## TOSHIBA Bipolar Linear IC Silicon Monolithic

## TA2170FL

## Low Current Consumption Headphone Amplifier (Built-in input selector)

The TA2170FL is a stereo headphone amplifier built in the selector switch of 3 inputs.

The mute switch is built in each 3 input, and an output can choose 1 output or a mixer output.

## Features

- Low current consumption
$\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{L}}=32 \Omega$, typ
- No signal mode

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{ICCQ}=0.9 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \text { input mode }) \\
& \mathrm{ICCQ}=1.0 \mathrm{~mA}(2 \text { inputs mode }) \\
& \mathrm{ICCQ}=1.1 \mathrm{~mA}(3 \text { inputs mode })
\end{aligned}
$$

- $0.1 \mathrm{~mW} \times 2 \mathrm{ch}$

ICC $=2.2 \mathrm{~mA}$ (1 input mode)
ICC $=2.3 \mathrm{~mA}$ ( 2 inputs mode)
ICC $=2.4 \mathrm{~mA}$ (3 inputs mode)

- $0.5 \mathrm{~mW} \times 2 \mathrm{ch}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathrm{ICC}=4.1 \mathrm{~mA}(1 \text { input mode }) \\
& \mathrm{I} C \mathrm{CC}=4.2 \mathrm{~mA}(2 \text { inputs mode }) \\
& \mathrm{ICC}=4.3 \mathrm{~mA}(3 \text { inputs mode })
\end{aligned}
$$

- $G V=-0.3 \mathrm{~dB}$ (1 input mode, typ.)
- Built-in signal level adjustment circuit, so that a 1 output or a mixer output doesn't change a feeling of volume either.
- Built-in power switch
- Built-in all mute switch
- Built-in mute switch at each buffer amplifier.
- Built-in one side mute switch at buffer amplifier 1.
- Operating supply voltage range $\left(\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right): \mathrm{VCC1}^{(\mathrm{opr})}=1.8$ to 4.5 V

$$
\text { VCC2 (opr) }=0.9 \text { to } 4.5 \mathrm{~V}
$$

## Block Diagram



## Pin Descriptions

Pin Voltage: Typical Pin voltage for test circuit when no input signal is applied, $\mathrm{VCC}_{\mathrm{C}}=\mathrm{VCC} 2=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$


|  | o. and Name | Function | Internal Circuit | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pin } \\ \text { Voltage } \end{gathered}$ $(\mathrm{V})$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | OUT ADJ | DC output voltage adjustment Either connect this pin or leave it open depending on the level of $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}$. <br> If the power supply of a 1.5 V system is applied to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}$, connect this pin to BIAS IN (pin14) If the power supply of a 3 V system is applied to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}$, leave this pin open. |  | 1.85 |
| 14 | BIAS IN | Bias circuit input |  | 1.15 |
| 15 | BIAS OUT | Bias circuit output |  | 1.15 |
| 16 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}$ for everything other than power drive stage |  | 3 |
| 18 | RF IN | Ripple filter input |  | 2.7 |
| 17 | GND | - | - | 0 |
| 19 | PW SW | Power switch <br> (IC ON : H level (IC OFF: L level Refer to application note 4. |  | 3 |
| 20 | ALL MUTE | All mute switch (Mute ON:L level Mute OFF: H level Refer to application note 4. |  | - |
| 21 | MUTE3 | Mute switch of buffer amplifier 3 <br> Mute ON: L level <br> Mute OFF: H level Refer to application note 4. |  | - |
| 22 | MUTE2 | Mute switch of buffer amplifier 2 <br> Mute ON: L level <br> Mute OFF: H level <br> Refer to application note 4. |  | - |
| 23 | MUTE1A | Mute switch of buffer amplifier 1A <br> (Mute ON:L level <br> Mute OFF: H level this switch is used when it turn on A channel mutes of a buffer amplifier 1 . <br> Refer to application note 4. |  | - |
| 24 | MUTE1 | Mute switch of buffer amplifier 1 (Mute ON: L level (Mute OFF: H level Refer to application note 4. |  | - |

## Application Notes

## 1. Mute switch and voltage gain

This IC is designed so that a volume feeling may not change with a single output and many outputs.
When the input signal to buffer amplifier is same and a linear domain, the relation between mute switches and voltage gain are as follows.

Test condition: $\mathrm{VCC}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{f}=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{V}_{\text {in }}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$, theoretical value
(1) 1 input mode

| MUTE SW |  |  |  | Attenuation to an input signal (dB) |  |  |  |  |  | Total gain (dB) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | BUF1 |  | BUF2 |  | BUF3 |  |  |  |
| MUTE1 | MUTE1A | MUTE2 | MUTE3 | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch |
| Input signal is applied to BUF 1. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OFF | OFF | ON | ON | 0 | 0 | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | -6 | -6 | - | - | - | - | -6 | -6 |
| OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | -6 | -6 | - | - | - | - | -6 | -6 |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | -9.5 | -9.5 | - | - | - | - | -9.5 | -9.5 |
| OFF | ON | ON | ON | - | 0 | - | - | - | - | - | 0 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | ON | - | -6 | - | - | - | - | - | -6 |
| OFF | ON | ON | OFF | - | -6 | - | - | - | - | - | -6 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | - | -9.5 | - | - | - | - | - | -9.5 |

Input signal is applied to BUF 2

| ON | ON/OFF | OFF | ON | - | - | 0 | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | ON/OFF | OFF | OFF | - | - | -6 | -6 | - | - | -6 | -6 |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | - | - | -6 | -6 | - | - | -6 | -6 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | ON | - | - | 0 | -6 | - | - | 0 | -6 |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | - | - | -9.5 | -9.5 | - | - | -9.5 | -9.5 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | - | - | -6 | -9.5 | - | - | -6 | -9.5 |

Input signal is applied to BUF 3.

| ON | ON/OFF | ON | OFF | - | - | - | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ON | ON/OFF | OFF | OFF | - | - | - | - | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 |
| OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | - | - | - | - | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 |
| OFF | ON | ON | OFF | - | - | - | - | 0 | -6 | 0 | -6 |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | - | - | - | - | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | - | - | - | - | -6 | -9.5 | -6 | -9.5 |

(2) 2 inputs mode

| MUTE SW |  |  |  | Attenuation to an input signal (dB) |  |  |  |  |  | Total gain (dB) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | BUF1 |  | BUF2 |  | BUF3 |  |  |  |
| MUTE1 | MUTE1A | MUTE2 | MUTE3 | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch |
| Input signal is applied to BUF 1 and BUF 2. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | ON | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 | - | - | 0 | 0 |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | - | - | -3.5 | -3.5 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | ON | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | - | -6 | -9.5 | -6 | - | - | -3.5 | 0 |

Input signal is applied to BUF 1 and BUF 3.

| OFF | OFF | ON | OFF | -6 | -6 | - | - | -6 | -6 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | -9.5 | -9.5 | - | - | -9.5 | -9.5 | -3.5 | -3.5 |
| OFF | ON | ON | OFF | - | -6 | - | - | -6 | -6 | -6 | 0 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | - | -9.5 | - | - | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -3.5 |

Input signal is applied to BUF 2 and BUF 3.

| ON | ON/OFF | OFF | OFF | - | - | -6 | -6 | -6 | -6 | 0 | 0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | - | - | -6 | -9.5 | -6 | -9.5 | 0 | -3.5 |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | - | - | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -3.5 | -3.5 |

(3) 3 inputs mode

| MUTE SW |  |  |  | Attenuation to an input signal (dB) |  |  |  |  |  | Total gain (dB) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | BUF1 |  | BUF2 |  | BUF3 |  |  |  |
| MUTE1 | MUTE1A | MUTE2 | MUTE3 | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch | Ach | Bch |
| OFF | OFF | OFF | OFF | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | 0 | 0 |
| OFF | ON | OFF | OFF | - | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -9.5 | -3.5 | 0 |

## 2. Low-cut compensation

The low-frequency range can be decreased using an output-coupling capacitor and a load ( $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{c}}=50 \mathrm{~Hz}$ at $\mathrm{C}=100 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \mathrm{R}=32 \Omega$ ). However, since the capacitor is connected between the IC's output pin (pin 2/4) and EQ pin (pin 1/5), the low-frequency gain of the power amplifier increases, enabling low-cut compensation to be performed. For the response of capacitors of different values, please refer to
Figure 1.


Figure 1 Capacitor response

## 3. Adjustment of DC output voltage

Please perform the OUT ADJ pin (pin 13) as follows by the power supply of VCC1 and VCC2.

- If a boost voltage is applied to $\mathrm{VCC}_{\mathrm{C}}, \mathrm{VCC}_{2}$ is connected to a battery and the difference between VCC1 and VCC2 is greater than or equal to 0.7 V , short pins 13 and 14 together. In this case the DC output voltage
will be $\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}}{2}$.
- If the difference between VCC1 and VCC2 is less than 0.7 V , or if $\mathrm{VCC}^{2}$ and VCC 2 are connected to the same power supply, leave pin 13 open.

In these cases the DC output voltage will be $\frac{\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}-0.7 \mathrm{~V}}{2}$.

## 4. Switch

(1) Timing chart

Refer to Fig. 2 for the IC timing chart.


Figure 2 Timing chart
(2) PW SW

The device is ON when this pin is set to High. To prevent the IC being turned ON by external noise, it is necessary to connect an external pull-down resistor to the PW SW pin. The pin is highly sensitive.
(3) Mute smoothing

The resistor is connected to a mute pin less than $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
When larger than this, the switch circuit doesn't operate normally.
(4) Switch sensitivity $\left(\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$



|  | PW SW |
| :---: | :---: |
| H level | IC ON |
| L level | IC OFF |


|  | MUTE |
| :---: | :---: |
| H level | Mute OFF |
| L level | Mute ON |

Figure 3 Switch sensitivity

## 5. Capacitor

The following capacitors must have excellent temperature and frequency characteristics.
Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $\mathrm{Ta}=\mathbf{2 5}{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )

| Characteristic | Symbol | Rating | Unit |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supply voltage 1 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}$ | 4.5 |  |
| Supply voltage 2 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}$ | 4.5 |  |
| Output current | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{O}}$ (peak) | 100 | mA |
| Power dissipation | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{D}}($ Note $)$ | 350 | mW |
| Operating temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{opr}}$ | $-25 \sim 75$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| Storage temperature | $\mathrm{T}_{\text {stg }}$ | $-55 \sim 150$ | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Note: Derated by $2.8 \mathrm{~mW} /{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ above $\mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$

Electrical Characteristics (Unless otherwise specified, $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}=\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}=3 \mathrm{~V}, \mathbf{R g}=\mathbf{6 0 0} \Omega$, $R_{L}=32 \Omega, f=1 \mathrm{kHz}, \mathrm{Ta}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, SW1~SW5: a, SW6~SW8: a)

| Characteristic | Symbol | Test condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Quiescent supply current | ICCQ1 | IC OFF mode SW1~5: b | - | - | 5 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
|  | ICCQ2 | 1 input on mode <br> BUF1: ON (SW5: a, SW3/4: b) <br> BUF2: ON (SW4: a, SW3/5: b) <br> BUF3: ON (SW3: a, SW4/5: b) | - | 0.9 | 1.6 | mA |
|  | ICCQ3 | 2 input on mode <br> BUF1/2: ON (SW4/5: a, SW3: b) <br> BUF1/3: ON (SW3/5: a, SW4: b) <br> BUF2/3: ON (SW3/4: a, SW5: b) | - | 1.0 | 1.8 |  |
|  | ICCQ4 | 3 input on mode | - | 1.1 | 2.0 |  |
|  | ICCQ5 | 1 input on mode <br> $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}=1.2 \mathrm{~V}$ <br> BUF1: ON (SW5: a, SW3/4: b) <br> BUF2: ON (SW4: a, SW3/5: b) <br> BUF3: ON (SW3: a, SW4/5: b) | - | 0.9 | 1.6 |  |
| Power supply current during drive | ICC1 | 1 input on mode $0.1 \mathrm{~mW} / 32 \Omega \times 2 \mathrm{ch}$ BUF1: ON (SW5: a, SW3/4: b) BUF2: ON (SW4: a, SW3/5: b) BUF3: ON (SW3: a, SW4/5: b) | - | 2.2 | - | mA |
|  | ICC2 | 2 input on mode $0.1 \mathrm{~mW} / 32 \Omega \times 2 \mathrm{ch}$ BUF1/2: ON (SW4/5: a, SW3: b) BUF1/3: ON (SW3/5: a, SW4: b) BUF2/3: ON (SW3/4: a, SW5: b) | - | 2.3 | - |  |
|  | ICC3 | 3 input on mode $0.1 \mathrm{~mW} / 32 \Omega \times 2 \mathrm{ch}$ | - | 2.4 | - |  |
| Voltage gain | $\mathrm{G}_{1}$ | 1 input on mode $V_{0}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ <br> BUF1: ON (SW5: a, SW3/4: b) <br> BUF2: ON (SW4: a, SW3/5: b) <br> BUF3: ON (SW3: a, SW4/5: b) | -1.8 | -0.3 | 1.2 | dB |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{V} 2}$ | 2 input on mode $\mathrm{V}_{0}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ <br> BUF1/2: ON (SW4/5: a, SW3: b) BUF1/3: ON (SW3/5: a, SW4: b) BUF2/3: ON (SW3/4: a, SW5: b) | -1.0 | 0.5 | 2.0 |  |
|  | $\mathrm{G}_{\mathrm{V} 3}$ | 3 input on mode $V_{0}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ | -0.8 | 0.7 | 2.2 |  |
| Channel balance | CB | $\mathrm{V}_{0}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ | -1.5 | 0 | 1.5 | dB |
| Output power | $\mathrm{P}_{01}$ | THD = 10\% | 15 | 20 | - | mW |
|  | $\mathrm{P}_{02}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}=2.4 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}=1.2 \mathrm{~V} \\ & \mathrm{THD}=10 \% \end{aligned}$ | 3 | 6 | - |  |
| Total harmonic distortion | THD | $\mathrm{P}_{\mathrm{o}}=1 \mathrm{~mW}$ | - | 0.1 | 0.3 | \% |
| Output noise voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {no }}$ | $\mathrm{R}_{\mathrm{g}}=600 \Omega$, Filter: IHF-A, SW6~8: b | - | -100 | -96 | dBV |
| Cross talk | CT | $\mathrm{V}_{0}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ | -53 | -60 | - | dB |
| Ripple rejection ratio | RR | $\mathrm{f}_{\mathrm{r}}=100 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{r}}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ | -70 | -80 | - | dB |
| Muting attenuation | ATT1 | ALL MUTE SW: ON, $\mathrm{V}_{0}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ | -75 | -90 | - | dB |
|  | ATT2 | MUTE SW: ON, $\mathrm{V}_{0}=-20 \mathrm{dBV}$ | -47 | -62 | - |  |
| PW SW ON current | 119 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}=0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | - | - | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| PW SW OFF voltage | V19 | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}=0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 | - | 0.3 | V |
| MUTE SW OFF current | $\mathrm{l}_{20-24}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}=0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | 5 | - | - | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| MUTE SW ON voltage | $\mathrm{V}_{20-24}$ | $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC} 1}=1.8 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CC} 2}=0.9 \mathrm{~V}$ | 0 | - | 0.1 | V |

## Test Circuit



## Markings



## Package Dimensions

QON24-P-0505-0.50
Unit: mm


Note 1) The solder plating portion in four corners of the package shall not be treated as an external terminal.

Note 2) Don't carry out soldering to four corners of the package.

Note 3) Woll area : Resin surface

Weight: 0.05 g (typ.)

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