

## R.F. PENTODE

Pentode with variable transconductance intended for use as R.F. or I.F. amplifier.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA		
Anode current	I <sub>a</sub>	9 mA
Transconductance	S	4.0 mA/V
Amplification factor	$\mu_{g_2 g_1}$	21 -
Internal resistance	R <sub>i</sub>	750 kΩ

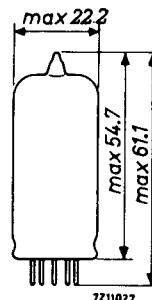
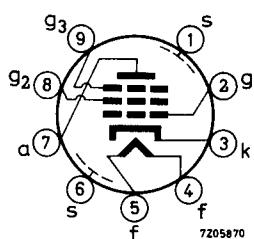
**HEATING:** Indirect by A.C. or D.C.; parallel supply

Heater voltage	V <sub>f</sub>	6.3 V
Heater current	I <sub>f</sub>	200 mA

### DIMENSIONS AND CONNECTIONS

Dimensions in mm

Base: Noval



### CAPACITANCES

Anode to all except grid No. 1	C <sub>a(g<sub>1</sub>)</sub>	5.1 pF
Grid No. 1 to all except anode	C <sub>g<sub>1</sub>(a)</sub>	5.5 pF
Anode to grid No. 1	C <sub>ag<sub>1</sub></sub>	max. 0.002 pF
Grid No. 1 to heater	C <sub>g<sub>1</sub>f</sub>	0.05 pF

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Anode voltage	$V_a$	250	250	170	V
Grid No.2 voltage	$V_{g_2}$	100	85	100	V
Grid No.3 voltage	$V_{g_3}$	0	0	0	V
Anode current	$I_a$	9	9	12	mA
Grid No.1 voltage	$V_{g_1}$	-2	-1.2 <sup>1)</sup>	-1.2 <sup>1)</sup>	V
Grid No.2 current	$I_{g_2}$	3	3.2	4.4	mA
Transconductance	S	3.6	4.0	4.4	mA/V
Internal resistance	$R_i$	0.9	0.75	0.4	MΩ
Amplification factor	$\mu_{g_2 g_1}$	-	21	-	-

## OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS

Anode voltage, supply voltage	$V_a = V_b$	250	200	200	V
Grid No.3 voltage	$V_{g_3}$	0	0	0	V
Grid No.2 resistor	$R_{g_2}$	51	24	24	kΩ
Cathode resistor	$R_k$	160	130	130	Ω
Grid No.1 voltage	$V_{g_1}$	-1.95	-20	-1.95	V
Anode current	$I_a$	9	-	11.1	-
Grid No.2 current	$I_{g_2}$	3	-	3.8	-
Transconductance	S	3.5	0.24	3.85	0.16 mA/V
Internal resistance	$R_i$	0.9	-	0.55	-
Equivalent noise resistance	$R_{eq}$	4.2	-	4.2	kΩ
Input conductance ( $f = 50$ MHz)	$g$	95	-	102	μA/V

<sup>1)</sup> In this case control grid current may occur. If this is not permissible, the negative grid bias should be increased to a value of 1.5 V at least.

## OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

Anode voltage, supply voltage	$V_a = V_b$	250 <sup>1)</sup>	200 <sup>1)</sup>	V
Grid No.3 voltage	$V_{g_3}$	0	0	V
Grid No.2 resistor	$R_{g_2}$	62	33	kΩ
Cathode resistor	$R_k$	0	0	Ω
Grid No.1 resistor	$R_{g_1}$	10	10	MΩ
Control voltage	$V_{R(g_1)}$	0 -20	0 -20	V
Anode current	$I_a$	9 -	11.25 -	mA
Grid No.2 current	$I_{g_2}$	2.9 -	3.9 -	mA
Transconductance	S	4.7 0.22	5.15 0.15	mA/V
Internal resistance	$R_i$	825 -	550 -	kΩ
Equivalent noise resistance	$R_{eq}$	2.4 -	2.5 -	kΩ

## LIMITING VALUES (Design centre rating system)

Anode voltage	$V_{a_0}$	max.	550	V
	$V_a$	max.	300	V
Anode dissipation	$W_a$	max.	2.25	W
Grid No.2 voltage	$V_{g_{20}}$	max.	550	V
	$V_{g_2}$	max.	300	V
Grid No.2 dissipation	$W_{g_2}$	max.	0.45	W
Cathode current	$I_k$	max.	16.5	mA
Grid No.1 resistor	$R_{g_1}$	max.	3	MΩ
Grid No.3 resistor	$R_{g_3}$	max.	10	kΩ
Cathode to heater voltage	$V_{kf}$	max.	100	V

1) In this case control grid current may occur. If this is not permissible, the negative grid bias should be increased to a value of 1.5 V at least.

# PHILIPS

## Data handbook



**Electronic  
components  
and materials**

**EF89**

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