TYPE 5AWP- CATHODE-RAY TUBES

The Du Mont Type 5AWP- Cathode-ray Tubes are high voltage tubes which incorporate an intensifier subdivided into several steps. This feature permits the use of much higher overall accelerating voltages with deflection sensitivities only slightly less than heretofore obtainable in low voltage cathode-ray tubes. This tube has a flat face, cylindrical body, special deflection structure for minimum defocusing, and the deflection plate and anode connections are made through the neck instead of through the base. Low capacity deflection plate leads facilitate high frequency operation. The gun is designed to draw negligible focusing electrode current. To prevent film-fogging, and for maximum brightness and stability in performance, all screens are provided with a highly reflective metal backing. The 5AWP- is one of the line of Du Mont Tighttolerance Cathode-ray Tubes.



GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Electrical Data

Focusing Method	Electrostatic
Deflecting Method	Electrostatic

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances	Min.	Max.	
Cathode to all	3.0	4.1	$\mu\mu f$
Grid No. 1 to all	3.5	5.0	$\mu\mu f$
D1 to D2	1.4	2.2	$\mu\mu f$
D3 to D4	0.9	1.5	$\mu\mu \mathbf{f}$
D1 to all	4.4	5.4	$\mu\mu \mathbf{f}$
D2 to all	4.8	6.1	$\mu\mu f$
D3 to all	3.5	4.5	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$
D4 to all	3.0	3.9	$\mu\mu\mathbf{f}$

Optical Data

Phosphor Number	1	2	7	11
Fluorescent Color	Green	Green	Blue	Blue
Phosphorescent Color	<u> </u>	Green	Yellow	
Persistence	Medium	Long	\mathbf{Long}	Short

Mechanical Data

Overall Length
Greatest Diameter of Bulb
Minimum Useful Screen Diameter
Bulb Number
Bulb Contacts — Recessed Small Ball Caps
Neck Contacts — Small Ball Caps
Base — Medium Shell Diheptal, 12 Pin
Basing 14P
Base Alignment
D3D4 trace aligns with Pin No. 5 and tube axis \pm 10 Degrees
Positive voltage on D1 deflects beam approximately toward Base Pin No. 8
Positive voltage on D3 deflects beam approximately toward Base Pin No. 5
Bulb Contact Alignment
J1-22 contacts align with D3D4 trace
J1-22 contacts on same side as Pin No. 5
Trace Alignment
Angle between D3D4 and D1D2 traces

MAXIMUM RATINGS (Design Center Values)

Heater Voltage Heater Current at 6.3 Volts Post-Accelerator Voltage (Note 1) Accelerator Voltage (Note 1)	0.6 15000 3500	± 10% Ampere Max. Volts D-C Max. Volts D-C
Ratio Post-Accelerator Voltage to Accelerator Voltage (Note 2)		
Accelerator Input (Avg.)		6.0 Max. Watts
Focusing Electrode Voltage	. 1500	Max. Volts D-C
Grid No. 1 Voltage		
Negative Bias Value	200	Max. Volts D-C
Positive Bias Value	0	Max. Volts D-C
Positive Peak Value		0 Max. Volts
Peak Heater-Cathode Voltage		
Heater negative with respect to cathode		
Peak Voltage between Accelerator and any Deflection Electrode .		1200 Max. Volts

TYPICAL OPERATING CONDITIONS

Post-Accelerator Voltage (Note 1) Accelerator Voltage (Note 1) Focusing Electrode Voltage for all values of Ib3 Grid No. 1 Voltage (Note 3)	2300 Volts
Deflection Factors: (Note 4)	
D1 and D2	S Volts D-C per Inch
D3 and D4	
Deflection Factory Uniformity (Note 5)	2% Max.
Deflection Defocusing (Note 6)	1:2 Ratio
Useful Scan (Note 7)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
D1 and D2 $4 (\pm 2 \text{ from tube fac})$	
D3 and D4	e center) Min. Inches
Pattern Distortion (Note 8) Modulation (Note 9)	35 Mor. Volta D.C.
Line Width "A" (Note 9)	
Focusing Electrode current for any operating condition	
Spot Position (focused and undeflected) (Note 10)	
For Accelerator Voltage not shown in the preceding table, the following the following table in the following table	
a guide:	Swing can be used as
a guide:	
	. of Accelerator Volte
Focusing Electrode Voltage 21% to 32%	of Accelerator Volts
Grid No. 1 Voltage (Note 3) 1.4% to 2.4%	of Accelerator Volts
Grid No. 1 Voltage (Note 3) 1.4% to 2.4% Ratio Post-Accelerator to Accelerator Voltage	o of Accelerator Volts
Grid No. 1 Voltage (Note 3) 1.4% to 2.4%	o of Accelerator Volts 4.5 Gilovolt of Accelerator

MAXIMUM CIRCUIT VALUES

NOTES

- 1. Accelerator to final intensifier electrode voltage equally divided over the three intensifier electrodes by 25 megohm resistors connected between each intensifier and the accelerator.
- 2. This tube is designed for optimum performance when operating at an Eb3/Eb2 ratio of 4.5. Operation at other ratios of Eb3/Eb2 may result in changes in deflection uniformity and pattern distortion.
- 3. Visual extinction of undeflected focused spot.
- 4. D1D2 deflection factor within 8 volts of D3D4.
- 5. The deflection factor (for both D1D2 and D3D4 plate pairs, separately) for a deflection of 25% of the useful scan will not differ from the deflection factor for a deflection at 75% of the useful scan by more than the indicated value.
- 6. The ratio of the line width of a 4 inch long trace, adjusted for best center focus, to the line width measured on the faceplate axis when the trace is deflected perpendicularly \pm 2 inches from the face center by a balanced D-C voltage, will not be greater than the specified value.
- 7. Reduction in useful scan when Post-Accelerator voltage is greater than Accelerator voltage is determined by the ratio of these voltages measured with respect to cathode. Values shown are therefore applicable to any operating condition with the same voltage ratios.

- 8. All portions of a raster pattern, adjusted so its widest points just touch the sides of a 3.040 inch square, will fall within the area bounded by the 3.040 inch square and an inscribed 2.960 inch square.
- 9. For an Ib3 of 25 μ ADC measured in accordance with MIL-E-1 specifications.
- 10. Centered with respect to the tube face and with the tube shielded. Connect free deflecting electrodes to accelerator.
- 11. It is recommended that the deflection electrode circuit resistances be one megohm or less and approximately equal, otherwise beam shift at high drives can be expected. Higher resistance values up to five megohms may be used for low beam current operation.

TYPE 5AWP-

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS



TYPE 5AWP-

