### **1.0 Key Features**

#### LIN-Bus Transceiver

- LIN compliant to specification revision 1.2
- I<sup>2</sup>T-100 High Voltage Technology
- Bus voltage ±80V
- Transmission rate up to 20kBaud
- SO8 Package

#### Protection

- Thermal shutdown
- · Indefinite short-circuit protection to supply and ground
- Transients on VBAT (80V)

#### Power saving

- Operating voltage = 4.5 to 5.5V
- Power down supply current <50µA
- EMI compatibility
- Integrated filter and hysteresis for receiver
  EMC compatibility
- · Integrated slope control for transmitter
- Slope control dependant from V<sub>bat</sub> to enable maximum capacitive-load

### **General Description**

The single-wire transceiver MTC-30600 is a monolithic integrated circuit in a SO-8 package. It works as an interface between the protocol controller and the physical bus.

The MTC-30600 is especially suitable to drive the bus line in LIN systems in automotive and industrial applications. Further it can be used in standard ISO9141 systems.

In order to reduce the current consumption the MTC-30600 offers a stand-by mode. A wake-up caused by a message on the bus sets the RxD output low and pulls the INH-output high



until the device is switched to normal operation mode.

The transceiver is implemented in I<sup>2</sup>T-100 technology enabling both high voltage analogue circuitry and digital functionality to co-exist on the same chip.

The MTC-30600 provides an ultra-safe solution to today's automotive In-Vehicle Networking requirements by providing unlimited short circuit protection in the event of a fault condition.





## 2.0 Typical application Schematic

2.1 Application schematic



Fig.1: Typical application diagram with master and slave module

#### 2.2 Pin description

2.2.1 Pin out (Top view)



### Fig.2: Pin configuration (viewed from above)

### 2.2.2 Pin description

| Pin No | Symbol | Function   |
|--------|--------|--|
| 1      | RxD    | Receive data output; LOW in dominant state   |
| 2      | EN     | Enable input; transceiver in normal operation mode when HIGH; Internal 10 K $\Omega$ pull up |
| 3      | VCC    | 5V supply input  |
| 4      | TxD    | Transmit data input; LOW in dominant state; Internal 40 K $\Omega$ pull up                   |
| 5      | GND    | Ground   |
| 6      | LIN    | Bus output/input; LOW in dominant state; Internal 30 K $\Omega$ pull up                      |
| 7      | VB     | Battery supply input;  |
| 8      | INH    | Inhibit output; to control a voltage regulator, becomes HIGH when wake-up via LIN bus occurs |



#### 2.3 Application Information



after wake-up via bus
 after start up

#### Fig.3: State Diagram

For fail safe reasons the MTC-30600 already has an internal pull up resistor of  $30k\Omega$  implemented. To achieve the required timings for the dominant to recessive transition of the bus signal an additional external termination resistor of  $1k\Omega$  is required. It is recommended to place this resistor in the master node. To avoid reverse currents from the bus line into the battery supply line in case of an unpowered node, it is recommended to place a diode in series to the external pull up. For small systems (low bus capacitance) the EMC performance of the system is supported by an additional capacitor of at least 1nF in the master node (see figure 1, Typical application diagram).

A capacitor of  $10\mu$ F at the supply voltage input VB buffers the input voltage. In combination with the required reverse polarity diode this prevents the device from detecting power down conditions in case of negative transients on the supply line.

In order to reduce the current consumption the MTC-30600 offers a sleep operation mode. This mode is selected by switching the enable input EN low (see figure 3, state diagram). In the sleep mode a voltage regulator can be controlled via the INH output in order to minimize the current consumption of the whole application. A wake-up caused by a message on the communication bus automatically enables the voltage regulator by switching the INH output high. In parallel, the wake-up is indicated by setting the RxD output low. When entering the normal mode this wake-up flag is reset and the RxD output is released to transmit the bus data. In case the voltage regulator control input is not connected to INH output or the microcontroller is active respectively, the MTC-30600 can be set in normal operation mode without a wake-up via the communication bus.



## **3.0 Electrical Characteristics**

### 3.1 Absolute maximum ratings

Note: Maximum ratings are absolute ratings; exceeding any one of these values may cause irreversible damage to the integrated circuit.

| Parameter               | Symbol           | Limit<br>min | Values<br>max | Unit | Remarks                                      |
|-------------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|------|--|
| Voltages                |                  |              |               |      |  |
| Supply voltage          | V <sub>CC</sub>  | -0.3         | 7             | V    |  |
| Battery supply voltage  | V <sub>B</sub>   | -0.3         | 40            | V    |  |
| Bus input voltage       | V <sub>bus</sub> | -40          | 40            | V    |  |
| INH voltage             | V <sub>inh</sub> | -0.3         | VB+0.3        | V    |  |
| Logic voltages at       |                  |              |               |      |  |
| EN, TxD, RxD            | VI               | -0.3         | VCC+0.3       | V    | 0 V < VCC < 5.5 V                            |
| Electrostatic discharge | ·                |              |               |      |  |
| voltage at VB, Bus      | V <sub>ESD</sub> | -4           | 4             | kV   | human body model (100 pF via $1.5 k\Omega$ ) |
| Electrostatic discharge | 200              |              |               |      |  |
| voltage                 | V <sub>ESD</sub> | -2           | 2             | kV   | human body model (100 pF via 1.5k $\Omega$ ) |
| Temperatures            |                  |              |               |      |  |
| Junction temperature    | Tj               | -40          | 150           | °C   |  |



### 3.2 Operating Range

| Parameter                               | Symbol             | Limit<br>min | Values<br>max | Unit | Remarks |  |  |  |
|---|--------------------|--------------|---------------|------|---------|--|--|--|
| Voltages                                |                    |              |               |      |         |  |  |  |
| Supply voltage                          | V <sub>CC</sub>    | 4.5          | 5.5           | V    |         |  |  |  |
| Battery supply voltage                  | VB                 | 8            | 18            | V    |         |  |  |  |
| Junction temperature                    | Тj                 | -40          | 150           | °C   |         |  |  |  |
| Thermal Shutdown (junction temperature) |                    |              |               |      |         |  |  |  |
| Thermal Shutdown                        |                    |              |               |      |         |  |  |  |
| temp                                    | T <sub>iSD</sub>   | 150          | 170           | 190  | °C      |  |  |  |
| Thermal shutdown                        | <b>J</b> 02        |              |               |      |         |  |  |  |
| hyst.                                   | $\Delta_{T}$       | -            | 10            | -    | К       |  |  |  |
| Thermal resistances                     |                    |              |               |      |         |  |  |  |
| Junction ambient                        | R <sub>thj-a</sub> | -            | 185           | K/W  | -       |  |  |  |



### 3.3 Electrical Characteristics

 $4.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{CC} < 5.5 \text{ V}$ ;  $8.0 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{B}} < 18 \text{ V}$ ;  $\text{R}_{\text{L}} = 500\Omega \dots 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $\text{V}_{\text{EN}} > \text{V}_{\text{EN}}$ ,on ; -40 °C < T j<125 °C; all voltages with respect to ground; positive current flowing into pin; unless otherwise specified.

| Parameter                              | Symbol          | Lir<br>min               | nit Values<br>typ | s Unit<br>max            | Remarks |                                     |  |  |
|--|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Current Consumption                    |                 |                          | ιjp               | тнах                     |         |                                     |  |  |
| Current consumption                    | I <sub>CC</sub> |                          | 250               | 500                      | μA      | recessive state; V TxD = $V_{CC}$   |  |  |
| Current consumption                    | I <sub>VB</sub> |                          | 100               | 200                      | μΑ      | recessive state; V TxD = $V_{CC}$   |  |  |
| Current consumption                    | I <sub>CC</sub> |                          | 400               | 700                      | μΑ      | dominant state; $V TxD = 0 V$       |  |  |
| Current consumption                    | I <sub>VB</sub> |                          | 1.0               | 1.5                      | mA      | dominant state; $V TxD = 0 V$       |  |  |
| Current consumption                    | IVB             |                          | 20                | 50                       | μΑ      | sleep-mode                          |  |  |
|  |                 |                          | 20                | 50                       | μ       | sicep mode                          |  |  |
| Receiver Output (pin Rx                |                 |                          |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
| HIGH level output                      | V RD,H          | 0.8 x<br>V <sub>CC</sub> |                   | V <sub>CC</sub>          | V       | I RD = 0.7mA ,                      |  |  |
| LOW level output                       | V RD,L          | 0                        |                   | 0.2 x<br>V <sub>CC</sub> | V       | I RD = 0.7mA ,                      |  |  |
| Bus receiver (pin LIN)                 |                 |                          |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
| Receiver threshold                     | V bus,rd        | 0.4                      | 0.48              |                          | V       | -8 V < V bus < Vbus,dom             |  |  |
| voltage, recessive to<br>dominant edge | VBUSITU         | x VB                     | x VB              |                          | v       |                                     |  |  |
| Receiver threshold                     | V bus,dr        |                          | 0.52              | 0.6                      | V       | V bus,rec < V bus <20 V             |  |  |
| voltage, dominant to recessive edge    | ,.              |                          | x VB              | x VB                     |         |                                     |  |  |
| Receiver hysteresis                    | V bus,hys       | 0.02                     | 0.04              | 0.2                      | mV      | V bus,hys =V bus,rec - Vbus,dom     |  |  |
|  | ,j-             | x VB                     | x VB              | x VB                     |         |                                     |  |  |
| wake-up threshold                      | V wake          | 0.40                     |                   | 0.60                     | V       |                                     |  |  |
| voltage                                | V Walke         | X                        |                   | X                        | v       |                                     |  |  |
| voltage                                |                 | VB                       |                   | VB                       |         |                                     |  |  |
|  |                 | ٧D                       |                   | VD                       |         |                                     |  |  |
| Transmission Input (pin                |                 |                          |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
| HIGH level input voltage               | V TD,           | H 0.7                    | Х                 |                          | V       | recessive state                     |  |  |
|  |                 | V CC                     |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
| LOW level input voltage                | V TD,L          |                          |                   | 0.3 x<br>V CC            | V       | dominant state                      |  |  |
| Pull-up resistor to VCC                | R TD,pu         | 24                       |                   | 60                       | KΩ      |                                     |  |  |
| Bus transmitter (pin LIN)              | •               |                          |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
|  |                 |                          |                   | 1.15                     |         |                                     |  |  |
| Bus recessive output<br>voltage        | V bus,rec       | 0.9 x<br>VB              |                   | VB                       | V       | V TxD = V CC                        |  |  |
| Bus dominant output<br>voltage         | V bus,dom       | 0                        |                   | 0.15<br>x VB             | V       | V TxD = 0 V;                        |  |  |
| Bus dominant output voltage            | V bus,volt      |                          |                   | 1.4                      | V       | V TxD = 0 V;<br>I bus = 40mA        |  |  |
| Bus short circuit current              | l bus,sc        | 40                       | 85                | 130                      | mA      | V bus,short = 13.5 V                |  |  |
| Leakage current                        | I bus,lk        | -400                     | -200              |                          | μA      | V CC =0V, VB =0V,                   |  |  |
| g_                                     |                 |                          |                   |                          | L       | V bus = -8 V                        |  |  |
|  |                 |                          | 5                 | 20                       | μΑ      | V CC = 0V, VB = 0V,<br>V bus = 20 V |  |  |
| Bus pull up resistance                 | R bus           | 20                       | 30                | 47                       | kΩ      |                                     |  |  |
| Enable input (pin EN)                  |                 | -1                       |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
|  |                 |                          |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
| HIGH level input voltage               |                 | 0.7 х<br>Vcc             |                   |                          | V       | normal mode                         |  |  |
| LOW level input voltage                |                 |                          |                   | 0.3 x<br>Vcc             | V       | low power mode                      |  |  |
| Pull-down resistor to GND              |                 | 6                        |                   | 15                       | KΩ      |                                     |  |  |
| Inhibit output (pin INH)               |                 |                          |                   |                          |         |                                     |  |  |
| HIGH level drop voltage                | VINH            |                          | 0.5               | 1.0                      | V       | .I INH = - 0.15 mA                  |  |  |
| V INH = VB - V INH                     | V IINTI         |                          | 0.0               | 1.0                      | ď       |                                     |  |  |
| Leakage current                        | l INH,lk        | - 5.0                    |                   | 5.0                      | μA      | sleep mode V INH = 0 V              |  |  |
| Lounago ourront                        |                 | 0.0                      |                   | 3.0                      | ۳, ,    |                                     |  |  |



### 3.3 Electrical Characteristics (cont'd)

 $4.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{CC} < 5.5 \text{ V}$ ;  $8.0 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{B} < 18 \text{ V}$ ;  $\text{R}_{L} = 500\Omega \dots 1 \text{ k}\Omega$ ;  $\text{V}_{EN} > \text{V}_{EN}$ ,on ; -40 °C < T j<125 °C; all voltages with respect to ground; positive current flowing into pin; unless otherwise specified. Load for driver definitions =  $500\Omega \dots 1 \text{k}\Omega$  (between transceivers supply and LIN Load for slope definitions (typical loads) = (L1) 1nF 1k\Omega / (L2) 6.8nF 600\Omega / (L3) 10nF 500\Omega

| Parameter   | Symbol                              | Lin | nit Valu | les  | Unit | Remarks                           |  |  |
|---|-------------------------------------|-----|----------|------|------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
|   | 2                                   | min | typ      | max  |      |                                   |  |  |
| Dynamic Transceiver Ch                            | Dynamic Transceiver Characteristics |     |          |      |      |                                   |  |  |
| Slope time falling edge                           | t _slope_F                          | 2.6 |          | 22,5 | μs   | See Fig 4                         |  |  |
| Slope time rising edge                            | t _slope_R                          | 2.6 |          | 22,5 | μs   | See Fig 4                         |  |  |
| Slope time symmetry                               | t _slope<br>_Sym                    | -4  |          | 4    | μs   | T_slope_Sym =t_slope_F -t_slope_R |  |  |
| Propagation delay<br>TxD LOW to bus               | T_tr_F                              |     | 1        | 4    | μs   | See Fig 4                         |  |  |
| Propagation delay<br>TxD HIGH to bus              | T_tr_R                              |     | 1        | 4    | μs   | See Fig 4                         |  |  |
| Propagation delay<br>bus dominant to RxD<br>LOW   | T_rec_F                             |     | 2        | 4    | μs   | See Fig 4 , Rxd <20pF             |  |  |
| Propagation delay<br>bus recessive to RxD<br>HIGH | T_rec_R                             |     | 2        | 4    | μs   | See Fig 4 , Rxd <20pF             |  |  |
| Receiver delay<br>symmetry                        | t sym, Rec                          | -2  |          | 2    | μs   | t sym,Rec = T_rec_F -T_rec_R      |  |  |
| Transmitter delay symmetry                        | t sym,Tr                            | -2  |          | 2    | μs   | t sym,Tr = T_tr_F - T_tr_R        |  |  |
| Wake-up delay time                                | t wake                              | 30  | 100      | 200  | μs   |                                   |  |  |





Load for driver definitions =  $500\Omega \dots 1k\Omega$  (between transceivers supply and LIN Load for slope definitions (typical loads) = (L1) 1nF 1k $\Omega$  / (L2) 6.8nF 600 $\Omega$  / (L3) 10nF 500 $\Omega$ 

### Fig.4: Transmitter-parameters

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### 4.0 Package Outlines



#### **Sorts of Packing**

Package outlines for tubes, trays etc. are contained in our Data Book "Package Information". SMD = Surface Mounted Device Dimensions in mm



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