc	al C	ont	rols		Data	a Bu	is C	ode	2	Eurotion
N°	C1	C 2	C 3	C 4	C 5	<b>C</b> 6	A	в	С	D	C 1	C 2	C 3	C 4	C 5	C6	Function
40	0	0	0	1	0	1					L	L	L	н	L	н	
41	1	0	0	1	0	1	Į				H	L	L	н	L	H	
42	0	1	0	1	0	1					L	н	L	н	L	H	
43	1	1	0	1	0	1					н	Н	L	Н	L	H	
44	0	0	1	1	0	1					L	L	н	н	L	H	
45	1	0	1	1	0	1					H	L	н	н	L	H	
46	0	1	1	1	0	1					L	Н	н	н	L	H	
47	1	1	1	1	0	1					н	н	н	н	L	н	
48	0	0	0	0	1	1					L	L	L	L	Н	н	
49	1	0	0	0	1	1					H I	L	L	L	Н	н	
50	0	1	0	0	1	1					L	н	L	L	н	H	
51		1	0	0	1	1					H	н	L	L	н	н	
52	0	0	1	0	1	1					L	L	н	L	н	н	
53	1	0	1	0	1	1					н	L	н	L	н	н	
54	0	1	1	0	1	1					L	н	н	L	н	H	
55	1	1	1	0	1	1					н	Н	Н	L	Н	н	
56	0	0	0	1	1	1					L	L	L	Н	Н	Н	Subsystem Mode on
57	1	0	0	1	1	1					H	L	L	н	н	н	Subsystem Mode on
58	0	1	0	1	1	1					L	н	L	н	н	н	Subsystem Mode on
59	1	1	0	1	1	1					н	н	L	н	н	н	Subsystem Mode on (pin 4 L)
60	0	0	1	1	1	1					L	L	н	Н	Н	н	Subsystem Mode on
61	1	0	1	1	1	1					H	L	н	н	н	н	Subsystem Mode on
62	0	1	1	1	1	1					L	Н	н	Н	н	н	Subsystem Mode on
63	1	1	1	1	1	1					H	н	н	н	н	H	Subsystem Mode off (pin 4 H)

# M104 TRUTH TABLE (continued)

Note : All the program and shift commands (13, 14) are blocked when one of the commands from 56 to 62 is issued. This condition is reset by commands 2, 12 and 63.

# TYPICAL APPLICATION

Remote controlled voltage synthesizer (up to 32 stations) for TV and radio.



Note : For 16 program display. M192 can be used in place of TDA4092.