

DESCRIPTION AND RATING

The 6JH8 is a miniature double-plate sheet-beam tube which incorporates a pair of balanced deflectors to direct the electron beam to either of the two plates and a control grid to vary the intensity of the beam. The resulting unique characteristics of this tube make it especially suited for service as a synchronous detector in color television receivers. In this application, relatively large, balanced output signals of both positive and negative polarities are developed which eliminate the need for phase-inversion functions in the matrix circuits. Other features of the 6JH8 synchronous detector circuit include low oscillator injection power requirements, freedom from the space-charge coupling effects which are present in dual-control pentodes and heptodes, linear output voltages, insensitiveness to variations in oscillator amplitude over a wide range, and a high ratio of plate to accelerator current. The 6JH8 is also suitable for service in the burst gate circuit of color TV receivers and a variety of other switching and gating applications.

GENERAL

ELECTRICAL		MECHANICAL
Cathode—Coated Unipotential Heater Characteristics and Ratings Heater Voltage, AC or DC*. 6.3 ± 0.6 Heater Current†. 0.3 Direct Interelectrode Capacitances, approximate‡ Deflector-Number 1 to All. 4.8 Deflector-Number 2 to All. 4.8 Grid-Number 1 to All. 5.0 Plate-Number 1 to All. 5.0 Grid-Number 1 to Deflector-Number 1, maximum. 0.04 Grid-Number 1 to Deflector-Number 2, maximum. 0.07 Plate-Number 1 to Plate-Number 2. 0.4 Deflector-Number 1 to Deflector-Number 2. 0.4	Amperes pf pf pf pf pf pf pf pf	Mounting Position—Any Envelope—T-6½, Glass Base—E9-1, Small Button 9-Pin Outline Drawing—EIA 6-3 Maximum Diameter

MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES

Plate Voltage, Each Plate	Volts
Accelerator Voltage	Volts
Peak Positive Deflector Voltage	
Peak Negative Deflector Voltage 165	Volts
Positive DC Grid-Number 1 Voltage0	

PHYSICAL DIMENSIONS



EIA 6-3

TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

- Pin 1—Deflector Number 2
- Pin 2—Deflector Number 1
- Pin 3—Accelerator
- Pin 4—Heater
- Pin 5—Heater, Internal Shield, and Focus Electrodes§
- Pin 6—Grid Number 1 (Control
- Grid)
- Pin 7—Cathode
- Pin 8—Plate Number 2
- Pin 9—Plate Number 1

BASING DIAGRAM

Watts

Watts Milliamperes

Megohm

Megohm

With Fixed Bias.....0.1



EIA 9DP



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CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS WITH DEFLECTORS GROUNDED

Plate-Number 1 Voltage	Volts			
Plate-Number 2, Connected to Plate-Number 1				
Accelerator Voltage	Volts			
Deflector-Number 1 Voltage0	Volts			
Deflector-Number 2 Voltage0	Volts			
Cathode-Bias Resistor	Ohms			

AVERAGE DEFLECTOR CHARACTERISTICS

Plate-Number 1 Voltage	Volts
Plate-Number 2 Voltage	Volts
Accelerator Voltage	Volts
Cathode-Bias Resistor	Ohms
Deflector Switching Voltage,	
maximum¶20	Volts
Deflector-Bias Voltage for Minimum	
Deflector Switching Voltage¶ \dots -14	Volts
Voltage Difference between Deflectors for	
Ib1 = Ib2, approximate0	Volts

* The equipment designer should design the equipment so that heater voltage is centered at the specified bogev value, with heater supply variations restricted to maintain heater voltage within the specified tolerance.

† Heater current of a bogey tube at Ef = 6.3 volts.

t Without external shield.

conditions.

§ Pin 5 should be connected directly to ground.

Total Plate Current.14Accelerator Current.1.5	Milliamperes Milliamperes
Grid-Number 1 Transconductance4400	Micromhos
Grid-Number 1 Voltage, approximate Ib (total) = 10 Microamperes 13	Volts
Plate-Number 1 Current, maximum Ed1 = -15 Volts, Ed2 = +15 Volts0.7	Milliamperes
Plate-Number 2 Current, maximum Ed1 = +15 Volts, $Ed2 = -15$ Volts0.7	Milliamperes
Deflector-Number 1 Current, maximum Ed1 = $+25$ Volts, Ed2 = -25 Volts0.1	Milliamperes
Deflector-Number 2 Current, maximum Ed1 = -25 Volts, $Ed2 = +25$ Volts0.1	Milliamperes

¶ Deflector switching voltage is defined as the total voltage change on either deflector with an equal and opposite change on the other deflector required to switch the plate current from one plate to the other.

Note: The 6JH8 should be so located in the equipment that it is not subjected to stray magnetic fields.

Design-Maximum ratings are limiting values of operating The equipment manufacturer should design so that initially and environmental conditions applicable to a bogey electron and throughout life no design-maximum value for the intended tube of a specified type as defined by its published data service is exceeded with a bogey tube under the worst and should not be exceeded under the worst probable probable operating conditions with respect to supplyvoltage variation, equipment component variation, equip-The tube manufacturer chooses these values to provide ment control adjustment, load variation, signal variation, acceptable serviceability of the tube, making allowance for the effects of changes in operating conditions due to varenvironmental conditions, and variations in the characteristics iations in the characteristics of the tube under consideration. of all other electron devices in the equipment.

The tubes and arrangements disclosed herein may be covered by patents of General Electric Company or others. Neither the disclosure of any information herein nor the sale of tubes by General Electric Company conveys any license under patent claims covering combinations of tubes with other devices or

elements. In the absence of an express written agreement to the contrary, General Electric Company assumes no liability for patent infringement arising out of any use of the tubes with other devices or elements by any purchaser of tubes or others.

AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS 50 Ef = RATED VALUE $E_{bI} = 250 \text{ VOLTS}$ $E_{b2} = 250$ volts $E_{acc}^{-} = 250$ volts 40 E_{dd} (DEFLECTOR BIAS VOLTAGE = 0 VOLTS IN WILLIAMPERES @ Ecl = O VOLTS Ibl @ Ecl = O VOLTS 162 30 -1.0 .0 CURRENT . 0 0 20 0 . 0 PLATE (-4.0 4.0 10 -6.0 -6.0 -8.0 -8.0 0 -140 -120 - 80 -40 0 +40 +80 +120 VOLTAGE BETWEEN DEFLECTORS (FROM D_1 TO D_2) IN VOLTS K-556||-TD|45-| JULY 24, 1961

AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS



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Owensboro, Kentucky
