

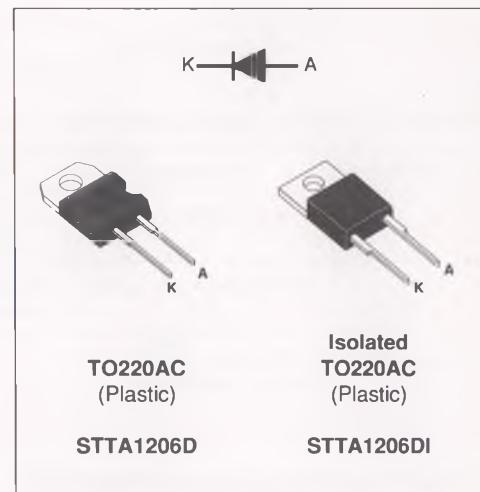
TURBOSWITCH™ "A". ULTRA-FAST HIGH VOLTAGE DIODE

MAIN PRODUCTS CHARACTERISTICS

I _{F(AV)}	12A
V _{RRM}	600V
t _{rr} (typ)	28ns
V _F (max)	1.5V

FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- SPECIFIC TO "FREEWHEEL MODE" OPERATIONS: Freewheel or Booster Diode.
- ULTRA-FAST RECOVERY.
- VERY LOW OVERALL POWER LOSSES IN BOTH THE DIODE AND THE COMPANION TRANSISTOR.
- HIGH FREQUENCY OPERATIONS.



DESCRIPTION

The TURBOSWITCH is a very high performance series of ultra-fast high voltage power diodes from 600V to 1200V.

TURBOSWITCH, A family, drastically cuts losses in both the diode and the associated switching IGBT or MOSFET in all "Freewheel Mode" operations and is particularly suitable and efficient

in Motor Control Freewheel applications and in Booster diode applications in Power Factor Control circuitries.

Packaged in TO220AC and in isolated TO220AC, these 600V devices are particularly intended for use on 240V domestic mains.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V _{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltage	600	V
V _{RSM}	Non repetitive peak reverse voltage	600	V
I _{F(RMS)}	RMS forward current	30 20	A
I _{FRM}	Repetitive peak forward current (tp = 5 µs, f = 5kHz)	140 120	A
T _j	Max operating junction temperature	-65 to 150	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65 to 150	°C

THERMAL AND POWER DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Value	Unit
$R_{th(j-c)}$	Junction to case thermal resistance	STTA1206D STTA1206DI	1.9 3.0	°C/W
P_1	Conduction power dissipation (see fig. 2)	$I_F(AV) = 12A \quad \delta = 0.5$ STTA1206D $T_c = 108^\circ C$ STTA1206DI $T_c = 84^\circ C$	22	W
P_{max}	Total power dissipation $P_{max} = P_1 + P_3 \quad (P_3 = 10\% P_1)$	STTA1206D $T_c = 104^\circ C$ STTA1206DI $T_c = 78^\circ C$	24	W

STATIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (see Fig.2)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V_F	Forward voltage drop	$I_F = 12A$	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $T_j = 125^\circ C$			1.75 1.5	V V
I_R	Reverse leakage current	$V_R = 0.8$ $\times V_{RRM}$	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $T_j = 125^\circ C$			100 5	μA mA

Test pulses widths : * $t_p = 380 \mu s$, duty cycle < 2%** $t_p = 5 ms$, duty cycle < 2%

DYNAMIC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TURN-OFF SWITCHING (see Fig.3)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{rr}	Reverse recovery time	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 0.5 A \quad I_R = 1A \quad I_{rr} = 0.25A$ $I_F = 1 A \quad dI_F/dt = -50A/\mu s \quad V_R = 30V$		28	55	ns
I_{RM}	Maximum reverse recovery current	$T_j = 125^\circ C \quad V_R = 400V \quad I_F = 12A$ $dI_F/dt = -96 A/\mu s$ $dI_F/dt = -500 A/\mu s$		16	7.5	A
S factor	Softness factor	$T_j = 125^\circ C \quad V_R = 400V \quad I_F = 12A$ $dI_F/dt = -500 A/\mu s$		0.45		/

TURN-ON SWITCHING (see Fig.4)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
t_{fr}	Forward recovery time	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 12 A, dI_F/dt = 96 A/\mu s$ measured at, $1.1 \times V_{Fmax}$			500	ns
V_{Fp}	Peak forward voltage	$T_j = 25^\circ C$ $I_F = 12A, dI_F/dt = 96 A/\mu s$			10	V

APPLICATION DATA

The TURBOSWITCH "A" is especially designed to provide the lowest overall power losses in any "FREEWHEEL Mode" application (Fig.1) considering both the diode and the companion

transistor, thus optimizing the overall performance in the end application.
The way of calculating the power losses is given below:

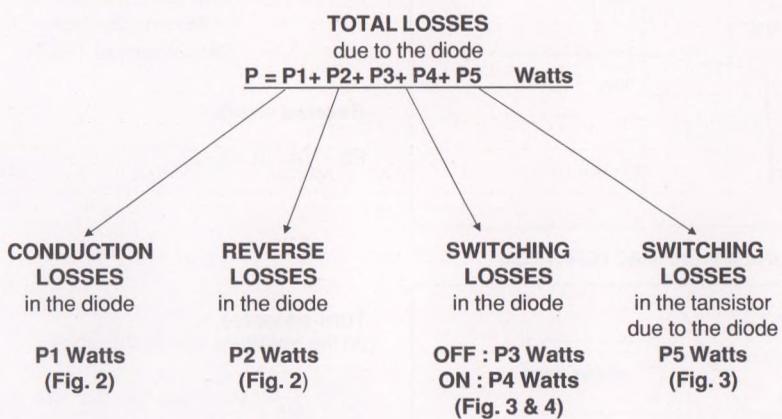
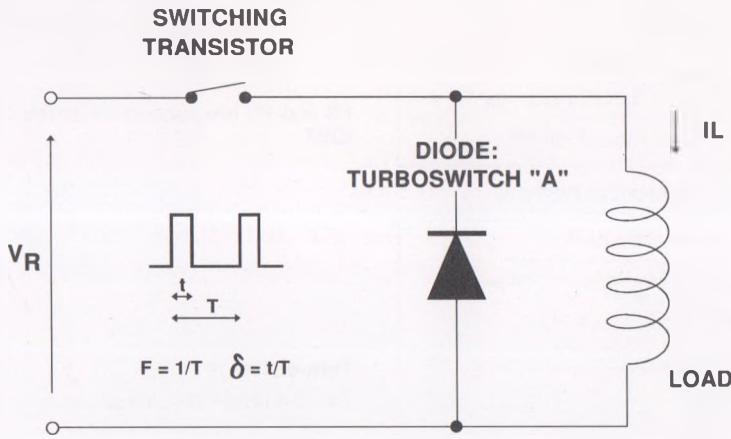
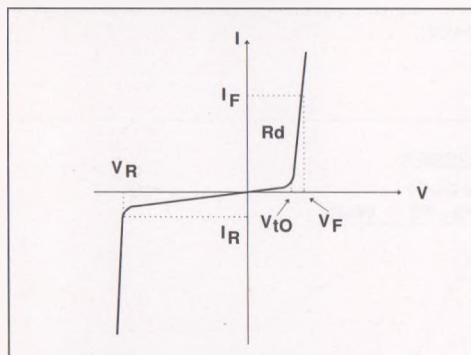


Fig. 1 : "FREEWHEEL" MODE.



APPLICATION DATA (Cont'd)

Fig. 2: STATIC CHARACTERISTICS

**Conduction losses :**

$$P1 = V_{t0} \cdot I_F(AV) + R_d \cdot I_F^2(\text{RMS})$$

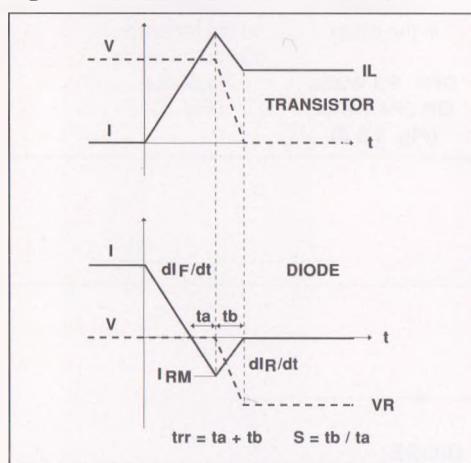
with

$$\begin{aligned} V_{t0} &= 1.15 \text{ V} \\ R_d &= 0.029 \text{ Ohm} \\ (\text{Max values at } 125^\circ\text{C}) \end{aligned}$$

Reverse losses :

$$P2 = V_R \cdot I_R \cdot (1 - \delta)$$

Fig. 3: TURN-OFF CHARACTERISTICS

**Turn-on losses :**
(in the transistor, due to the diode)

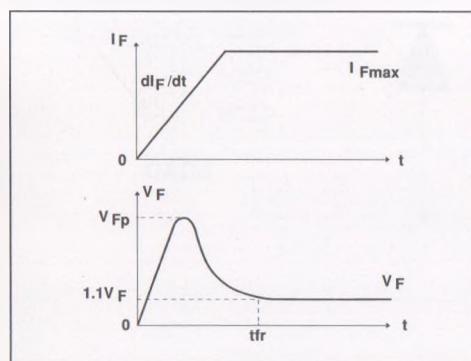
$$P5 = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times (3 + 2 \times S) \times F}{6 \times dI_F/dt} + \frac{V_R \times I_{RM} \times I_L \times (S + 2) \times F}{2 \times dI_F/dt}$$

Turn-off losses (in the diode) :

$$P3 = \frac{V_R \times I_{RM}^2 \times S \times F}{6 \times dI_F/dt}$$

P3 and P5 are suitable for power MOSFET and IGBT

Fig. 4: TURN-ON CHARACTERISTICS

**Turn-on losses :**

$$P4 = 0.4 (V_{FP} - V_F) \cdot I_{Fmax} \cdot tfr \cdot F$$

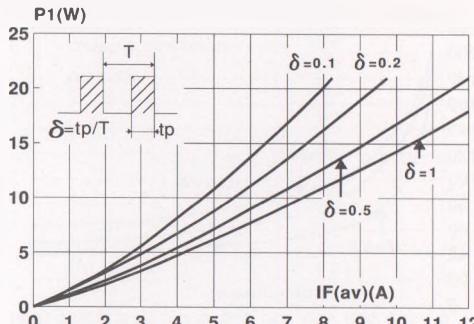
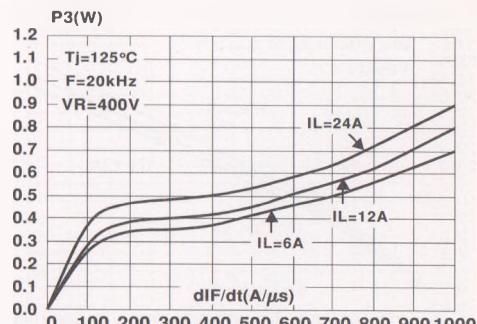
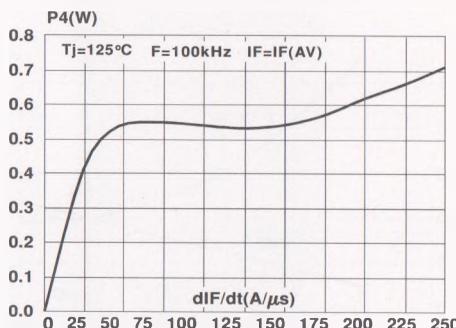
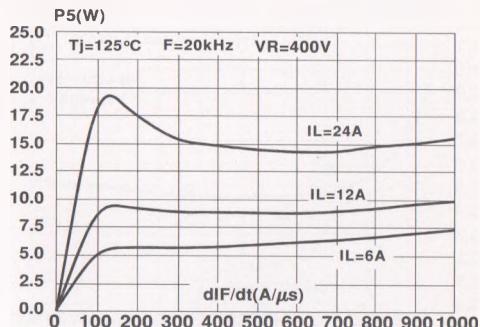
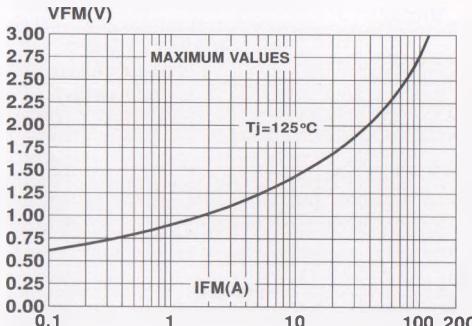
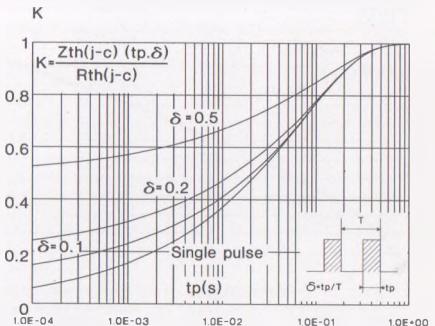
Fig 5 : Conduction losses versus average current**Fig 6 : Switching OFF losses versus dIF/dt****Fig 7 : Switching ON losses versus dIF/dt****Fig 8 : Switching losses in transistor due to the diode****Fig 9 : Forward voltage drop versus forward current****Fig 10 : Relative variation of thermal transient impedance junction to case versus pulse duration**

Fig 11 : Peak reverse recovery current versus dIF/dt

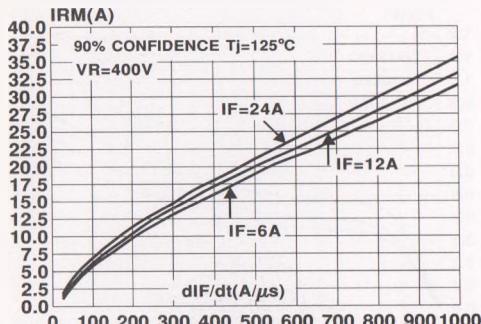


Fig 12 : Reverse recovery time versus dIF/dt

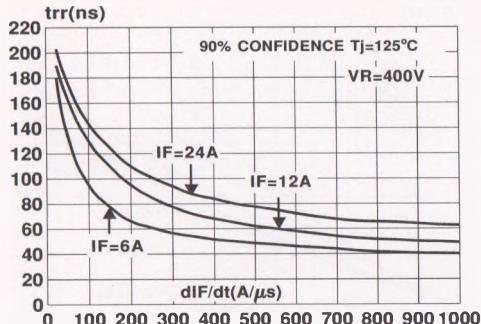


Fig 13 : Softness factor (tb/ta) versus dIF/dt

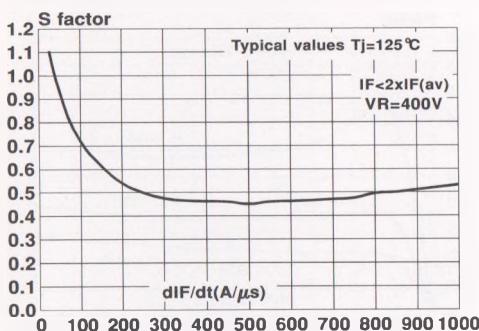


Fig 14 : Relative variation of dynamic parameters versus junction temperature (Reference Tj=125°C)

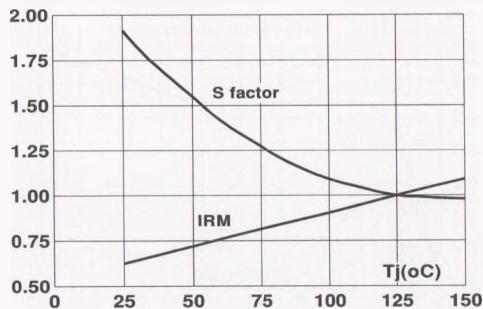


Fig 15 : Transient peak forward voltage versus dIF/dt

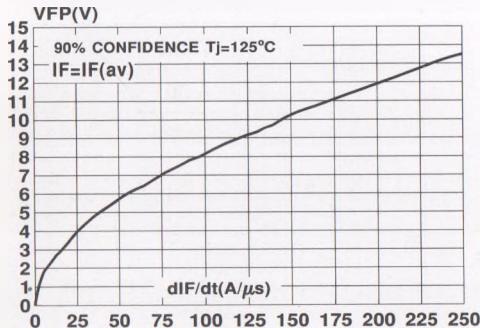


Fig 16 : Forward recovery time versus dIF/dt

