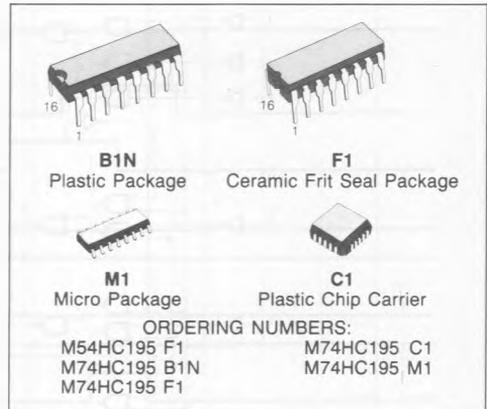


## 4 BIT PIPO SHIFT REGISTER

- **HIGH SPEED**  
 $t_{PD} = 14 \text{ ns (TYP.) at } V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$
- **LOW POWER DISSIPATION**  
 $I_{CC} = 4 \mu\text{A (MAX.) at } T_A = 25^\circ\text{C } 6\text{V}$
- **HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY**  
 $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC(\text{MIN})}$
- **OUTPUT DRIVE CAPABILITY**  
 10 LSTTL LOADS
- **SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE**  
 $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 4\text{mA (MIN)}$
- **BALANCED PROPAGATION DELAYS**  
 $t_{PLH} = t_{PHL}$
- **WIDE OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE**  
 $V_{CC} \text{ (OPR)} = 2\text{V to } 6\text{V}$
- **PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE**  
 WITH 54/74LS195



### DESCRIPTION

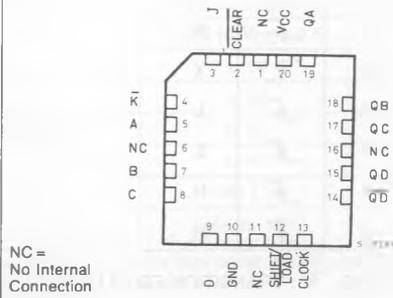
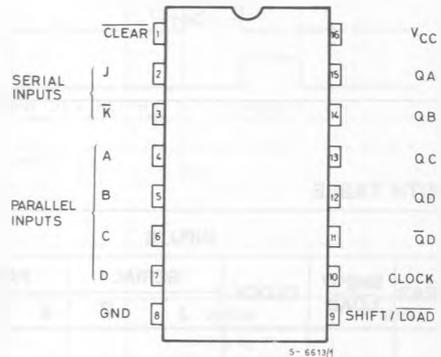
The M54/74HC195 is a high speed CMOS 4 BIT PIPO SHIFT REGISTER fabricated in silicon gate C<sup>2</sup>MOS technology. It has the same high speed performance of LSTTL combined with true CMOS low power consumption.

This shift register features parallel inputs, parallel outputs, J-K serial inputs, a SHIFT/LOAD control input, and a direct overriding CLEAR. This shift register can operate in two modes: Parallel Load; Shift from QA towards QD.

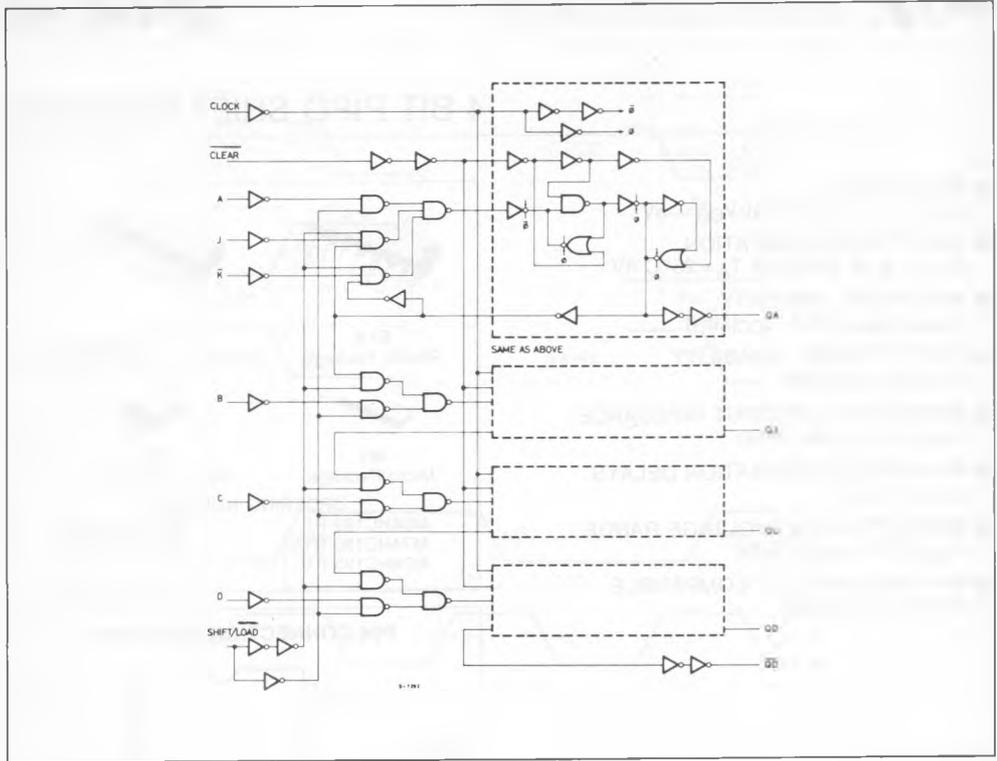
Parallel loading is accomplished by applying the four bits of data, and taking the SHIFT/LOAD control input low. The data is loaded into the associated flip flops and appears at the outputs after the positive transition of the clock input. During parallel loading, serial data flow is inhibited. Serial shifting occurs synchronously when the SHIFT/LOAD control input is high. Serial data for this mode is entered at the J-K inputs. These inputs allow the first stage to perform as a J-K or TOGGLE flip flop as shown in the truth table.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge transient excess voltage.

### PIN CONNECTIONS (top view)



LOGIC DIAGRAM

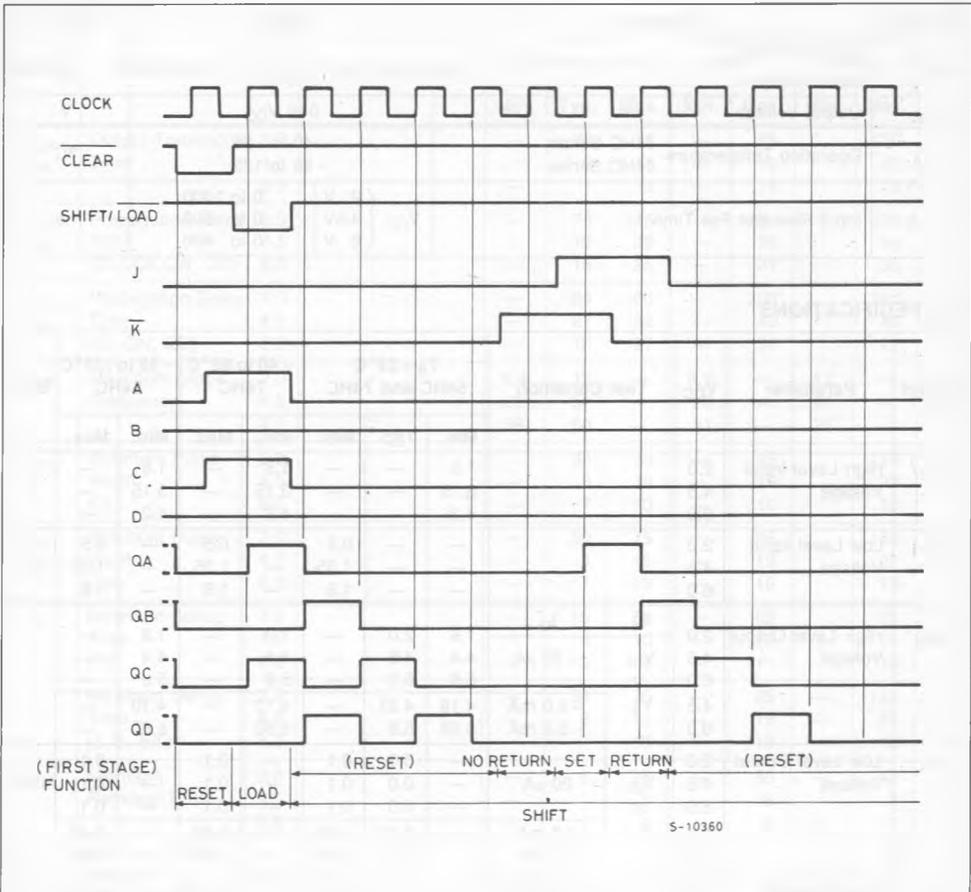


TRUTH TABLE

INPUTS					OUTPUTS								
CLEAR	SHIFT/LOAD	CLOCK	SERIAL		PARALLEL				QA	QB	QC	QD	QD-bar
			J	K	A	B	C	D					
L	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	L	L	L	L	H
H	L	$\downarrow$	X	X	a	b	c	d	a	b	c	d	$\bar{d}$
H	H	$\downarrow$	X	X	X	X	X	X	QA0	QB0	QC0	QD0	$\bar{QD0}$
H	H	$\downarrow$	L	H	X	X	X	X	QA0	QA0	QBn	QCn	$\bar{QCn}$
H	H	$\downarrow$	L	L	X	X	X	X	L	QAn	QBn	QCn	$\bar{QCn}$
H	H	$\downarrow$	H	H	X	X	X	X	H	QAn	QBn	QCn	$\bar{QCn}$
H	H	$\downarrow$	H	L	X	X	X	X	$\bar{QAn}$	QAn	QBn	QCn	$\bar{QCn}$

X: DON'T CARE;  $\downarrow$ : TRANSITION FROM LOW TO HIGH LEVEL;  $\uparrow$ : TRANSITION FROM HIGH TO LOW LEVEL

## TIMING CHART



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to 7	V
$V_i$	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$V_O$	DC Output Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$I_{IK}$	DC Input Diode Current	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_{OK}$	DC Output Diode Current	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_O$	DC Output Source Sink Current Per Output Pin	$\pm 25$	mA
$I_{CC}$ or $I_{GND}$	DC $V_{CC}$ or Ground Current	$\pm 50$	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	500 (*)	mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	$^{\circ}C$

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

(\*) 500 mW:  $\cong 65^{\circ}C$  derate to 300 mW by 10 mW/ $^{\circ}C$ :  $65^{\circ}C$  to  $85^{\circ}C$ .

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply Voltage	2 to 6	V
V <sub>I</sub>	Input Voltage	0 to V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage	0 to V <sub>CC</sub>	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature 74HC Series 54HC Series	-40 to 85 -55 to 125	°C
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Input Rise and Fall Time	V <sub>CC</sub> $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \text{ V} \\ 4.5 \text{ V} \\ 6 \text{ V} \end{array} \right.$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} 0 \text{ to } 1000 \\ 0 \text{ to } 500 \\ 0 \text{ to } 400 \end{array} \right.$	ns

## DC SPECIFICATIONS

Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub>	Test Condition	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C 54HC and 74HC			-40 to 85°C 74HC		-55 to 125°C 54HC		Unit	
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage	2.0		1.5	—	—	1.5	—	1.5	—	V	
		4.5		3.15	—	—	3.15	—	3.15	—		
		6.0		4.2	—	—	4.2	—	4.2	—		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage	2.0		—	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	V	
		4.5		—	—	1.35	—	1.35	—	1.35		
		6.0		—	—	1.8	—	1.8	—	1.8		
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	2.0	V <sub>I</sub>	I <sub>O</sub>	1.9	2.0	—	1.9	—	1.9	—	V
		4.5			V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	-20 μA	4.4	4.5	—	4.4	—	
		6.0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	-4.0 mA -5.2 mA	5.9	6.0	—	5.9	—	5.9	—	
		4.5			4.18	4.31	—	4.13	—	4.10	—	
		6.0			5.68	5.8	—	5.63	—	5.60	—	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Voltage	2.0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	20 μA	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	—	0.1	V
		4.5			—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	—	0.1	
		6.0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	4.0 mA 5.2 mA	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	—	0.1	
		4.5			—	0.17	0.26	—	0.33	—	0.40	
		6.0			—	0.18	0.26	—	0.33	—	0.40	
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	6.0	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		—	—	±0.1	—	±1.0	—	±1.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	6.0	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		—	—	4	—	40	—	80	μA

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C<sub>L</sub> = 15pF, Input t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6ns)

Symbol	Parameter	54HC and 74HC			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>	Output Transition Time		4	8	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time (CLOCK-QN, QD)		14	23	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time (CL-QN, QD)		17	27	ns
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	35	56		MHz

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , Input  $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ns}$ )

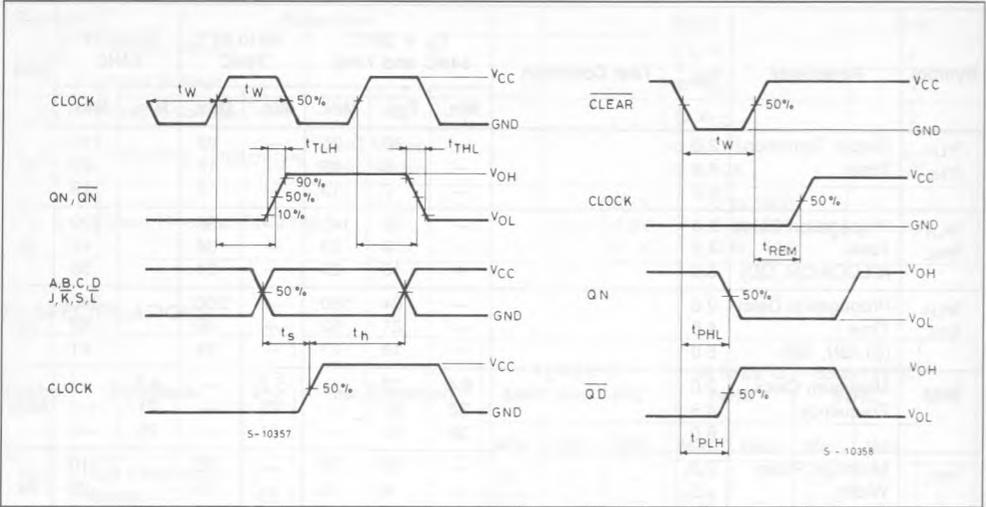
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}$	Test Condition	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 54HC and 74HC			$-40$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$ 74HC		$-55$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ 54HC		Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$t_{TLH}$ $t_{THL}$	Output Transition Time	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	30 8 7	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay Time (CLOCK-QN, $\bar{QD}$ )	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	76 19 16	145 29 25	— — —	180 36 31	— — —	220 44 38	ns
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay Time (CL-QN, QD)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	84 21 18	160 32 27	— — —	200 40 34	— — —	240 48 41	ns
$f_{MAX}$	Maximum Clock Frequency	2.0 4.5 6.0		6.4 32 38	13 51 60	— — —	5.2 26 31	— — —	4.2 21 25	— — —	MHz
$t_{W(L)}$	Minimum Pulse Width (CL)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	30 8 7	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_{W(H)}$ $t_{W(L)}$	Minimum Pulse Width (CK)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	30 8 7	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_s$	Minimum Set-up Time (PI)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	15 4 3	50 10 9	— — —	65 13 11	— — —	75 15 13	ns
$t_s$	Minimum Set-up Time (J, $\bar{K}$ , S/ $\bar{L}$ )	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	36 8 7	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_{REM}$	Minimum Removal Time	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	5 1 1	25 5 5	— — —	30 6 6	— — —	40 8 7	ns
$t_h$	Minimum Hold Time (PIN, SIN-CK)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	— — —	0 0 0	— — —	0 0 0	— — —	0 0 0	ns
$t_h$	Minimum Hold Time (S/ $\bar{L}$ -CK)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	— — —	0 0 0	— — —	0 0 0	— — —	0 0 0	ns
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance			—	5	10	—	10	—	10	pF
$C_{PD} (*)$	Power Dissipation Capacitance			—	126	—	—	—	—	—	pF

Note (\*)  $C_{PD}$  is defined as the value of the IC's internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

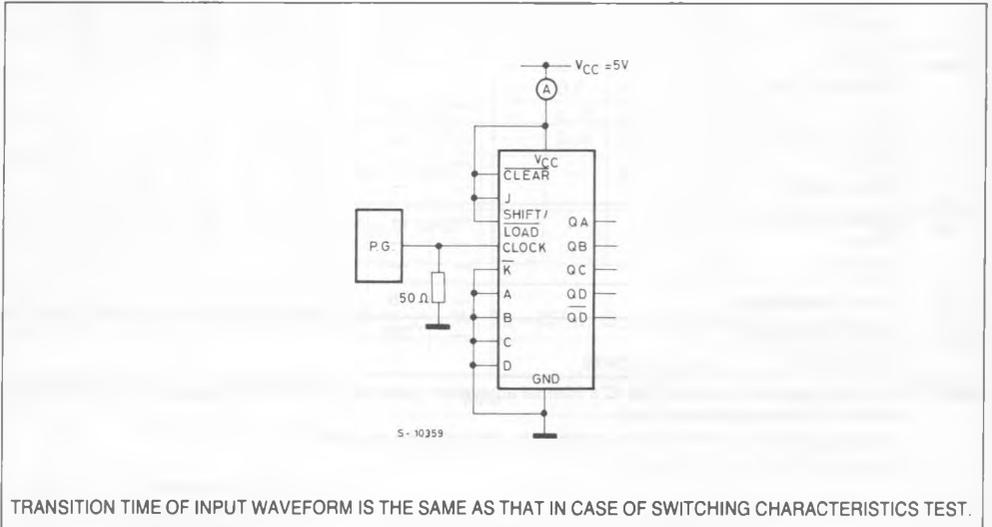
Average operating current can be obtained by the following equation

$$I_{CC(opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}$$

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS TEST WAVEFORM



TEST CIRCUIT  $I_{CC}$  (Opr.)



TRANSITION TIME OF INPUT WAVEFORM IS THE SAME AS THAT IN CASE OF SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS TEST.