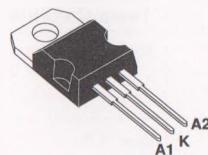
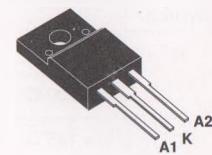


**ULTRA FAST RECOVERY RECTIFIER DIODES****FEATURES**

- SUITED FOR SMPS
- LOW LOSSES
- LOW FORWARD AND REVERSE RECOVERY TIME
- HIGH SURGE CURRENT CAPABILITY
- HIGH AVALANCHE ENERGY CAPABILITY

TO220AB  
(Plastic)ISOWATT220AB  
(Plastic)STPR610CT  
STPR620CTSTPR610CF  
STPR620CF**DESCRIPTION**

Low cost dual center tap rectifier suited for switch-mode power supply and high frequency DC to DC converters.

Packaged in TO220AB and ISOWATT220AB, this device is intended for use in low voltage, high frequency inverters, free wheeling and polarity protection applications.

**ABSOLUTE RATINGS (limiting values)**

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit	
I <sub>F(RMS)</sub>	RMS Forward Current		Per diode	10	A	
I <sub>F(AV)</sub>	Average Forward Current $\delta = 0.5$	TO220AB	T <sub>c</sub> = 125°C	Per diode	3	A
		ISOWATT220AB	T <sub>c</sub> = 120°C	Per device	6	
I <sub>FSM</sub>	Surge Non Repetitive Forward Current	T <sub>p</sub> = 10 ms Sinusoidal	Per diode	30	A	
T <sub>stg</sub> T <sub>j</sub>	Storage and Junction Temperature Range			- 65 to + 150 - 65 to + 150	°C	

Symbol	Parameter	STPR		Unit
		610CT 610CF	620CT 620CF	
V <sub>RRM</sub>	Repetitive Peak Reverse Voltage	100	200	V

## THERMAL RESISTANCE

Symbol	Parameter			Value	Unit
Rth (j-c)	Junction-case	TO220AB	Per diode total	6.5	°C/W
		ISOWATT220AB	Per diode total	8.5	
Rth (c)	Coupling				°C/W

When the diodes 1 and 2 are used simultaneously :

$$\Delta T_j(\text{diode } 1) = P(\text{diode } 1) \times R_{\text{th}}(\text{Per diode}) + P(\text{diode } 2) \times R_{\text{th}}(\text{c})$$

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Tests Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>R</sub> *	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	V <sub>R</sub> = V <sub>RRM</sub>			50	μA
	T <sub>j</sub> = 100°C				0.5	mA
V <sub>F</sub> **	T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 3 A			0.99	V
	T <sub>j</sub> = 125°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 6 A			1.20	
	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 6 A			1.25	

Pulse test : \* tp = 5 ms, duty cycle < 2 %

\*\* tp = 380 μs, duty cycle < 2%

## RECOVERY CHARACTERISTICS

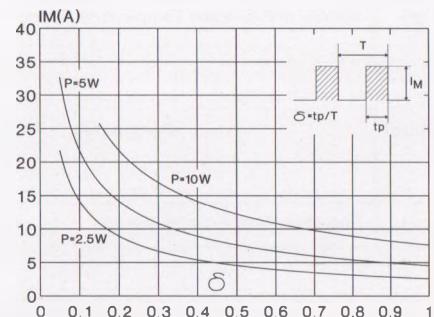
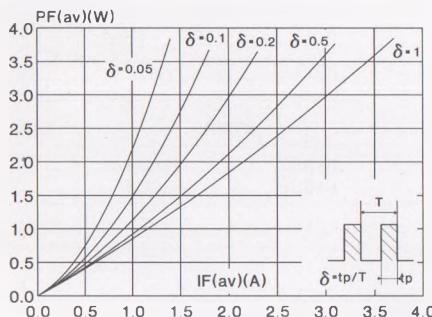
Symbol	Tests Conditions			Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	
trr	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 0.5 A	I <sub>R</sub> = 1A	I <sub>rr</sub> = 0.25 A			30	ns
tfr	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A	tr = 10 ns	V <sub>FR</sub> = 1.1 x V <sub>F</sub>		20		ns
V <sub>FP</sub>	T <sub>j</sub> = 25°C	I <sub>F</sub> = 1 A	tr = 10 ns			3		V

To evaluate the conduction losses use the following equation :

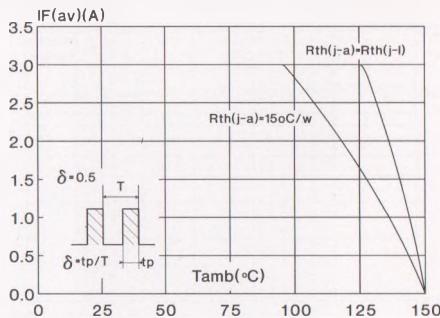
$$P = 0.78 \times I_F(AV) + 0.070 I_F^2(RMS)$$

Fig.1 : Average forward power dissipation versus average forward current. (Per diode)

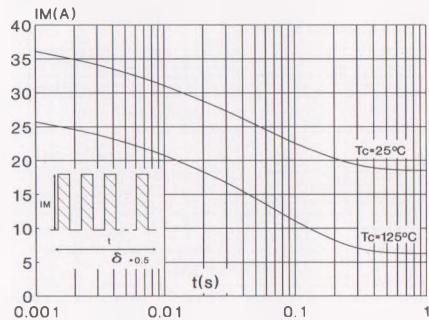
Fig.2 : Peak current versus form factor. (Per diode)



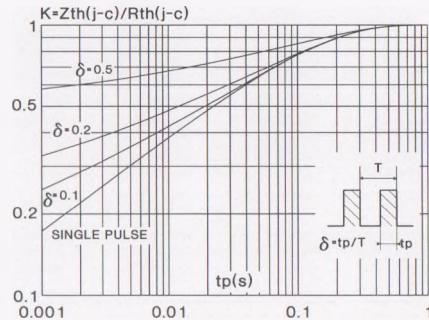
**Fig.3 : Average current versus ambient temperature.**  
(duty cycle : 0.5) (TO220AB)



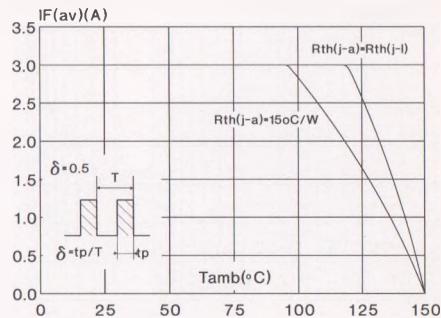
**Fig.5 : Non repetitive surge peak forward current versus overload duration.**  
(Maximum values) (TO220AB) (Per diode)



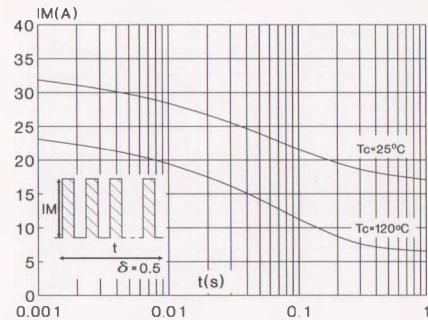
**Fig.7 : Relative variation of thermal transient impedance junction to case versus pulse duration.**  
(TO220AB) (Per diode)



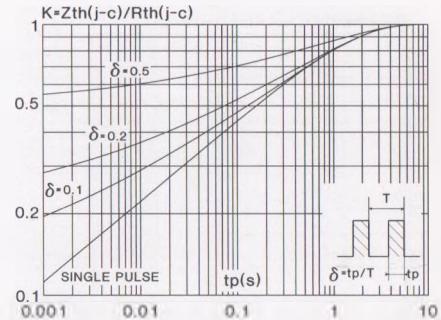
**Fig.4 : Average current versus ambient temperature.**  
(duty cycle : 0.5) (ISOWATT220AB)



**Fig.6 : Non repetitive surge peak forward current versus overload duration.**  
(Maximum values) (ISOWATT220AB) (Per diode)

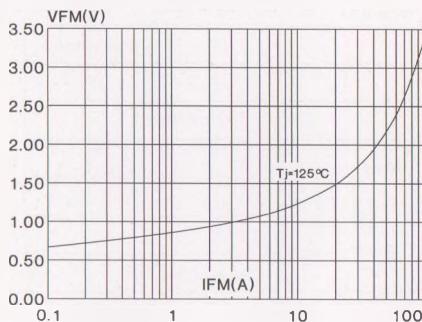


**Fig.8 : Relative variation of thermal transient impedance junction to case versus pulse duration.**  
(ISOWATT220AB) (Per diode)

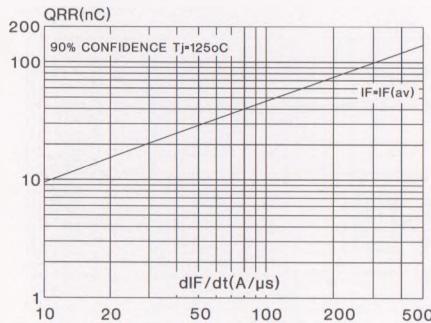


## STPR610CT/CF / STPR620CT/CF

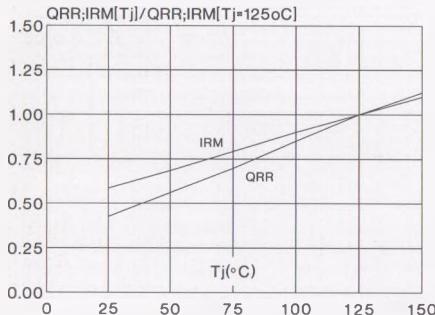
**Fig.9 : Forward voltage drop versus forward current.**  
(Maximum values) (Per diode)



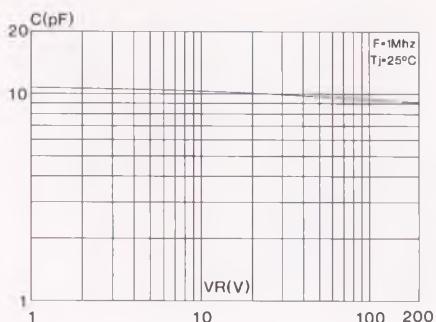
**Fig.11 : Recovery charge versus dIF/dt.** (Per diode)



**Fig.13 : Dynamic parameters versus junction temperature.** (Per diode)



**Fig.10 : Junction capacitance versus reverse voltage applied.** (Typical values) (Per diode)



**Fig.12 : Peak reverse current versus dIF/dt.** (Per diode)

