

OP183/OP283

FEATURES

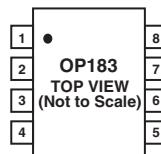
Single-Supply – 3 V to 36 V
Wide Bandwidth – 5 MHz
Low Offset Voltage – 1 mV
High Slew Rate: 10 V/ μ s
Low Noise: 10 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Unity-Gain Stable
Input and Output Range Includes GND
No Phase Reversal

APPLICATIONS

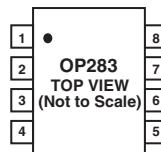
Multimedia
Telecom
ADC Buffers
Wide Band Filters
Microphone Preamplifiers

PIN CONNECTIONS

8-Lead Narrow-Body SO
(S Suffix)



8-Lead Narrow-Body SO
(S Suffix)



GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The OP183 is a single-supply, 5 MHz bandwidth amplifier with slew rates of 10 V/ μ s. The OP283 is a dual version. Both can operate from voltages as low as 3 V and up to 36 V. This combination of slew rate and bandwidth yields excellent single-supply ac performance, making these amplifiers ideally suited for telecom and multimedia audio applications.

In addition to their ac characteristics, the OP183 family provides good dc performance with guaranteed 1 mV offset. Noise is a respectable 10 nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$. Supply current is only 1.2 mA per amplifier.

These amplifiers are well suited for single-supply applications that require moderate bandwidths even when used in high gain configurations. This makes them useful in filters and instrumentation. Their output drive capability and very wide full power bandwidth make them a good choice for multimedia headphone drivers or microphone input amplifiers.

The OP183 and OP283 are available in SO-8 surface mount packages. They are specified over the extended industrial (-40°C to $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$) temperature range.

REV. C

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OP183/OP283—SPECIFICATIONS

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(@ $V_S = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	$V_{CM} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		0.025	1.0	mV
Input Bias Current	I_B	$V_{CM} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	350	600	750	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}	$V_{CM} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	430	750	750	nA
Input Voltage Range				11	± 50	nA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = 0 \text{ to } 3.5 \text{ V}$ $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	0	104	3.5	dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A_{VO}	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $0.2 \leq V_O \leq 3.8 \text{ V}$	70	104		V/mV
Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$		100	4		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Bias Current Drift	$\Delta I_B/\Delta T$			-1.6		$\text{nA}/^\circ\text{C}$
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage High	V_{OH}	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND	4.0	4.22		V
Output Voltage Low	V_{OL}	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND	50		75	mV
Short Circuit Limit	I_{SC}	Source Sink	25			mA
			30			mA
POWER SUPPLY						
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = 4 \text{ V}$ to 6 V , $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	70	104		dB
Supply Current/Amplifier	I_{SY}	$V_O = 2.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		1.2	1.5	mA
Supply Voltage Range	V_S		3		± 18	V
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	5	10		$\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$
Full-Power Bandwidth	BWP	1% Distortion		>50		kHz
Settling Time	t_S	To 0.01%		1.5		μs
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBP			5		MHz
Phase Margin	ϕ_m			46		Degrees
NOISE PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Noise	e_n p-p	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		2		μV p-p
Voltage Noise Density	e_n			10		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Current Noise Density	i_n	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $V_{CM} = 2.5 \text{ V}$		0.4		$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(@ $V_S = 3.0 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	$V_{CM} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		0.3	1.0	mV
Input Bias Current	I_B	$V_{CM} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	350	600	750	nA
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}	$V_{CM} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $V_{OUT} = 1.5 \text{ V}$, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	430	750	750	nA
Input Voltage Range				11	± 50	nA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = 0 \text{ V}$ to 1.5 V , $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	0	103	1.5	dB
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A_{VO}	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$, $0.2 \leq V_O \leq 1.8 \text{ V}$	70	103	260	V/mV
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage High	V_{OH}	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND	2.0	2.25		V
Output Voltage Low	V_{OL}	$R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$ to GND	90		125	mV
Short Circuit Limit	I_{SC}	Source Sink	25			mA
			30			mA
POWER SUPPLY						
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = 2.5 \text{ V}$ to 3.5 V , $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	60	113		dB
Supply Current/Amplifier	I_{SY}	$V_O = 1.5 \text{ V}$	1.2	1.5		mA
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBP			5		MHz
NOISE PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Noise Density	e_n	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $V_{CM} = 1.5 \text{ V}$		10		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (@ $V_S = \pm 15.0$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		0.01	1.0	mV
Input Bias Current	I_B	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$			1.25	mV
Input Offset Current	I_{OS}	$-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		300	600	nA
Input Voltage Range				400	750	nA
Common-Mode Rejection Ratio	CMRR	$V_{CM} = -15$ V to $+13.5$ V, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	-15	11	± 50	nA
Large Signal Voltage Gain	A_{VO}	$R_L = 2$ k Ω	70	86		dB
Offset Voltage Drift	$\Delta V_{OS}/\Delta T$		100	1000		V/mV
Bias Current Drift	$\Delta I_B/\Delta T$			3		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Long Term Offset Voltage	V_{OS}	Note 1			-1.6	nA/ $^\circ\text{C}$
					1.5	mV
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS						
Output Voltage High	V_{OH}	$R_L = 2$ k Ω to GND, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	13.9	14.1		V
Output Voltage Low	V_{OL}	$R_L = 2$ k Ω to GND, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		-14.05	-13.9	V
Short-Circuit Limit	I_{SC}	Source		30		mA
		Sink		50		mA
Open -Loop Output Impedance	Z_{OUT}	$f = 1$ MHz, $A_V = +1$		15		Ω
POWER SUPPLY						
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	PSRR	$V_S = \pm 2.5$ V to ± 18 V, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$	70	112		dB
Supply Current/Amplifier	I_{SY}	$V_S = \pm 18$ V, $V_O = 0$ V, $-40^\circ\text{C} \leq T_A \leq +85^\circ\text{C}$		1.2	1.75	mA
Supply Voltage Range	V_S		3		± 18	V
DYNAMIC PERFORMANCE						
Slew Rate	SR	$R_L = 2$ k Ω	10	15		V/ μs
Full-Power Bandwidth	BW_p	1% Distortion		50		kHz
Settling Time	t_s	To 0.01%		1.5		μs
Gain Bandwidth Product	GBP			5		MHz
Phase Margin	ϕ_m			56		Degrees
NOISE PERFORMANCE						
Voltage Noise	e_n p-p	0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		2		μV p-p
Voltage Noise Density	e_n	$f = 1$ kHz		10		$\text{nV}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
Current Noise Density	i_n			0.4		$\text{pA}/\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$

NOTES

¹Long term offset voltage is guaranteed by a 1000 hour life test performed on three independent lots at 125°C , with an LTPD of 1.3.
Specifications subject to change without notice.

OP183/OP283

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS¹

Supply Voltage	± 18 V
Input Voltage	± 18 V
Differential Input Voltage ²	± 7 V
Output Short-Circuit Duration to GND	Indefinite
Storage Temperature Range S Package	-65°C to +150°C
Operating Temperature Range OP183/OP283G	-40°C to +85°C
Junction Temperature Range S Package	-65°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature Range (Soldering 60 sec)	300°C

Package Type	θ_{JA} ³	θ_{JC}	Units
8-Lead SOIC (S)	158	43	°C/W

NOTES

¹Absolute maximum ratings apply to packaged parts, unless otherwise noted.

²For supply voltages less than ± 7 V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage. Maximum input current should not exceed 2 mA.

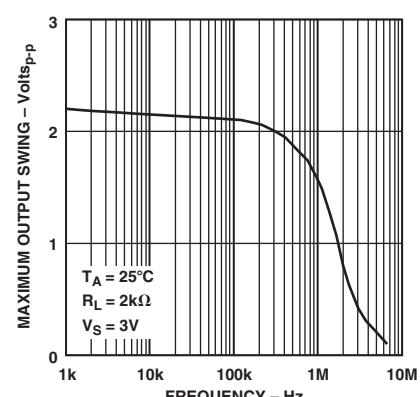
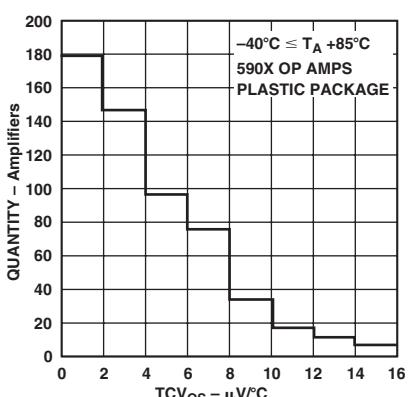
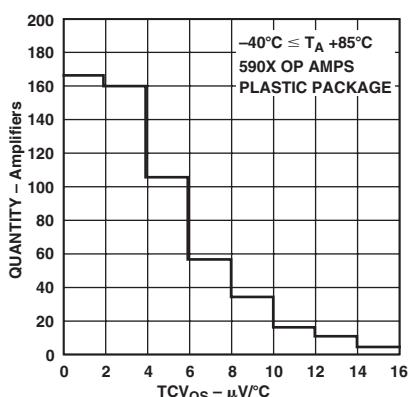
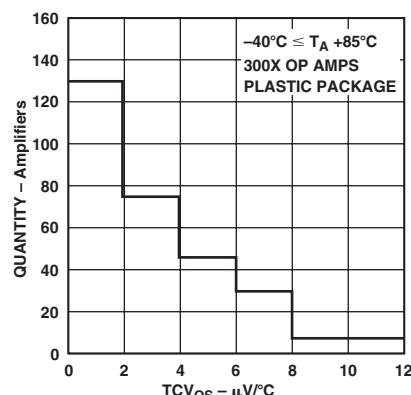
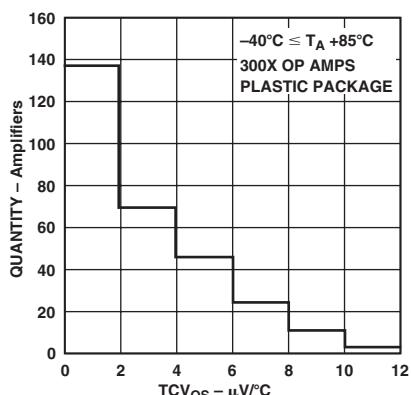
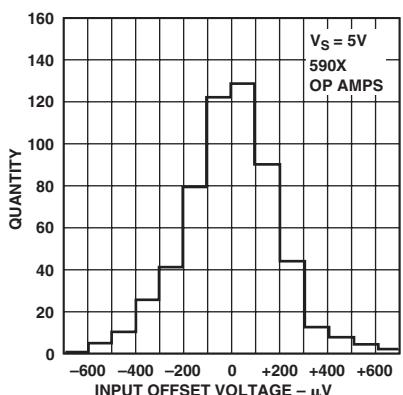
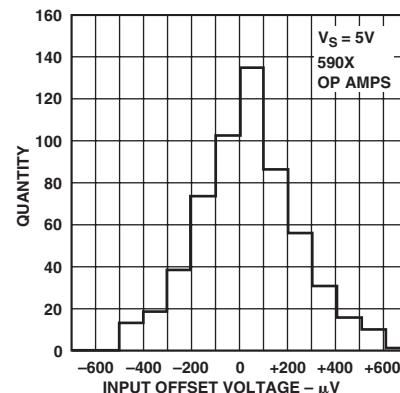
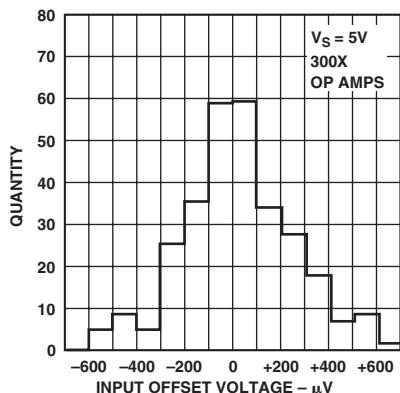
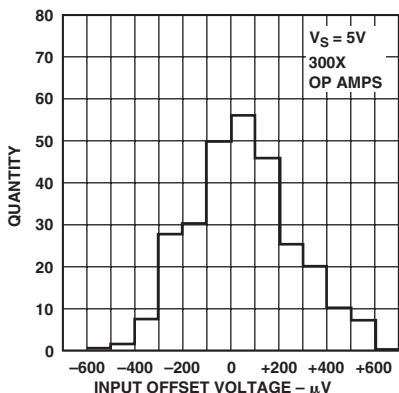
³ θ_{JA} is specified for the worst case conditions, i.e., θ_{JA} is specified for device soldered in circuit board for SOIC packages.

ORDERING GUIDE

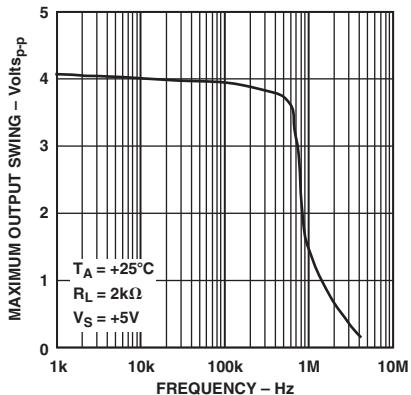
Model	Temperature Range	Package Description	Package Option
OP183GS	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead SOIC	SO-8
OP283GS*	-40°C to +85°C	8-Lead SOIC	SO-8

*Not for new design; obsolete April 2002.

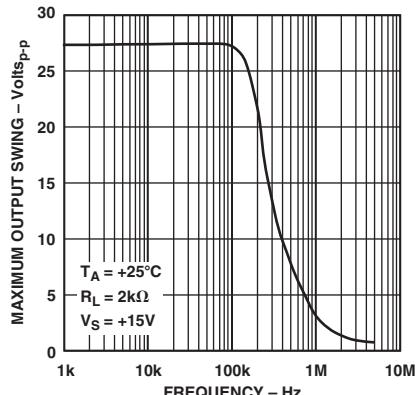
Typical Performance Characteristics—OP183/OP283



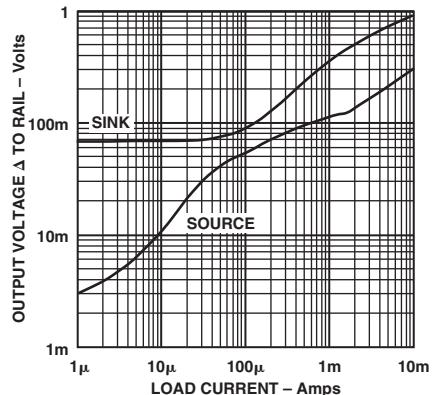
OP183/OP283



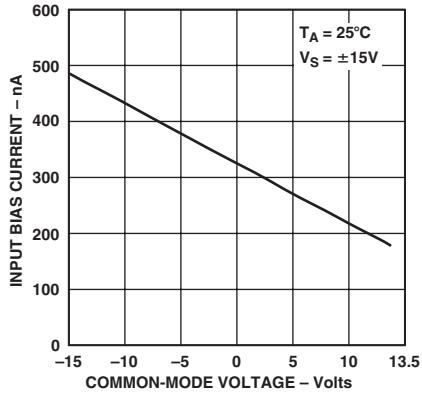
TPC 10. OP183/OP283 Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency @ 5 V



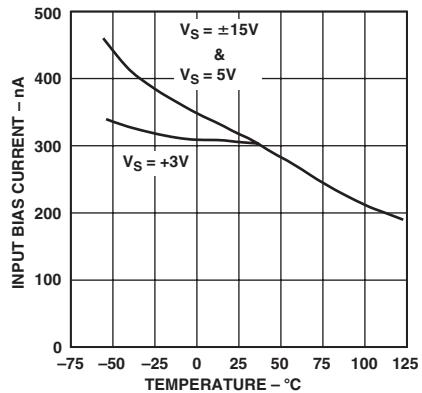
TPC 11. OP183/OP283 Maximum Output Swing vs. Frequency @ $\pm 15\text{ V}$



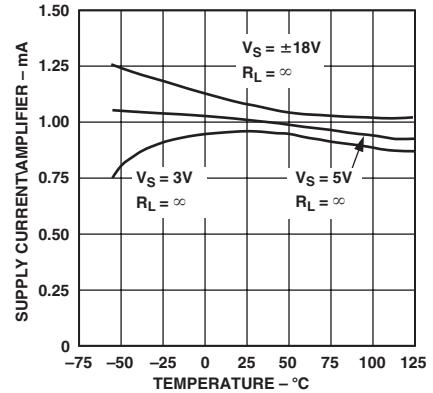
TPC 12. Output Voltage vs. Sink & Source Current



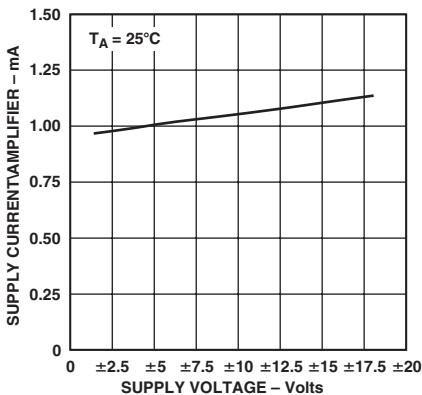
TPC 13. Input Bias Current vs. Common-Mode Voltage



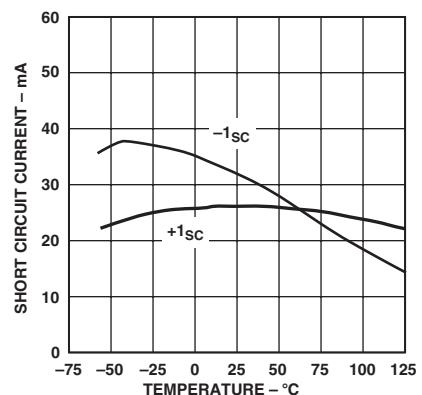
TPC 14. Input Bias Current vs. Temperature



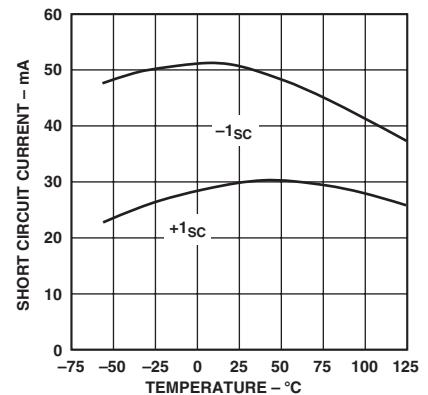
TPC 15. Supply Current per Amplifier vs. Temperature



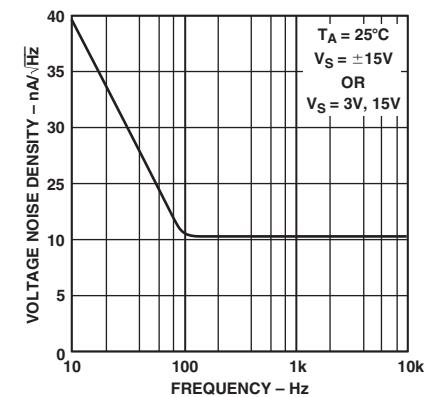
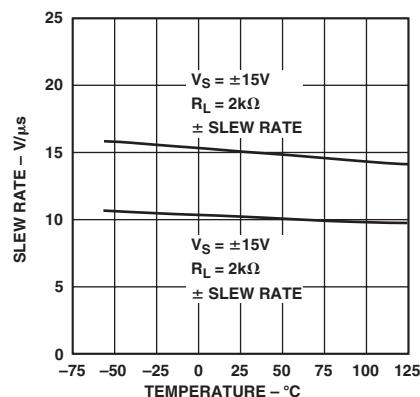
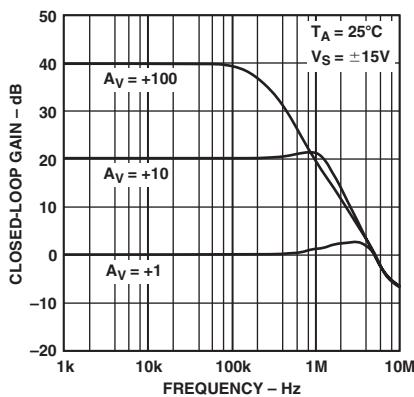
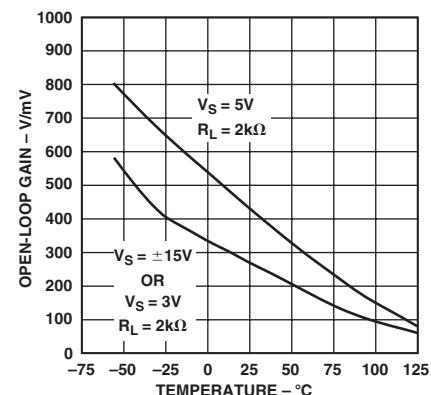
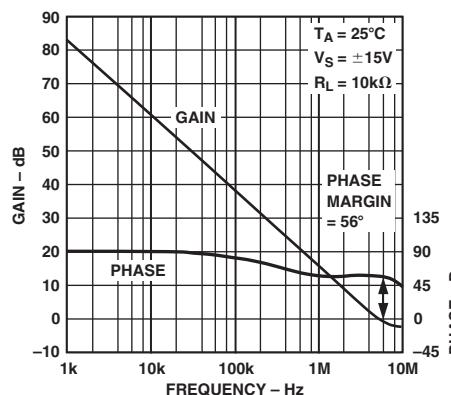
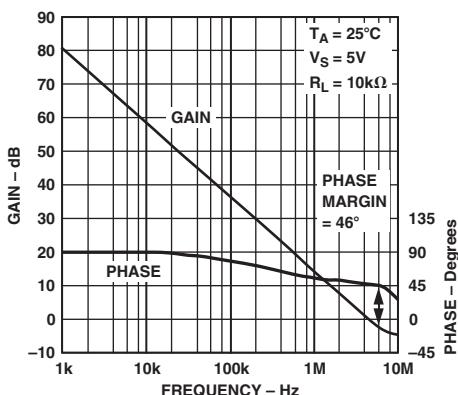
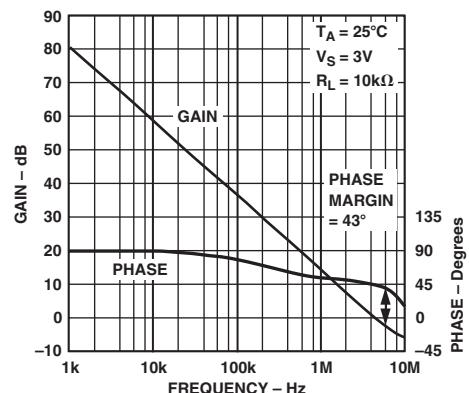
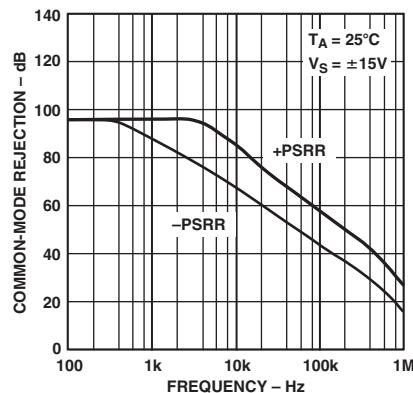
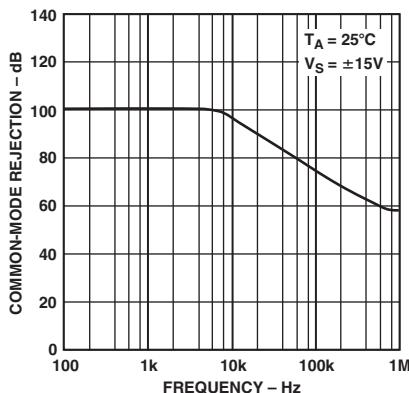
TPC 16. Supply Current per Amplifier vs. Supply Voltage



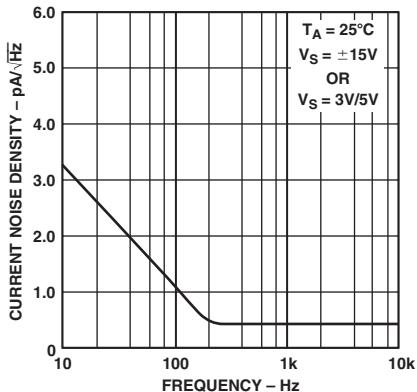
TPC 17. Short-Circuit Current vs. Temperature @ 5 V



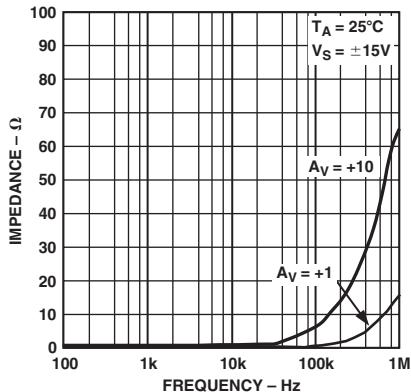
TPC 18. Short-Circuit Current vs. Temperature @ $\pm 15\text{ V}$



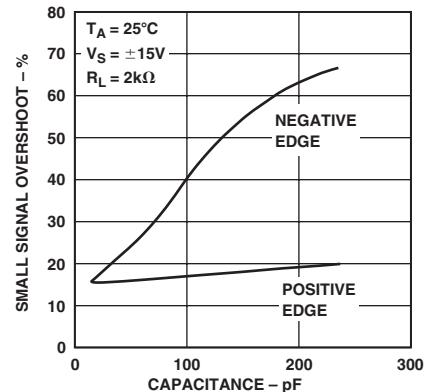
OP183/OP283



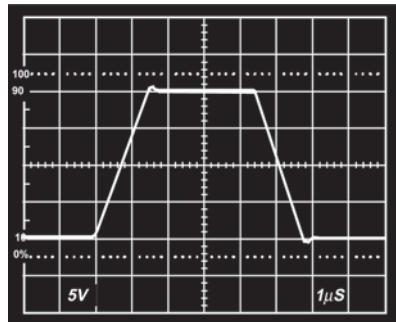
TPC 28. Current Noise Density vs. Frequency



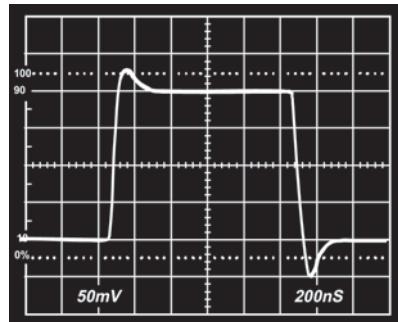
TPC 29. Closed-Loop Output Impedance vs. Frequency



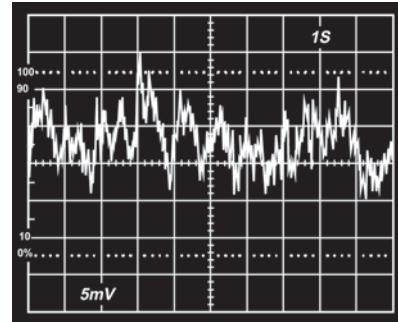
TPC 30. Small Signal Overshoot vs. Load Capacitance



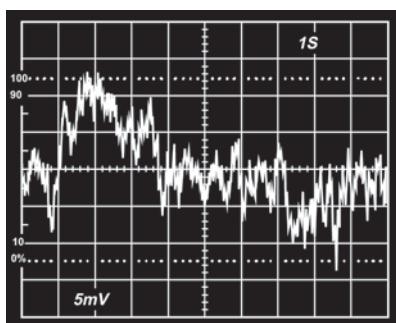
TPC 31. Large Signal Performance @ $\pm 15 V$



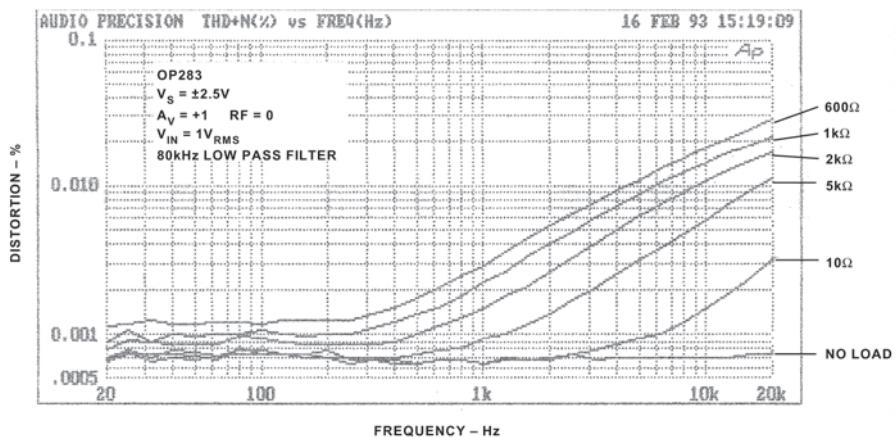
TPC 32. Small Signal Performance @ $\pm 15 V$



TPC 33. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Noise @ $\pm 2.5 V$



TPC 34. 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz Noise @ $\pm 15 V$



TPC 35. THD + Noise vs. Frequency for Various Loads

APPLICATIONS**OP183 Offset Adjust**

Figure 1 shows how the offset voltage of the OP183 can be adjusted by connecting a potentiometer between Pins 1 and 5, and connecting the wiper to V_{EE} . The recommended value for the potentiometer is 10 k Ω . This will give an adjustment range of approximately ± 1 mV. If larger adjustment span is desired, a 50 k Ω potentiometer will yield a range of ± 2.5 mV.

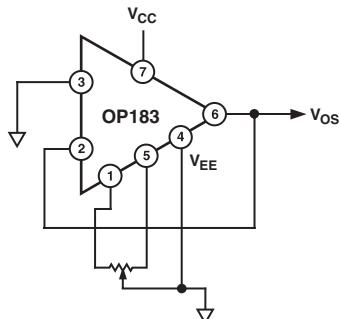


Figure 1. OP183 Offset Adjust

Phase Reversal

The OP183 family is protected against phase reversal as long as both of the inputs are within the range of the positive supply and the negative supply minus 0.6 volts. If there is a possibility of either input going beyond these limits, however, the inputs should be protected with a series resistor to limit input current to 2 mA.

Direct Access Arrangement

The OP183/OP283 can be used in a single supply Direct Access Arrangement (DAA) as shown in Figure 2. This figure shows a portion of a typical DAA capable of operating from a single 5 V supply; with minor modifications it should also work on 3 V supplies. Amplifiers A2 and A3 are configured so that the transmit signal TXA is inverted by A2 and not inverted by A3. This

arrangement drives the transformer differentially so that the drive to the transformer is effectively doubled over a single amplifier arrangement. This application takes advantage of the OP183/283's ability to drive capacitive loads and to save power in single-supply applications.

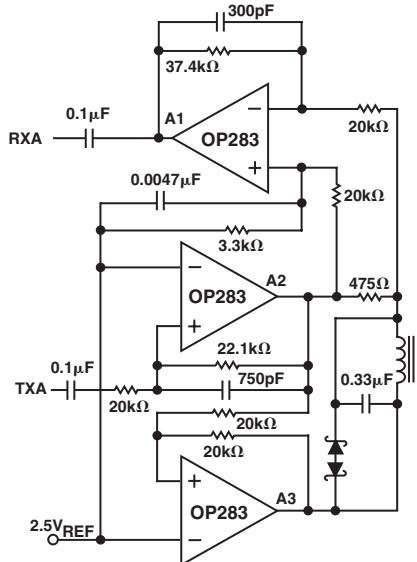


Figure 2. Direct Access Arrangement

5 V Only Stereo DAC for Multimedia

The low noise and single supply capability of the OP283 are ideally suited for stereo DAC audio reproduction or sound synthesis applications such as multimedia systems. Figure 3 shows an 18-bit stereo DAC output setup that is powered from a single 5 V supply. The low noise preserves the 18-bit dynamic range of the AD1868. For DACs that operate on dual supplies, the OP283 can also be powered from the same supplies.

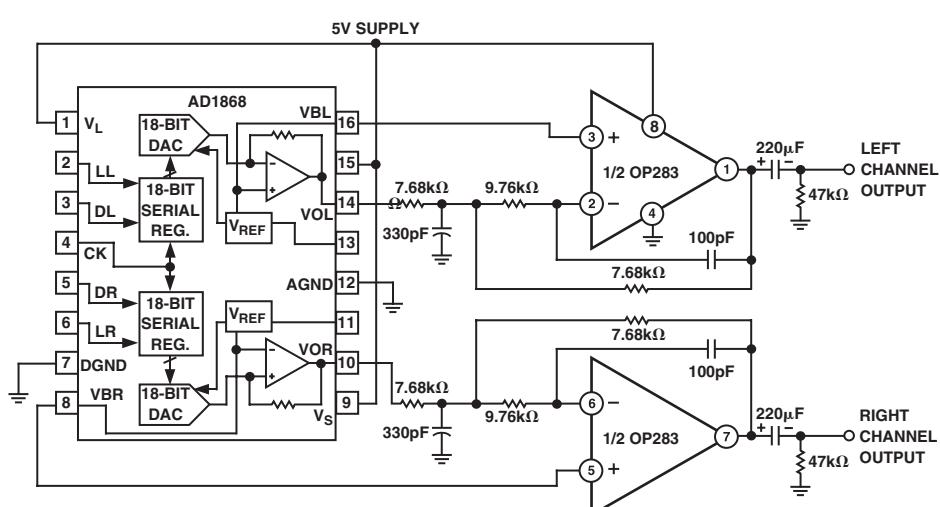


Figure 3. 5 Volt Only 18-Bit Stereo DAC

OP183/OP283

Low Voltage Headphone Amplifiers

Figure 4 shows a stereo headphone output amplifier for the AD1849 16-bit SoundPort® Stereo Codec device. The pseudo-reference voltage is derived from the common-mode voltage generated internally by the AD1849, thus providing a convenient bias for the headphone output amplifiers.

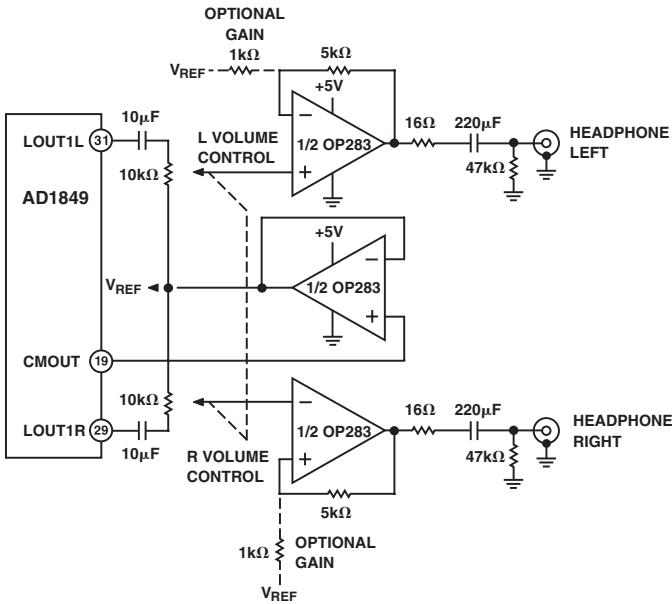


Figure 4. Headphone Output Amplifier for Multimedia Sound Codec

SoundPort is a registered trademark of Analog Devices, Inc.

Low Noise Microphone Amplifier for Multimedia

The OP183 family is ideally suited as a low noise microphone preamp for low voltage audio applications. Figure 5 shows a gain of 100 stereo preamp for the AD1849 16-bit SoundPort Stereo Codec chip. The common-mode output buffer serves as a “phantom power” driver for the microphones.

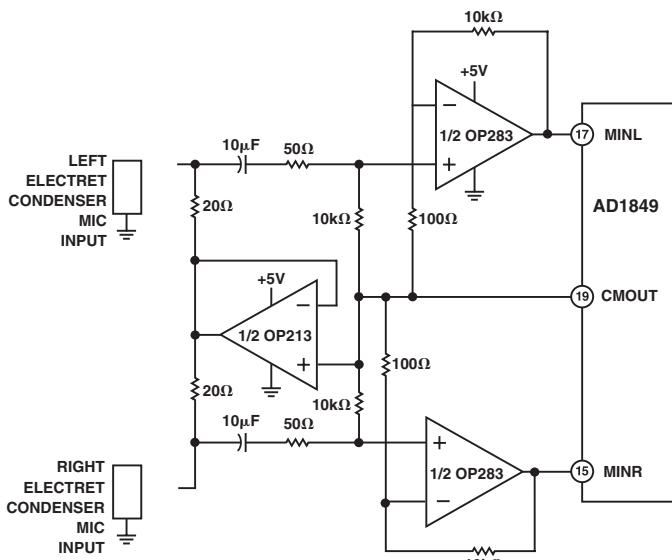
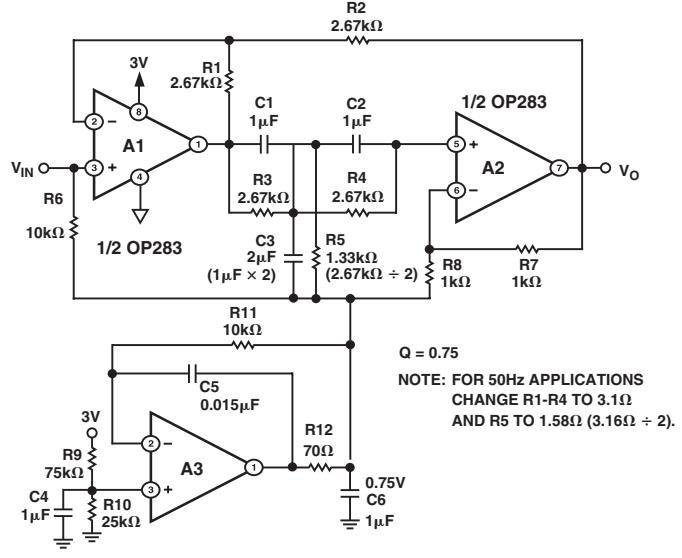


Figure 5. Low Noise Stereo Microphone Amplifier for Multimedia Sound CODEC

A 3 V 50 Hz/60 Hz Active Notch Filter with False Ground

To process ac signals, it may be easier to use a false-ground bias rather than the negative supply as a reference ground. This would reject the power-line frequency interference which can oftentimes obscure low frequency physiological signals, such as heart rates, blood pressures, EEGs, and ECGs.



A1, A2, AND A3 = 1/2 OP283

Figure 6. 3 V Supply 50 Hz/60 Hz Notch Filter with Pseudo Ground

Figure 6 shows a 50 Hz/60 Hz active notch filter for eliminating line noise in patient monitoring equipment. It has several kilohertz bandwidth and is not sensitive to false-ground perturbations. The simple false-ground circuit shown achieves good rejection of low frequency interference using standard off-the-shelf components.

Amplifier A3 biases A1 and A2 to the middle of their input common-mode range. When operating on a 3 V supply, the center of the OP283's common-mode range is 0.75 V. This notch filter effectively squelches 60 Hz pickup at a filter Q of 0.75. To reject 50 Hz interference, change the resistors in the twin-T section (R1 through R5) from 2.67 kΩ to 3.16 kΩ.

The filter section uses an OP283 dual op amp in a twin-T configuration whose frequency selectivity is very sensitive to the relative matching of the capacitors and resistors in the twin-T section. Mylar is the material of choice for the capacitors, and the relative matching of the capacitors and resistors determines the filter's pass band symmetry. Using 1% resistors and 5% capacitors produces satisfactory results.

A Low Voltage Frequency Synthesizer for Wireless Transceiver

The OP183's low noise and the low voltage operation capability serves well for the loop filter of a frequency synthesizer. Figure 7 shows a typical application in a radio transceiver. The phase noise performance of the synthesizer depends on low noise contribution from each component in the loop as the noise is amplified by the frequency division factor of the prescaler.

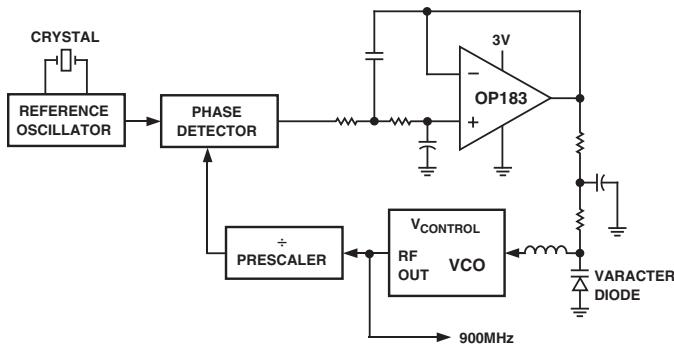


Figure 7. A Low Voltage Frequency Synthesizer for a Wireless Transceiver

The resistors used in the low-pass filter should be of low to moderate values to reduce noise contribution due to the input bias current as well as the resistors themselves. The filter cutoff frequency should be chosen to optimize the loop constant.

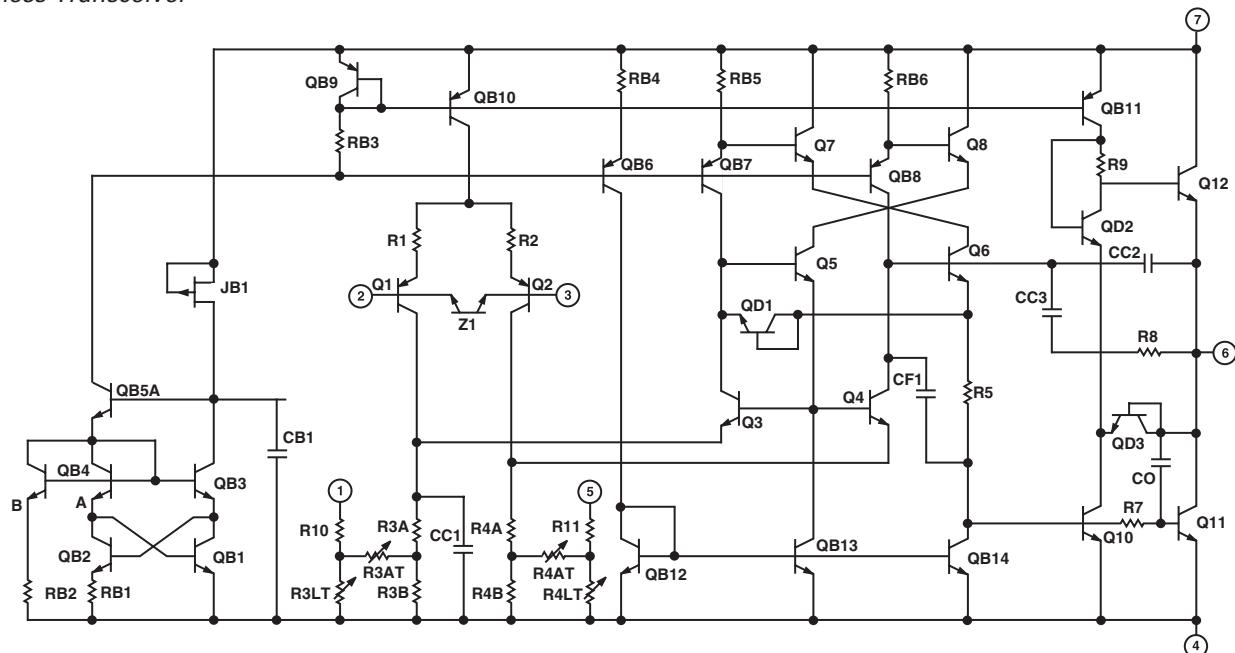


Figure 8. OP183 Simplified Schematic

OP183/OP283

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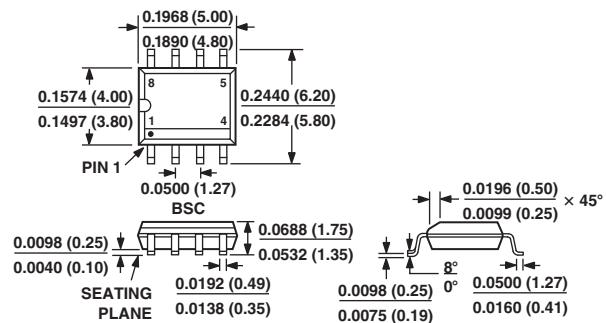
* OP283 SPICE Macro-model           Rev. A, 9/93      I1    99     8    1E-4
*                                         JCB/ADI        Q1    4      1     6    QP
*
* Copyright 1993 by Analog Devices
*                                         Q2    5      3     7    QP
*
* Refer to "README.DOC" file for License Statement.
* Use of this model indicates your acceptance of the terms and
* provisions in the License Statement.
*
* Node assignments
*               noninverting input
*               |   inverting input
*               |   |   positive supply
*               |   |   |   negative supply
*               |   |   |   |   output
*               |   |   |   |
*.SUBCKT OP283 2 1 99 50 45
*
* INPUT STAGE AND POLE AT 600 kHz
*
D1    9    10    DX
D2    11   9     DX
E1    10   98    POLY(1) 99 98 -1.35 1.03
V2    50   11    -0.63
*
* COMMON MODE STAGE WITH ZERO AT 353 Hz
*
ECM   14   98    POLY(2) (1,98) (2,98) 0 3.5 3.5
R7    14   15    1E6
C4    14   15    3.75E-11
R8    15   98    1
*
*POLE AT 20 MHz
*
GP2    98   31    (9,98) 1E-6
RP2    31   98    1E6
CP2    31   98    7.96E-15
*
*ZERO AT 1.5 MHz
*
EZ1    32   98    (31,98) 1E6
RZ1    32   33    1E6
RZ2    33   98    1
CZ1    32   33    106E-15
*
*POLE AT 10 MHz
*
I1    99     8    1E-4
Q1    4      1     6    QP
Q2    5      3     7    QP
CIN   1      2    1.5PF
R1    50     4    1591
R2    50     5    1591
C1    4      5    83.4E-12
R3    6      8    1075
R4    7      8    1075
IOS   1      2    12.5E-9
EOS   3      2    POLY(1) (15,98) 25E-6 1
DC1   2      36   DZ
DC2   1      36   DZ
*
* GAIN STAGE AND DOMINANT POLE AT 10 Hz
*
EREF   98    0    POLY(2) (99,0) (50,0) 0 0.5 0.5
G1     98    9    (4,5) 6.28E-4
R5     9     98   1.59E9
C2     9     98   10E-12
GP10   98    40   (33,98) 1E-6
RP10   40    98   1E6
CP10   40    98   15.9E-15
*
* OUTPUT STAGE
*
RO1    99    45   140
RO2    45    50   140
G7     45    99   (99,40)   7.14E-3
G8     50    45   (40,50)   7.14E-3
G9     98    60   (45,40)   7.14E-3
D7     60    61   DX
D8     62    60   DX
V7     61    98   DC 0
V8     98    62   DC 0
GSY   99    50   (99,50)5E-6
FSY   99    50   POLY(2) V7 V8 1.075E-3 1 1
D9     40    41   DX
D10   42    40   DX
V5     41    45   1.2
V6     45    42   1.5
*
* MODELS USED
*
.MODEL DX D
.MODEL DZ D(IS=1E-15 BV=7.0)
.MODEL QP PNP(BF=143)
.ENDS

```

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

Dimensions shown in inches and (mm).

8-Lead Narrow-Body SO (SO-8)



Revision History

<u>Location</u>	<u>Page</u>
Data Sheet changed from REV. B to REV. C.	
Edits to FEATURES	1
Edits to GENERAL DESCRIPTION	1
Edits to SPECIFICATIONS	2-3
Edits to Package Type	4
Edits to ORDERING GUIDE	4
Edits to ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS	4
Edits to OUTLINE DIMENSIONS	12

