Low Power, 3½ Digit A/D Converter With Display Hold

General Description

The Maxim MAX136 is a monolithic analog to digital converter with very high input impedance. It differs from the Maxim ICL7136 in that the MAX136 provides a Hold pin, which makes it possible to hold or "freeze" a reading. The MAX136 directly drives a non-multiplexed liquid crystal (LCD) display, requiring no external drive circuitry. With minor external component changes, it is pin compatible with the ICL7116 but with significantly reduced power consumption, making the MAX136 a superior device for portable systems.

Versatility and accuracy are inherent features of this converter. The dual-slope conversion technique automatically rejects interference signals common in industrial environments. True differential inputs allow direct measurements of bridge transducer outputs or load cells. The zero-integrator phase eliminates overrange hangover and hysteresis effects. The MAX136 offers high accuracy by lowering rollover error to less than one count and zero reading drift to less than 1 μ V/°C.

Applications

These devices can be used in a wide range of digital panel meter applications. Most applications, however, involve the measurement and display of analog data:

Pressure	Conductance
Voltage	Current
Resistance	Speed
Temperature	Material Thickness

MAX136

-11-

(Detailed Circuit Diagram—See 3rd page)

~~~

₹+ŀ

# Typical Operating Circuit

VRE

-

COMMON (PIN32)

LCD DISPLAY

HOLD

TO ANALOG

-1313121

9۷

# \_\_\_\_ Features

MAX 136

- Power dissipation guaranteed less than 1mW-9V battery life 3000 hours typical
- Hold pin allows indefinite display hold
- Guaranteed first reading recovery from overrange
- On board Display Drive Capability—no external circuitry required
  - High Impedance CMOS Differential inputs
- ♦ Low Noise (< 15µV p-p) without hysteresis or overrange hangover</p>
- Clock and Reference On-Chip

٠

٠

- Zero Input Gives Zero Reading
- True Polarity Indication for Precision Null Applications
- Key Parameters Guaranteed over Temperature

# \_\_\_\_\_ Ordering Information

| PART      | TEMP. RANGE  | PACKAGE                      |
|-----------|--------------|------------------------------|
| MAX136CPL | 0°C to +70°C | 40 Lead Plastic DIP          |
| MAX136CJL | 0°C to +70°C | 40 Lead CERDIP               |
| MAX136CQH | 0°C to +70°C | 44 Lead Plastic Chip Carrier |
| MAX136C/D | 0°C to +70°C | Dice                         |







ANALOG

\_\_\_\_ Maxim Integrated Products 1

Call toll free 1-800-998-8800 for free samples or literature.

# Low Power, 3½ Digit A/D Converter With Display Hold

# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

**MAX136** 

 Supply Voltage (V<sup>+</sup> to V<sup>-</sup>)
 15V

 Analog Input Voltage (either input) (Note 1)
 V<sup>+</sup> to V<sup>-</sup>

 Reference Input Voltage (either input)
 V<sup>+</sup> to V<sup>-</sup>

 Clock Input, Hold Input
 TEST to V<sup>+</sup>

| Power Dissipation (Note 2)                   |
|----------------------------------------------|
| Cerdip Package 800mW                         |
| Plastic Package 800mW                        |
| Operating Temperature 0°C to +70°C           |
| Storage Temperature65°C to +160°C            |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 60 sec.) +300°C |

Note 1: Input voltages may exceed the supply voltages, provided the input current is limited to ±1mA. Note 2: Dissipation rating assumes device is mounted with all leads soldered to printed circuit board.

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (V<sup>+</sup> = 9V; T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C;  $f_{CLOCK}$  = 48kHz; test circuit - Figure 1 unless noted.)

| PARAMETERS                                                                                           | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | MIN                 | ΤΥΡ                  | MAX              | UNITS                 |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|------------------|-----------------------|
| Zero Input Reading                                                                                   | $ \begin{array}{l} V_{1N} = 0.0V, \mbox{ Full Scale} = 200.0mV \\ T_A = 25^{\circ}C \ (Note \ 3) \\ 0^{\circ} \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}C \ (Note \ 6) \end{array} $                                                              | -000.0<br>-000.0    | ±000.0<br>±000.0     | +000.0<br>+000.0 | Digital<br>Reading    |
| Ratiometric Reading                                                                                  | $ \begin{array}{l} V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{REF}}, V_{\text{REF}} = 100 \text{mV} \\ T_{\text{A}} = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \ (\text{Note 3}) \\ 0^{\circ} \leq T_{\text{A}} \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C} \ (\text{Note 6}) \end{array} $ | 999<br>998          | 999/1000<br>999/1000 | 1000<br>1001     | Digital<br>Reading    |
| Rollover Error (Difference in<br>reading for equal positive and<br>negative reading near Full Scale) | $\begin{array}{l} -V_{IN} = +V_{IN} \cong 200.0 \text{mV} \\ T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C} \ (\text{Note 3}) \\ 0^{\circ} \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}\text{C} \ (\text{Note 6}) \end{array}$                                            | -1                  | ±0.2<br>±0.2         | +1               | Counts                |
| Linearity (Max. deviation from<br>best straight line fit)                                            | Full Scale = 200.0mV<br>or full scale = 2.000V                                                                                                                                                                                  | -1                  | ±0.2                 | +1               | Counts                |
| Common Mode Rejection Ratio<br>(Note 7)                                                              | V <sub>CM</sub> = ± 1V, V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V<br>Full Scale = 200.0mV                                                                                                                                                            |                     | 5                    |                  | μV/V                  |
| Noise (Pk-Pk value not exceeded<br>95% of time)                                                      | V <sub>IN</sub> = 0V<br>Full Scale = 200.0mV                                                                                                                                                                                    |                     | 10                   |                  | μV                    |
| nput Leakage Current                                                                                 | $V_{IN}$ = 0, $T_A$ = 25°C (Note 3)<br>0° $\leq T_A \leq$ 70°C                                                                                                                                                                  |                     | 1<br>20              | 10<br>200        | рА                    |
| Zero Reading Drift                                                                                   | $V_{IN} = 0, 0^{\circ} \le T_A \le 70^{\circ}C$ (Note 6)                                                                                                                                                                        |                     | 0.2                  | 1                | μV/°C                 |
| Scale Factor Temperature<br>Coefficient                                                              | V <sub>IN</sub> = 199.0mV<br>0° ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ 70°C<br>(Ext. Ref. 0ppm/°C) (Note 6)                                                                                                                                         |                     | 1                    | 5                | ppm/°C                |
| V <sup>+</sup> Supply Current                                                                        | $ \begin{array}{l} V_{IN} = 0 \\ T_A = 25^{\circ}C \\ 0^{\circ} \leq T_A \leq 70^{\circ}C \end{array} \end{array} $                                                                                                             |                     | 80                   | 150<br>200       | μA                    |
| Analog Common Voltage (with<br>respect to Pos. supply)                                               | 250kΩ between Common & Pos. Supply                                                                                                                                                                                              | 2.6                 | 2.8                  | 3.2              | V                     |
| Temp. Coeff. of Analog Common<br>with respect to Pos. Supply                                         | 250kΩ between Common &<br>Pos. Supply                                                                                                                                                                                           |                     | 75                   |                  | ppm/°C                |
| nput Resistance, Pin 1                                                                               |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                     | 1000                 |                  | MΩ                    |
| / <sub>iL</sub> , Pin 1                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |                     |                      | TEST +1.5        | V                     |
| V <sub>IH</sub> , Pin 1                                                                              |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | V <sup>+</sup> -1.5 |                      |                  | ٧                     |
| Pk-Pk Segment Drive Voltage<br>Pk-Pk Backplane Drive Voltage                                         | V <sup>+</sup> to V <sup>-</sup> = 9V (Note 8)                                                                                                                                                                                  | 4                   | 5                    | 6                | v                     |
| Test Pin Voltage                                                                                     | With Respect to V <sup>+</sup>                                                                                                                                                                                                  | 4                   | 5                    | 6                | v                     |
| Overload Recovery Time (Note 5)                                                                      | $\rm V_{IN}$ changing from $\pm$ 10V to 0V                                                                                                                                                                                      |                     | 0                    | 1                | Measurement<br>Cycles |

Note 3: Test condition is V<sub>IN</sub> applied between pins IN-HI and IN-LO, i.e., 1MΩ resistor in Figures 1 and 2.
 Note 4: All pins are designed to withstand electrostatic discharge (ESD) levels in excess of 2000V. (Test circuit per Mil. Std. 883C, Method 3015.2)
 Note 5: Number of measurement cycles for display to give accurate reading.
 Note 5: Number of measurement cycles for display to give accurate reading.

Note 5: Number of measurement cycles for oisplay to give accurate reading.
 Note 5: 1MΩ resistor is removed in Figures 1 and 2.
 Note 7: Refer to "Differential Input" discussion (See Maxim's ICL7136 data sheet).
 Note 8: Back plane drive is in phase with segment drive for 'off' segment, 180° out of phase for 'on' segment. Frequency is 20 times conversion rate. Average DC component is less than 50mV.

|--|--|--|--|--|

# Low Power, 3½ Digit A/D Converter With Display Hold

# MAX 136

# **Detailed Description**

The Maxim MAX136 3½ digit A/D converter is similar to the Maxim ICL7136 except for the addition of a Hold pin. For a detailed product description, and applications information (other than the operation of the Hold pin described below), refer to Maxim's ICL7136 data sheet.

# Hold Input

The Hold input is a digital input with a logic threshold approximately midway between V<sup>+</sup> and Test. The MAX136 continuously performs conversions, independent of the Hold input. When the Hold input is at V<sup>+</sup> the display latch pulse is inhibited, and the display latches



Figure 1. Maxim MAX136 Typical Operating Circuit, 200mV Full Scale.

# \_ Chip Topography





# Reference Input

Unlike the ICL7136, the MAX136 does not have a Reference Low input. Apply the reference voltage between Reference High (REF HI) and Common.



Figure 2. Maxim MAX136 Typical Operating Circuit, 2.0V Full Scale.

# Pin Configuration



44 Lead Plastic Chip Carrier (Quad Pack)

Low Power, 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Digit A/D Converter With Display Hold



Maxim cannot assume responsibility for use of any circuitry other than circuitry entirely embodied in a Maxim product. No circuit patent licenses are implied. Maxim reserves the right to change the circuitry and specifications without notice at any time.

4 \_\_\_\_\_Maxim Integrated Products, 120 San Gabriel Drive, Sunnyvale, CA 94086 (408) 737-7600

© 1995 Maxim Integrated Products Printed USA MAXIM is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products.