

Features

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

General Description

The MAX44246 is a 36V, ultra-precision, low-noise, lowdrift, dual operational amplifier that offers near-zero DC offset and drift through the use of patented chopper stabilized and auto-zeroing techniques. This method constantly measures and compensates the input offset, eliminating drift over time and temperature and the effect of 1/f noise. This dual device features rail-to-rail outputs, operates from a single 2.7V to 36V supply, and consumes only 0.42mA per channel, with only 9nV/\Hz input-referred voltage noise.

The IC is unity-gain stable with a gain-bandwidth product of 5MHz. With excellent specifications such as offset voltage of 5μ V (max), drift of 20nV/°C (max), and 117nV_{P-P} noise in 0.1Hz to 10Hz, the IC is ideally suited for applications requiring ultra-low noise, and DC precision such as interfacing with pressure sensors, strain gauges, precision weight scales, and medical instrumentation.

The IC is available in 8-pin μ MAX® or SO packages and is rated over the -40°C to +125°C temperature range.

Applications

Transducer Amplifiers Load Cell Amplifiers Precision Instrumentation Battery-Powered Equipment PLC Analog I/O Modules

- 2.7V to 36V Power-Supply Range
- ♦ Ultra-Low Input V_{OS}: 5µV (max)
- ♦ Low 20nV/°C (max) of Offset Drift
- ◆ Low 9nV/√Hz noise at 1kHz
- ♦ 1µs Fast Settling Time
- ♦ 5MHz Gain-Bandwidth Product
- Rail-to-Rail Output
- ♦ Integrated EMI Filter
- Low 0.55mA Per Channel (max) Quiescent Current
- ♦ 8-Pin µMAX/SO Package

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

For related parts and recommended products to use with this part, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/MAX44246.related</u>.

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For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at www.maximintegrated.com.

Typical Operating Circuit

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage (V _{DD} to GND)	0.3V to +40V
All Other Pins	(GND - 0.3V) to (V _{DD} + 0.3V)
Short-Circuit Duration, OUTA,	
OUTB to Either Supply Rail.	1s
Continuous Input Current (Any	Pin)20mA
Differential Input Current	±20mA
Differential Input Voltage (Note	±6V

Note 1: The amplifier inputs are connected by internal back-to-back clamp diodes. In order to minimize noise in the input stage, current-limiting resistors are not used. If differential input voltages exceeding ±1V are applied, limit input current to 20mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

SO

PACKAGE THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS (Note 2)

μMAX

Note 2: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial</u>.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = 30V, V_{GND} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2, R_L = 5k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	V _{DD}	Guaranteed by PSRR		2.7		36	V
Power-Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_{DD} = 2.7 V \text{ to } 36 V$	$V, T_{A} = +25^{\circ}C$	148	166		dB
(Note 4)	1 0111	$V_{DD} = 2.7 V \text{ to } 36 V$	$V, -40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +125^{\circ}C$	146			uВ
Quiacoant Current per Amplifier	IDD	R ₁ = ∞	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.42	0.55	mA
Quiescent Current per Amplifier	.00		$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +125^{\circ}C$			0.60	ША
Power-Up Time	t _{ON}				20		μs
DC SPECIFICATIONS							
Input Common-Mode Range	V _{CM}	Guaranteed by CMRR test		V _{GND} -	0.05	V _{DD} - 1.5	V
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio (Note 4)	CMRR	$V_{CM} = (V_{GND} + 0.05V) \text{ to } (V_{DD} - 1.5V)$		146	166		dB
Input Offset Voltage (Note 4)	V _{OS}				1	5	μV
Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 4)	TC V _{OS}				1	20	nV/°C
	1-	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			300	600	n A
Input Bias Current (Note 4)	Ι _Β	$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +12$	25°C			1250	рА

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = 30V, V_{GND} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2, R_L = 5k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			600	1200	-	
Input Offset Current (Note 4)	IOS	$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +125^{\circ}C$				2500	рА	
Open-Loop Gain (Note 4)	A _{VOL}	(V _{GND} + 0.5V) :	$\leq V_{OUT} \leq (V_{DD} - 0.5V)$	154	168		dB	
		Newserstin	Sinking		40			
Output Short-Circuit Current		Noncontinuous	Sourcing		30		mA	
Output Voltage Low	V _{OL}	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			90	115	mV	
		$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +1$	125°C			180		
	V _{OH}	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		(V _{DD} - 0.17)	(V _{DD} - 0.13)		- V	
Output Voltage High	VOH	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_{\text{A}} < +125^{\circ}\text{C}$		(V _{DD} - 0.25)				
AC SPECIFICATIONS						-		
Input Voltage-Noise Density	e _N	f = 1kHz			9		nV/√Hz	
Input Voltage Noise		0.1Hz < f < 10H	Z		117		nV _{P-P}	
Input Capacitance	CIN				2		pF	
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW				5		MHz	
Phase Margin	PM	$C_L = 20 pF$			60		Degrees	
Slew Rate	SR	$A_V = 1V/V, V_{OUT}$	- = 4V _{P-P}		3.8		V/µs	
Capacitive Loading	CL	No sustained oscillation, $A_V = 1V/V$			300		pF	
Tatal Hamania Distortion		$V_{OUT} = 4V_{P-P},$ $A_V = +1V/V$	f = 1kHz		-96		-10	
			f = 20kHz		-77		dB	
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD Volut =	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}$	f = 1kHz		-91		dD	
		$A_V = +1V/V$	f = 20kHz	-76			dB	

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = 10V, V_{GND} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2, R_L = 5k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY							
Quieseent Quirent per Amplifier		R _L = ∞	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		0.42	0.55	A
Quiescent Current per Amplifier	IDD		$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +125^{\circ}C$			0.60	mA
Power-Up Time	t _{ON}				20		μs
DC SPECIFICATIONS							
Input Common-Mode Range	V _{CM}	Guaranteed by CMRR test		(GND - 0.05)		(V _{DD} – 1.5)	V

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = 10V, V_{GND} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2, R_L = 5k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	cc	ONDITIONS	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS	
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	(V _{DD} - 1.5V)			158		dB	
(Note 4)	CIVILIT		$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +125^{\circ}C, V_{CM} = (V_{GND} - 0.05V) \text{ to } (V_{DD} - 1.5V)$				UD UD	
Input Offset Voltage (Note 4)	V _{OS}				1	5	μV	
Input Offset Voltage Drift (Note 4)	TC V _{OS}				2.4	20	nV/°C	
Input Rice Current (Note 4)		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			300	600	- A	
Input Bias Current (Note 4)	Ι _Β	$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +12$	25°C			1100	рА	
logut Offect Ourrent (Nate 4)	I _{OS}	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			600	1200		
Input Offset Current (Note 4)	105	$-40^{\circ}C < T_{A} < +12$	25°C			2200	рА	
Open-Loop Gain (Note 4)	A _{VOL}	$(V_{GND} + 0.5V) \leq$	$V_{OUT} \le (V_{DD} - 0.5V)$	144	164		dB	
Output Short-Circuit Current			Sinking		40			
		Noncontinuous	Sourcing		30		mA	
	V _{OL}	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$			30	40		
Output Voltage Low	VOL	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_{\text{A}} < +125^{\circ}\text{C}$				60	mV	
	V _{OH}	$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$		(V _{DD} - 0.06)	(V _{DD} - 0.05)		N	
Output Voltage High		$-40^{\circ}\text{C} < \text{T}_{\text{A}} < +12$	25°C	(V _{DD} - 0.09)				
AC SPECIFICATIONS								
Input Voltage-Noise Density	e _N	f = 1kHz			9		nV/√Hz	
Input Voltage Noise		0.1Hz < f < 10Hz	-		117		nV _{P-P}	
Input Capacitance	C _{IN}				2		pF	
Gain-Bandwidth Product	GBW				5		MHz	
Phase Margin	PM	$C_L = 20pF$			60		Degrees	
Slew Rate	SR	$A_V = +1V/V, V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P}, 10\% \text{ to } 90\%$			3.8		V/µs	
Capacitive Loading	CL	No sustained osc	illation, $A_V = 1V/V$		300		pF	
Total Harmonic Distortion	тип	$V_{OUT} = 2V_{P-P},$	f = 1kHz		-92		dB	
	THD	$A_V = 1V/V$ f = 20kHz			-76			
Settling Time		To 0.01%, V _{OUT} =	= 2V step, $A_V = 1V/V$		1		μs	

Note 3: All devices are 100% production tested at $T_A = +25$ °C. Temperature limits are guaranteed by design. **Note 4:** Guaranteed by design.

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Typical Operating Characteristics

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36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

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36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{DD} = 10V, V_{GND} = 0V, V_{IN+} = V_{IN-} = V_{DD}/2, R_L = 5k\Omega$ to $V_{DD}/2, T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}C$.) (Note 3)



36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp



Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

Pin Configuration



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	OUTA	Channel-A Output
2	INA-	Channel-A Negative Input
3	INA+	Channel-A Positive Input
4	GND	Ground
5	INB+	Channel-B Positive Input
6	INB-	Channel-B Negative Input
7	OUTB	Channel-B Output
8	V _{DD}	Supply Voltage

Detailed Description

The MAX44246 is a high-precision amplifier that provides below 5μ V of maximum input-referred offset and low flicker noise. These characteristics are achieved by using a combination of proprietary auto-zeroing and chopper stabilized techniques. This combination of auto-zeroing and chopping ensures that these amplifiers give all the benefits of zero-drift amplifiers, while still ensuring low noise, minimizing chopper spikes, and providing wide bandwidth. Offset voltages due to power ripple/spikes as well as common-mode variation, are corrected resulting in excellent PSRR and CMRR specifications.

Noise Suppression

Flicker noise, inherent in all active devices, is inversely proportional to frequency present. Charges at the oxide-silicon interface that are trapped-and-released by MOSFET oxide occurs at low frequency more often. For this reason, flicker noise is also called 1/f noise. The MAX44246 eliminates the 1/f noise internally, thus making it an ideal choice for DC or sub-Hz precision applications. The 1/f noise appears as a slow varying offset voltage and is eliminated by the chopping technique used.

Electromagnetic interference (EMI) noise occurs at higher frequency, resulting in malfunction or degradation of electrical equipment. The ICs have an input EMI filter to avoid the output being affected by radio frequency interference. The EMI filter composed of passive devices, presents significant higher impedance to higher frequency.

Applications Information

ADC Buffer Amplifier

The MAX44246 has low input offset voltage, low noise, and fast settling time that make this amplifier ideal for ADC buffers. Weight scales are one application that often requires a low-noise, high-voltage amplifier in front of an ADC. The *Typical Operating Circuit* details an example of a load cell and amplifier driven from the same ±10V supplies, along with the MAX11211 18-bit delta sigma ADC. Load cells produce a very small voltage change at their outputs; therefore driving the excitation source with a higher voltage produces a wider dynamic range that can be measured at the ADC inputs.

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

The MAX11211 ADC operates from a single 2.7V to 3.6V analog supply, offers 18-bit noise-free resolution and 0.86mW power dissipation. The MAX11211 also offers > 100dB rejection at 50Hz and 60Hz. This ADC is part of a family of 16-, 18-, 20-, and 24-bit delta sigma ADCs with high precision and < 1mW power dissipation.

The low input offset voltage and low noise of MAX44246 allows a gain circuit to precede the MAX11211 without losing any dynamic range at the ADC. See the *Typical Operating Circuit*.

Precision Low-Side Current Sensing

The ICs' ultra-low offset voltage and drift make them ideal for precision current-sensing applications. Figure 1 shows the ICs in a low-side current-sense configuration. This circuit produces an accurate output voltage, V_{OUT} equal to $I_{LOAD} \times R_{SENSE} \times (1 + R_2/R_1)$.

Layout Guidelines

The MAX44246 features ultra-low offset voltage and noise. Therefore, to get optimum performance follow the following layout guidelines.

Avoid temperature gradients at the junction of two dissimilar metals. The most common dissimilar metals used on a PCB are solder-to-component lead and solder-toboard trace. Dissimilar metals create a local thermocouple. A variation in temperature across the board can cause an additional offset due to Seebeck effect at the solder junctions. To minimize the Seebeck effect, place



Figure 1. Low-Side Current Sensing

the amplifier away from potential heat sources on the board, if possible. Orient the resistors such that both the ends are heated equally. It is a good practice to match the input signal path to ensure that the type and number of thermoelectric junctions remain the same. For example, consider using dummy 0Ω resistors oriented in such a way that the thermoelectric sources, due to the real resistors in the signal path, are cancelled. It is recommended to flood the PCB with ground plane. The ground plane ensures that heat is distributed uniformly reducing the potential offset voltage degradation due to Seebeck effect.

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX44246ASA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 SO
MAX44246AUA+	-40°C to +125°C	8 μΜΑΧ

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to <u>www.maximintegrated.com/packages</u>. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	OUTLINE NO.	LAND PATTERN NO.
8 µMAX	U8+3	<u>21-0036</u>	<u>90-0092</u>
8 SO	S8+4	<u>21-0041</u>	<u>90-0096</u>

36V, Low-Noise, Precision, Dual Op Amp

Revision History

12

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	7/12	Initial release	—
1	9/12	Revised the Electrical Characteristics and the Typical Operating Characteristics.	1, 2, 3, 5
2	2/13	Revised the Typical Operating Characteristics.	8



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Maxim Integrated 160 Rio Robles, San Jose, CA 95134 USA 1-408-601-1000

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