Low Voltage 2.5/3.3V Differential ECL/PECL/HSTL Fanout Buffer

The Motorola MC100ES6210 is a bipolar monolithic differential clock fanout buffer. Designed for most demanding clock distribution systems, the MC100ES6210 supports various applications that require to distribute precisely aligned differential clock signals. Using SiGe technology and a fully differential architecture, the device offers very low clock skew outputs and superior digital signal characteristics. Target applications for this clock driver is high performance clock distribution in computing, networking and telecommunication systems.

Features:

- Dual 1:5 differential clock distribution
- 30 ps maximum device skew
- Fully differential architecture from input to all outputs
- SiGe technology supports near-zero output skew
- Supports DC to 3GHz operation of clock or data signals
- ECL/PECL compatible differential clock outputs
- ECL/PECL compatible differential clock inputs
- Single 3.3V, -3.3V, 2.5V or -2.5V supply
- Standard 32 lead LQFP package
- Industrial temperature range
- Pin and function compatible to the MC100EP210

Functional Description

The MC100ES6210 is designed for low skew clock distribution systems and supports clock frequencies up to 3 GHz. The device consists of two independent 1:5 clock fanout buffers. The input signal of each fanout buffer is distributed to five identical, differential ECL/PECL outputs. Both CLKA and CLKB inputs can be driven by ECL/PECL compatible signals.

If VBB is connected to the CLKA or CLKB input and bypassed to GND by a 10 nF capacitor, the MC100ES6210 can be driven by single-ended ECL/PECL signals utilizing the VBB bias voltage output.

In order to meet the tight skew specification of the device, both outputs of a differential output pair should be terminated, even if only one output is used. In the case where not all ten outputs are used, the output pairs on the same package side as the parts being used on that side should be terminated.

The MC100ES6210 can be operated from a single 3.3V or 2.5V supply. As most other ECL compatible devices, the MC100ES6210 supports positive (PECL) and negative (ECL) supplies. The is function and pin compatible to the MC100EP210.



MC100ES6210

LOW VOLTAGE DUAL

1:5 DIFFERENTIAL

PECL/ECL/HSTL







Figure 1.MC100ES6210 Logic Diagram

Figure 2.32–Lead Package Pinout (Top View)

Table 1. Pin configuration

Pin	I/O	Туре	Function				
CLKA, CLKA	Input	ECL/PECL	Differential reference clock signal input (fanout buffer A)				
CLKB, CLKB	Input	ECL/PECL	Differential reference clock signal input (fanout buffer B)				
QA[0-4], QA[0-4]	Output	ECL/PECL	Differential clock outputs (fanout buffer A)				
QB[0-4], QB[0-4]	Output	ECL/PECL	Differential clock outputs (fanout buffer B)				
VEE ^a	Supply		Negative power supply				
VCC	Supply		Positive power supply. All V_{CC} pins must be connected to the positive power supply for correct DC and AC operation.				
VBB	Output	DC	Reference voltage output for single ended ECL or PECL operation				

In ECL mode (negative power supply mode), VEE is either -3.3V or -2.5V and VCC is connected to GND (0V).
 In PECL mode (positive power supply mode), VEE is connected to GND (0V) and VCC is either +3.3V or +2.5V.

In both modes, the input and output levels are referenced to the most positive supply (VCC).

Table 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS^a

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Мах	Unit	Condition
VCC	Supply Voltage	-0.3	3.6	V	
V _{IN}	DC Input Voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
VOUT	DC Output Voltage	-0.3	V _{CC} + 0.3	V	
I _{IN}	DC Input Current		±20	mA	
IOUT	DC Output Current		±50	mA	
Τ _S	Storage temperature	-65	125	°C	

a. Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those maximum values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation at absolute-maximum-rated conditions is not implied.

Table 3. General Specifications

Symbol Characteristics		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition	
VTT	Output termination voltage		V _{CC} - 2 ^a		V		
MM	ESD Protection (Machine model)	200			V		
HBM	ESD Protection (Human body model)	2000			V		
CDM	ESD Protection (Charged device model				V		
LU	Latch-up immunity	200			mA		
CIN			4.0		pF	Inputs	
ΑL ^θ	Thermal resistance junction to ambient JESD 51-3, single layer tes board JESD 51-6, 2S2P multilayer test board		83.1 73.3 68.9 63.8 57.4 59.0 54.4 52.5 50.4 47.8	86.0 75.4 70.9 65.3 59.6 60.6 55.7 53.8 51.5 48.8	°C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W °C/W	Natural convection 100 ft/min 200 ft/min 400 ft/min 800 ft/min Natural convection 100 ft/min 200 ft/min 400 ft/min 800 ft/min	
θJC	Thermal resistance junction to case		23.0	26.3	°C/W	MIL-SPEC 883E Method 1012.1	
Тј	Operating junction temperature ^b (continuous operation) MTBF = 9.1 years			110	°C		

a. Output termination voltage VTT = 0V for VCC = 2.5V operation is supported but the power consumption of the device will increase

b. Operating junction temperature impacts device life time. Maximum continues operating junction temperature should be selected according to the application life time requirements (See application note AN1545 for more information). The device AC and DC parameters are specified up to 110°C junction temperature allowing the MC100ES6210 to be used in applications requiring industrial temperature range. It is recommended that users of the MC100ES6210 employ thermal modeling analysis to assist in applying the junction temperature specifications to their particular application.

Symbol	Characteristics		Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition	
Clock input	pair CLKA, CLKA, CLKB,	CLKB (PECL differe	ential signals)		•			
V _{PP}	Differential input voltagea		0.1		1.3 V Differe		Differential operation	
VCMR	Differential cross point voltageb		1.0		V _{CC} - 0.3	V	Differential operation	
IIN	Input Current ^a				±100	μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IN} = V_{IH}$	
PECL clock	coutputs (QA0-4, QA0-4,	QB0-4, QB0-4)			•			
Vон	Output High Voltage		V _{CC} -1.2	V _{CC} -1.005	V _{CC} -0.7	V	I _{OH} = -30 mA ^C	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage	V _{CC} = 3.3V±5% V _{CC} = 2.5V±5%	V _{CC} -1.9 V _{CC} -1.9	V _{CC} -1.705 V _{CC} -1.705	V _{CC} -1.5 V _{CC} -1.3	V	$I_{OL} = -5 \text{ mAc}$	
Supply curr	rent and V _{BB}				•			
IEE	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current without output termination current			60	100	mA	VEE pin	
VBB	Output reference voltage		V _{CC} -1.38	Vcc-1.26	Vcc-1.14	V	I _{BB} = 0.2 mA	

Table 4. PECL DC Characteristics (V_{CC} = $2.5V \pm 5\%$ or V_{CC} = $3.3V \pm 5\%$, V_{EE} = GND, T_J = 0° C to +110°C)

a. VPP (DC) is the minimum differential input voltage swing required to maintain device functionality

b. V_{CMR} (DC) is the crosspoint of the differential input signal. Functional operation is obtained when the crosspoint is within the V_{CMR} (DC) range and the input swing lies within the V_{PP} (DC) specification.

c. Equivalent to a termination of 50Ω to V_{TT}.

Table 5. ECL DC Characteristics (V_{EE} = -2.5V \pm 5% or V_{EE} = -3.3V \pm 5%, V_{CC} = GND, T_J = 0°C to +110°C)

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition		
Clock input	Clock input pair CLKA, CLKA, CLKB, CLKB (ECL differential signals)							
VPP	Differential input voltage ^a			1.3	V Differential opera			
VCMR	Differential cross point voltage ^b	V _{EE} + 1.0		-0.3	V	Differential operation		
IIN	Input Current ^a			±100	μΑ	$V_{IN} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IN} = V_{IH}$		
ECL clock of	ECL clock outputs (QA0-4, QA0-4, QB0-4, QB0-4)							
VOH	Output High Voltage	-1.2	-1.005	-0.7	V	I _{OH} = -30 mA ^c		
VOL	Output Low Voltage $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ $V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$	-1.9 -1.9	-1.705 -1.705	-1.5 -1.3	V	$I_{OL} = -5 \text{ mA}^{C}$		
Supply curr	ent and V _{BB}							
IEE	IEE Maximum Quiescent Supply Current without output termination current		60	100	mA	V _{EE} pin		
V _{BB}	Output reference voltage	-1.38	-1.26	-1.14	V	I _{BB} = 0.2 mA		

a. Vpp (DC) is the minimum differential input voltage swing required to maintain device functionality

b. V_{CMR} (DC) is the crosspoint of the differential input signal. Functional operation is obtained when the crosspoint is within the V_{CMR} (DC) range and the input swing lies within the V_{PP} (DC) specification.

c. Equivalent to a termination of 50 Ω to VTT.

Table 6. AC Characteristics (ECL: $V_{EE} = -3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $V_{EE} = -2.5V \pm 5\%$, $V_{CC} = GND$) or (PECL: $V_{CC} = 3.3V \pm 5\%$ or $V_{CC} = 2.5V \pm 5\%$, $V_{EE} = GND$, $T_J = 0^{\circ}C$ to +110°C)^{a b}

Symbol	Characteristics	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Condition
Clock inpu	It pair CLKA, CLKA, CLKB, CLKB (PECL or ECL	differential signa	als)			
V _{PP}	Differential input voltage ^C (peak-to-peak)	0.3	0.3	1.3	V	
VCMR	Differential input crosspoint voltage ^d PECL ECL	1.2 V _{EE} +1.2		V _{CC} - 0.3 -0.3V	V V	
ECL clock	outputs (Q0-9, Q0-9)					
^f CLK	Input Frequency	0		3000	MHz	Differential
^t PD	Propagation Delay CLKA to QAx or CLKB to QBx	175	260	350	ps	Differential
V _{O(P-P)}	Differential output voltage (peak-to-peak) f_O < 1.1 GHz f_O < 2.5 GHz f_O < 3.0 GHz	0.45 0.35 0.20	0.70 0.55 0.35		V V V	
^t sk(O)	Output-to-output skew (per bank)		13	30	ps	Differential
^t sk(PP)	Output-to-output skew (part-to-part)			175	ps	Differential
^t JIT(CC)	Output cycle-to-cycle jitter			TBD		
^t SK(P)	Output pulse skew ^e			50	ps	
DCQ	Output Duty Cycle f _{REF} < 0.1 GHz f _{REF} < 1.0 GHz	49.5 45.0	50 50	50.5 55.0	% %	DC _{REF} = 50% DC _{REF} = 50%
t _r , t _f	Output Rise/Fall Time	30		250	ps	20% to 80%

a. AC characteristics are design targets and pending characterization.

b. AC characteristics apply for parallel output termination of 50Ω to V_{TT}.

c. Vpp (AC) is the minimum differential ECL/PECL input voltage swing required to maintain AC characteristics including tpd and device-to-device skew.

d. V_{CMR} (AC) is the crosspoint of the differential ECL/PECL input signal. Normal AC operation is obtained when the crosspoint is within the V_{CMR} (AC) range and the input swing lies within the V_{PP} (AC) specification. Violation of V_{CMR} (AC) or V_{PP} (AC) impacts the device propagation delay, device and part-to-part skew.

e. Output pulse skew is the absolute difference of the propagation delay times: | tPLH - tPHL |.



Figure 3.MC100ES6210 AC test reference

NOTES

MC100ES6210



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