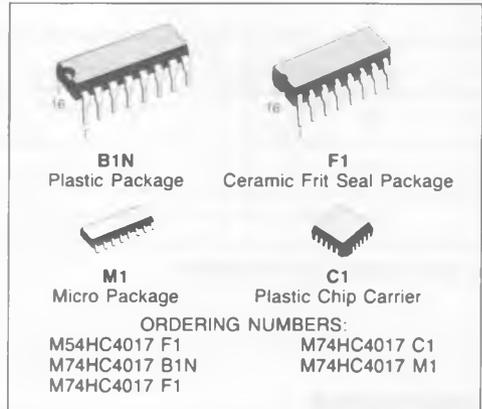


## DECADE COUNTER/DIVIDER

- **HIGH SPEED**  
 $t_{PD} = 21 \text{ ns (TYP)}$  at  $V_{CC} = 5V$
- **LOW POWER DISSIPATION**  
 $I_{CC} = 4 \mu A \text{ (MAX.)}$  at  $T_A = 25^\circ C$
- **HIGH NOISE IMMUNITY**  
 $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC} \text{ (MIN.)}$
- **OUTPUT DRIVE CAPABILITY**  
 10 LSTTL LOADS
- **SYMMETRICAL OUTPUT IMPEDANCE**  
 $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA (MIN.)}$
- **BALANCED PROPAGATION DELAYS**  
 $t_{PLH} = t_{PHL}$
- **WIDE OPERATING VOLTAGE RANGE**  
 $V_{CC} \text{ (OPR)} = 2V \text{ to } 6V$
- **PIN AND FUNCTION COMPATIBLE**  
 WITH 4017 B



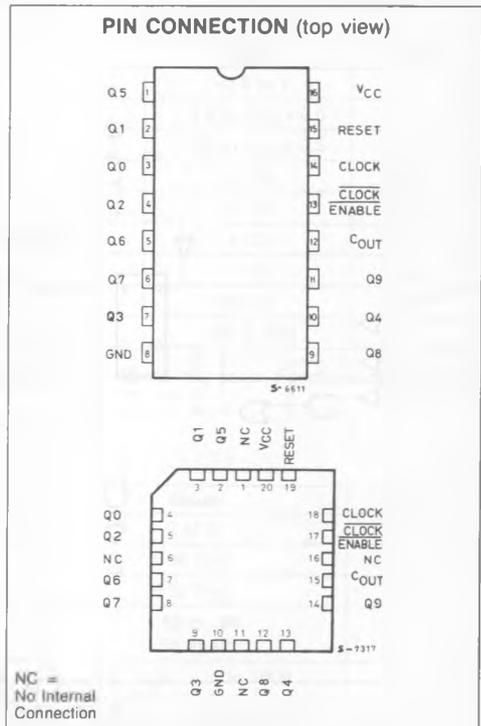
### DESCRIPTION

The M54/74HC4017 is a high speed CMOS DECADE COUNTER/DIVIDER fabricated in silicon gate CMOS technology. It has the same high speed performance of LSTTL combined with true CMOS low power consumption.

The M54/74HC4017 is a 5-stage Johnson counter with 10 decoded outputs. Each of the decoded outputs is normally low and sequentially goes high on the low to high transition of the clock input. Each output stays high for one clock period of the 10 clock period cycle. The CARRY output goes low to high after OUTPUT 10 goes low, and can be used in conjunction with the CLOCK ENABLE to cascade several stages.

The CLOCK ENABLE input disables counting when in the high state. A RESET input is also provided which when taken high sets all the decoded outputs low.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge and transient excess voltage.

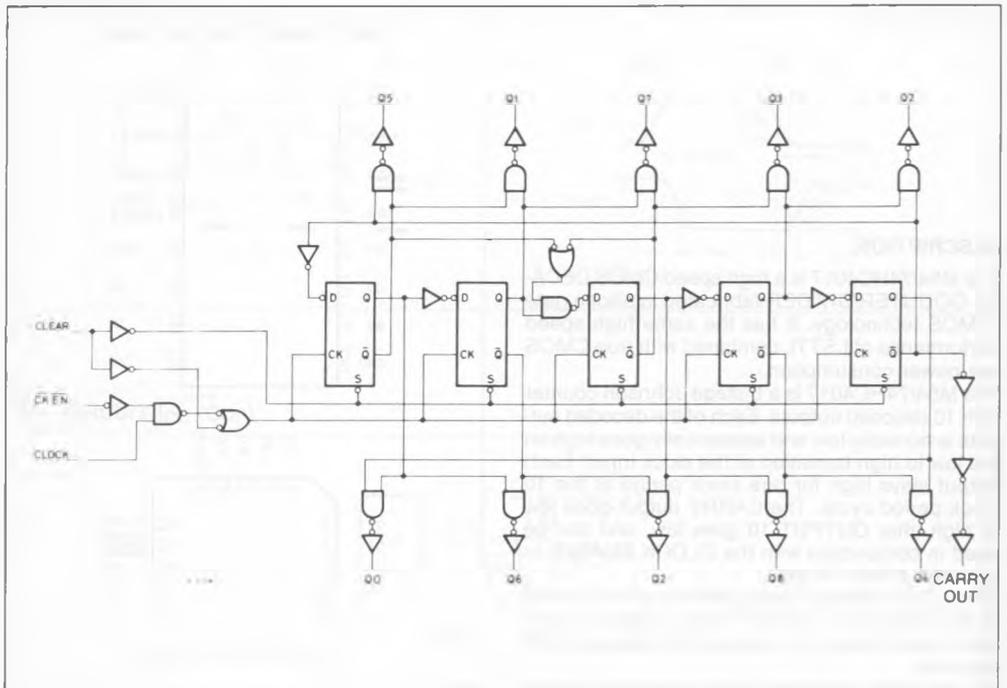


TRUTH TABLE

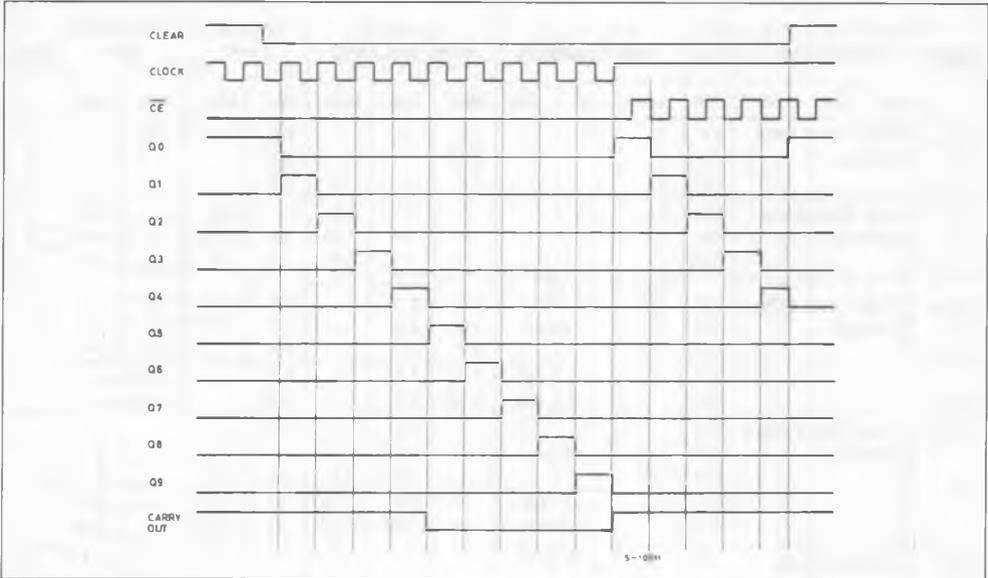
CLOCK	CLOCK ENABLE	CLEAR	DECODE OUTPUT (H)
X	X	H	Q0
L	X	L	Qn
X	H	L	Qn
$\overline{\uparrow}$	L	L	Qn + 1
$\overline{\downarrow}$	L	L	Qn
H	$\overline{\uparrow}$	L	Qn
H	$\overline{\downarrow}$	L	Qn + 1

X: DON'T CARE Qn: NO CHANGE

LOGIC DIAGRAM



## TIMING DIAGRAM



## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	-0.5 to 7	V
$V_I$	DC Input Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$V_O$	DC Output Voltage	-0.5 to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$I_{IK}$	DC Input Diode Current	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_{OK}$	DC Output Diode Current	$\pm 20$	mA
$I_O$	DC Output Source Sink Current Per Output Pin	$\pm 25$	mA
$I_{CC}$ or $I_{GND}$	DC $V_{CC}$ or Ground Current	$\pm 50$	mA
$P_D$	Power Dissipation	500 (*)	mW
$T_{stg}$	Storage Temperature	-65 to 150	$^{\circ}C$

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

(\*) 500 mW:  $\cong$  65 $^{\circ}C$  derate to 300 mW by 10 mW/ $^{\circ}C$ : 65 $^{\circ}C$  to 85 $^{\circ}C$

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	2 to 6	V
$V_I$	Input Voltage	0 to $V_{CC}$	V
$V_O$	Output Voltage	0 to $V_{CC}$	V
$T_A$	Operating Temperature 74HC Series 54HC Series	-40 to 85 -55 to 125	$^{\circ}C$
$t_r, t_f$	Input Rise and Fall Time	$V_{CC} \begin{cases} 2 \text{ V} & 0 \text{ to } 1000 \\ 4.5 \text{ V} & 0 \text{ to } 500 \\ 6 \text{ V} & 0 \text{ to } 400 \end{cases}$	ns

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub>	Test Condition	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C 54HC and 74HC			- 40 to 85°C 74HC		- 55 to 125°C 54HC		Unit	
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.		
V <sub>IH</sub>	High Level Input Voltage	2.0		1.5	—	—	1.5	—	1.5	—	V	
		4.5		3.15	—	—	3.15	—	3.15	—		
		6.0		4.2	—	—	4.2	—	4.2	—		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low Level Input Voltage	2.0		—	—	0.5	—	0.5	—	0.5	V	
		4.5		—	—	1.35	—	1.35	—	1.35		
		6.0		—	—	1.8	—	1.8	—	1.8		
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Level Output Voltage	2.0	V <sub>I</sub>	I <sub>O</sub>	1.9	2.0	—	1.9	—	1.9	—	V
		4.5	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	- 20 μA	4.4	4.5	—	4.4	—	4.4	—	
		6.0			5.9	6.0	—	5.9	—	5.9	—	
		4.5	- 4.0 mA	4.18	4.31	—	4.13	—	4.10	—		
6.0	- 5.2 mA	5.68		5.8	—	5.63	—	5.60	—			
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low Level Output Voltage	2.0	V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	20 μA	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	—	0.1	V
		4.5			—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	—	0.1	
		6.0			—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	—	0.1	
		4.5			4.0 mA	—	0.17	0.26	—	0.33	—	
6.0	5.2 mA	—	0.18	0.26		—	0.33	—	0.40			
I <sub>I</sub>	Input Leakage Current	6.0	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		—	—	±0.1	—	±1.0	—	±1.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	6.0	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND I <sub>O</sub> = 0		—	—	4	—	40	—	80	μA

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (V<sub>CC</sub> = 5V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, C<sub>L</sub> = 15pF, Input t<sub>r</sub> = t<sub>f</sub> = 6ns)

Symbol	Parameter	54HC and 74HC			Unit
		Min.	Typ.	Max.	
t <sub>TLH</sub> t <sub>THL</sub>	Output Transition Time		4	8	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time (CK-QN, CARRY OUT)		21	33	ns
t <sub>PLH</sub> t <sub>PHL</sub>	Propagation Delay Time (CLEAR-Q - CARRY OUT)		21	33	ns
f <sub>MAX</sub>	Maximum Clock Frequency	28	45		MHz

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $C_L = 50\text{pF}$ , Input  $t_r = t_f = 6\text{ns}$ )

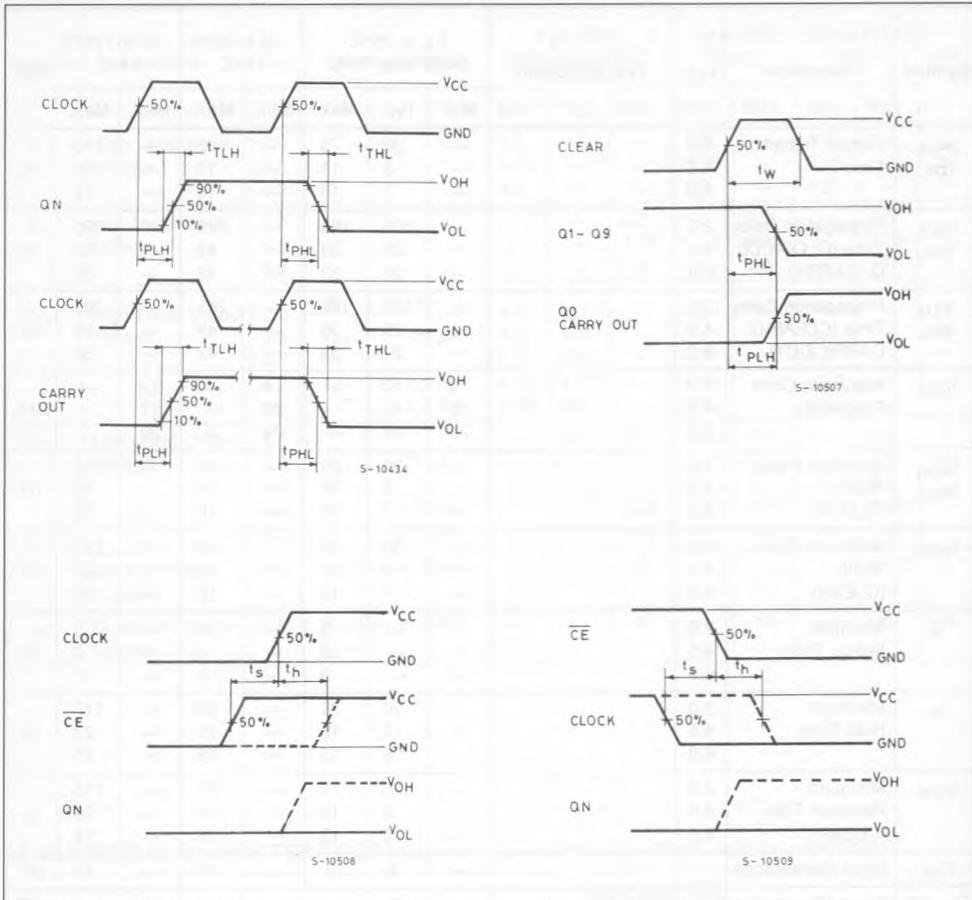
Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}$	Test Condition	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ 54HC and 74HC			$-40$ to $85^\circ\text{C}$ 74HC		$-55$ to $125^\circ\text{C}$ 54HC		Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	Min.	Max.	Min.	Max.	
$t_{TLH}$ $t_{THL}$	Output Transition Time	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	30 8 7	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay Time (CLOCK, $\overline{CE}$ , Q, CARRY)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	100 25 21	195 39 33	— — —	245 49 42	— — —	295 59 50	ns
$t_{PLH}$ $t_{PHL}$	Propagation Delay Time (CLEAR-Q, CARRY OUT)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	100 25 21	195 39 33	— — —	245 49 42	— — —	295 59 50	ns
$f_{MAX}$	Maximum Clock Frequency	2.0 4.5 6.0		5 25 29	10 41 48	— — —	4 20 24	— — —	3.4 17 20	— — —	MHz
$t_{W(H)}$ $t_{W(L)}$	Minimum Pulse Width (CLOCK)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	30 8 7	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_{W(H)}$	Minimum Pulse Width (CLEAR)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	30 8 7	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_s$	Minimum Set-up Time	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	— — —	0 0 0	— — —	0 0 0	— — —	0 0 0	ns
$t_h$	Minimum Hold Time	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	30 7 6	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$t_{REM}$	Minimum Removal Time (CLEAR)	2.0 4.5 6.0		— — —	25 6 5	75 15 13	— — —	95 19 16	— — —	110 22 19	ns
$C_{IN}$	Input Capacitance			—	5	10	—	10	—	10	pF
$C_{PD} (*)$	Power Dissipation Capacitance			—	74	—	—	—	—	—	pF

Note (\*)  $C_{PD}$  is defined as the value of the IC's internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

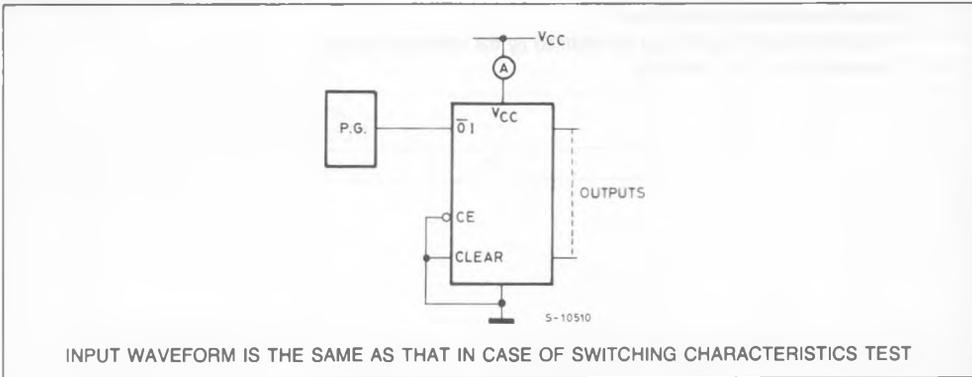
Average operating current can be obtained by the following equation:

$$I_{CC(opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}$$

SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS TEST WAVEFORM



TEST CIRCUIT  $I_{CC}$  (Opr.)



INPUT WAVEFORM IS THE SAME AS THAT IN CASE OF SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS TEST