# 1M x 4 Bit Static Random Access Memory

The MCM6949 is a 4,194,304–bit static random access memory organized as 1,048,576 words of 4 bits. Static design eliminates the need for external clocks or timing strobes.

The MCM6949 is equipped with chip enable  $(\overline{E})$  and output enable  $(\overline{G})$  pins, allowing for greater system flexibility and eliminating bus contention problems. Either input, when high, will force the outputs into high impedance.

The MCM6949 is available in a 400 mil, 32-lead surface-mount SOJ package.

- Single 3.3 V 5%, + 10% Power Supply
- Fast Access Time: 8/10/12/15 ns
- Equal Address and Chip Enable Access Time
- All Inputs and Outputs are TTL Compatible
- Three-State Outputs
- Power Operation: 195/165/160/155 mA Maximum, Active AC

# MCM6949



PIN NAMES
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$



# **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**PIN ASSIGNMENT** 

A	1 •	32 🛛 A
ΑC	2	31 🛛 A
ΑC	3	30 🛛 A
A	4	29 🛛 A
AC	5	28 🛛 A
ĒC	6	27 🛛 д
DQ [	7	26 🛛 DQ
V <sub>DD</sub> [	8	25 🛛 V <sub>SS</sub>
v <sub>ss</sub> [	9	24 🛛 V <sub>DD</sub>
dq [	10	23 🛛 DQ
WC	11	22 🛛 A
ΑC	12	21 🛛 A
A	13	20 🛛 A
ΑC	14	19 🛛 A
ΑC	15	18 🛛 A
AC	16	17 ] NC

Ē	G	W	Mode	I/O Pin	Cycle	Current
Н	Х	Х	Not Selected	High–Z		I <sub>SB1</sub> , I <sub>SB2</sub>
L	Н	н	Output Disabled	High–Z		IDDA
L	L	н	Read	Dout	Read	IDDA
L	Х	L	Write	High–Z	Write	IDDA

#### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (See Note)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power Supply Voltage Relative to $V_{\ensuremath{SS}}$	V <sub>DD</sub>	– 0.5 to + 5.0	V
Voltage Relative to V <sub>SS</sub> for Any Pin Except V <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>in</sub> , V <sub>out</sub>	– 0.5 to V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V
Output Current (per I/O)	l <sub>out</sub>	± 20	mA
Power Dissipation	PD	1.0	W
Temperature Under Bias	T <sub>bias</sub>	– 10 to + 85	°C
Operating Temperature	TA	0 to + 70	°C
Storage Temperature — Plastic	T <sub>stg</sub>	– 55 to + 150	°C

This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields; however, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to these high-impedance circuits.

This BiCMOS memory circuit has been designed to meet the dc and ac specifications shown in the tables, after thermal equilibrium has been established. The circuit is in a test socket or mounted on a printed circuit board and transverse air flow of at least 500 linear feet per minute is maintained.

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to RECOMMENDED OPER-ATING CONDITIONS. Exposure to higher than recommended voltages for extended periods of time could affect device reliability.

# DC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V - 5%, + 10%, T<sub>A</sub> = 0 to + 70°C, Unless Otherwise Noted)

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage (Operating Voltage Range)	V <sub>DD</sub>	3.135	3.3	3.63	V
Input High Voltage	VIH	2.2	_	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	VIL	- 0.5*	_	0.8	V

\* VIL (min) = -0.5 V dc; VIL (min) = -2.0 V ac (pulse width  $\leq 2.0$  ns).

# **DC CHARACTERISTICS**

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current (All Inputs, V <sub>in</sub> = 0 to V <sub>DD</sub> )	l <sub>lkg(l)</sub>	—	± 1.0	μΑ
Output Leakage Current ( $\overline{E} = V_{IH}$ , $V_{out} = 0$ to $V_{DD}$ )	I <sub>lkg(O)</sub>	—	± 1.0	μΑ
Output Low Voltage (I <sub>OL</sub> = + 8.0 mA)	VOL	—	0.4	V
Output High Voltage (I <sub>OH</sub> = - 4.0 mA)	VOH	2.4	_	V

## **POWER SUPPLY CURRENTS**

Parameter		Symbol	0 to + 70°C	Unit
AC Active Supply Current (I <sub>out</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>DD</sub> = Max)	$\begin{array}{l} MCM6949-8:\ t_{AVAV} = 8\ ns \\ MCM6949-10:\ t_{AVAV} = 10\ ns \\ MCM6949-12:\ t_{AVAV} = 12\ ns \\ MCM6949-15:\ t_{AVAV} = 15\ ns \end{array}$	IDD	195 165 160 155	mA
AC Standby Current ( $V_{DD}$ = Max, $\overline{E}$ = $V_{IH}$ , No Other Restrictions on Other Inputs)	MCM6949–8: $t_{AVAV} = 8 \text{ ns}$ MCM6949–10: $t_{AVAV} = 10 \text{ ns}$ MCM6949–12: $t_{AVAV} = 12 \text{ ns}$ MCM6949–15: $t_{AVAV} = 15 \text{ ns}$	I <sub>SB1</sub>	55 50 50 45	mA
CMOS Standby Current ( $\overline{E} \ge V_{DD} - 0.2 \text{ V}, V_{in} \le V_{SS} + 0.2 \text{ (V}_{DD} = \text{Max}, f = 0 \text{ MHz})$	I <sub>SB2</sub>	20	mA	

# CAPACITANCE (f = 1.0 MHz, dV = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, Periodically Sampled Rather Than 100% Tested)

	Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance	All Inputs Except Clocks and DQs $\overline{E}, \overline{G}, \overline{W}$	C <sub>in</sub> C <sub>ck</sub>	4 5	6 8	pF
Input/Output Capacitance	DQ	C <sub>I/O</sub>	5	8	pF

# AC OPERATING CONDITIONS AND CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = 3.3 V - 5\%, + 10\%, T_A = 0 \text{ to } + 70^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ Unless Otherwise Noted})$ 

Input Pulse Levels	0 to 3.0 V
Input Rise/Fall Time	2 ns
Input Timing Measurement Reference Level	1.5 V

Output Timing Measurement Reference Level ...... 1.5 V Output Load ...... See Figure 1

#### READ CYCLE TIMING (See Notes 1 and 2)

		MCM6949-8		MCM6949-10		MCM6949-12		MCM6949-15			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read Cycle Time	<sup>t</sup> AVAV	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	ns	3
Address Access Time	<sup>t</sup> AVQV	_	8	—	10	-	12	—	15	ns	
Enable Access Time	<sup>t</sup> ELQV	_	8	—	10	_	12	_	15	ns	4
Output Enable Access Time	<sup>t</sup> GLQV	_	4	—	5	_	6	_	7	ns	
Output Hold from Address Change	t <sub>AXQX</sub>	2	_	2	_	2	_	2	—	ns	
Enable Low to Output Active	<sup>t</sup> ELQX	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	ns	5, 6, 7
Output Enable Low to Output Active	<sup>t</sup> GLQX	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	5, 6, 7
Enable High to Output High–Z	<sup>t</sup> EHQZ	0	4	0	5	0	6	0	7	ns	5, 6, 7
Output Enable High to Output High-Z	<sup>t</sup> GHQZ	0	4	0	5	0	6	0	7	ns	5, 6, 7

NOTES:

1.  $\overline{W}$  is high for read cycle.

2. Product sensitivities to noise require proper grounding and decoupling of power supplies as well as minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions during read and write cycles.

3. All read cycle timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.

4. Addresses valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{E}$  going low.

5. At any given voltage and temperature,  $t_{EHQZ} \max < t_{ELQX} \min$ , and  $t_{GHQZ} \max < t_{GLQX} \min$ , both for a given device and from device to device.

6. Transition is measured  $\pm$  200 mV from steady–state voltage.

7. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

8. Device is continuously selected ( $\overline{E} \le V_{IL}, \overline{G} \le V_{IL}$ ).



# TIMING LIMITS

The table of timing values shows either a minimum or a maximum limit for each parameter. Input requirements are specified from the external system point of view. Thus, address setup time is shown as a minimum since the system must supply at least that much time. On the other hand, responses from the memory are specified from the device point of view. Thus, the access time is shown as a maximum since the device never provides data later than that time.

Figure 1. AC Test Load

# READ CYCLE 1 (See Note 8)



READ CYCLE 2 (See Note 4)



# WRITE CYCLE 1 (W Controlled; See Notes 1, 2, and 3)

		мсме	949–8	MCM6	949–10	MCM6949-12		MCM6949-15			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write Cycle Time	t <sub>AVAV</sub>	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	ns	4
Address Setup Time	<sup>t</sup> AVWL	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Address Valid to End of Write	<sup>t</sup> AVWH	8	_	9	—	10	—	12	—	ns	
Address Valid to End of Write ( $\overline{G}$ High)	<sup>t</sup> AVWH	7	_	8	—	9	—	10	—	ns	
Write Pulse Width	<sup>t</sup> WLWH <sup>t</sup> WLEH	8	_	9	_	10	_	12	_	ns	
Write Pulse Width ( $\overline{G}$ High)	<sup>t</sup> WLWH <sup>t</sup> WLEH	7	—	8	—	9	_	10	_	ns	
Data Valid to End of Write	<sup>t</sup> DVWH	5	_	5	—	6	_	7	—	ns	
Data Hold Time	tWHDX	0	_	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Write Low to Data High-Z	twlqz	0	4	0	5	0	6	0	7	ns	5, 6, 7
Write High to Output Active	<sup>t</sup> WHQX	3	—	3	—	3	—	3	—	ns	5, 6, 7
Write Recovery Time	<sup>t</sup> WHAX	0	_	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	

NOTES:

1. A write occurs during the overlap of  $\overline{E}$  low and  $\overline{W}$  low.

2. Product sensitivities to noise require proper grounding and decoupling of power supplies as well as minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions during read and write cycles.

3. If  $\overline{G}$  goes low coincident with or after  $\overline{W}$  goes low, the output will remain in a high-impedance state.

4. All write cycle timings are referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.

5. Transition is measured  $\pm$  200 mV from steady-state voltage.

6. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.

7. At any given voltage and temperature, tWLOZ max < tWHOX min, both for a given device and from device to device.



# WRITE CYCLE 1 (W Controlled; See Notes 1, 2, and 3)

# WRITE CYCLE 2 (E Controlled; See Notes 1, 2, and 3)

		MCM6949-8		MCM6	949–10	MCM6	949–12	MCM6949-15			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write Cycle Time	tavav	8	—	10	—	12	—	15	—	ns	4
Address Setup Time	<sup>t</sup> AVEL	0	—	0	_	0	—	0	—	ns	
Address Valid to End of Write	<sup>t</sup> AVEH	8	_	9	—	10		12	—	ns	
Address Valid to End of Write ( $\overline{G}$ High)	<sup>t</sup> AVEH	7	—	8	—	9	—	10	—	ns	
Enable Pulse Width	<sup>t</sup> ELEH, <sup>t</sup> ELWH	8	_	9	_	10	_	12	_	ns	5, 6
Enable Pulse Width ( $\overline{G}$ High)	<sup>t</sup> ELEH, <sup>t</sup> ELWH	7	—	8	_	9	_	10	_	ns	5, 6
Data Valid to End of Write	<sup>t</sup> DVEH	5	—	5	—	6	—	7	—	ns	
Data Hold Time	<sup>t</sup> EHDX	0	—	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns	
Write Recovery Time	<sup>t</sup> EHAX	0	—	0	_	0	_	0	—	ns	

NOTES:

1. A write occurs during the overlap of  $\overline{E}$  low and  $\overline{W}$  low.

2. Product sensitivities to noise require proper grounding and decoupling of power supplies as well as minimization or elimination of bus contention conditions during read and write cycles.

3. If  $\overline{G}$  goes low coincident with or after  $\overline{W}$  goes low, the output will remain in a high-impedance state.

4. All write cycle timing is referenced from the last valid address to the first transitioning address.

5. If  $\overline{E}$  goes low coincident with or after  $\overline{W}$  goes low, the output will remain in a high–impedance condition.

6. If  $\overline{E}$  goes high coincident with or before  $\overline{W}$  goes high, the output will remain in a high-impedance condition.

WRITE CYCLE 2 ( $\overline{E}$  Controlled; See Notes 1, 2, and 3)



# ORDERING INFORMATION (Order by Full Part Number)



#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

#### YJ PACKAGE 400 MIL SOJ CASE 857A-02



NOTES

 DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

3. TO BE DETERMINED AT PLANE -T-

 DIMENSION A AND D DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. MOLD PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

 DIMENSION A AND B INCLUDE MOLD MISMATCH AND ARE DETERMINED AT THE PARTING LINE.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.820	0.830	20.83	21.08
В	0.395	0.405	10.03	10.29
С	0.128	0.148	3.26	3.75
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
Е	0.088	0.098	2.24	2.48
F	0.026	0.032	0.67	0.81
G	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC	
K	0.035	0.045	0.89	1.14
L	0.025 BSC		0.64 BSC	
Ν	0.030	0.045	0.76	1.14
Ρ	0.435	0.445	11.05	11.30
R	0.365	0.375	9.27	9.52
S	0.030	0.040	0.77	1.01

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