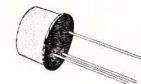


## HIGH-CURRENT SWITCH

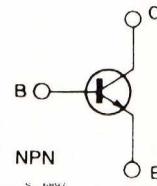
### DESCRIPTION

The 2N4013 is a silicon planar epitaxial transistor in TO-18 metal case. It is a high-current switch used for memory applications requiring breakdown voltages up to 30 V and operating currents to 1 A.



TO-18

### INTERNAL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{CBO}$	Collector-base Voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	50	V
$V_{CES}$	Collector-emitter Voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	50	V
$V_{CEO}$	Collector-emitter Voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	30	V
$V_{EBO}$	Emitter-base Voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	6	V
$I_C$	Collector Current	1	A
$P_{tot}$	Total Power Dissipation at $T_{amb} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ at $T_{case} \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$	0.36 1.2	W W
$T_{stg}, T_j$	Storage and Junction Temperature	- 65 to 200	°C

## THERMAL DATA

$R_{th\ j\text{-}case}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	Max	146	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
$R_{th\ j\text{-}amb}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	Max	486	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$

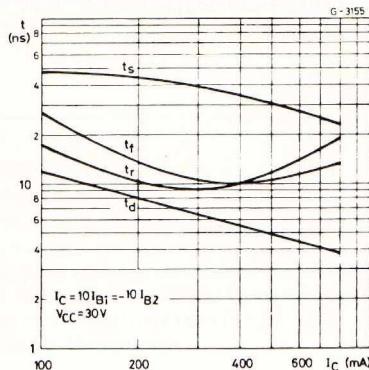
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$  unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CBO}$	Collector Cutoff Current ( $I_E = 0$ )	$V_{CB} = 40\text{ V}$				1.7 120	$\mu\text{A}$ $\mu\text{A}$
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	Collector-base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_E = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$		50			V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $V_{BE} = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\ \mu\text{A}$		50			V
$V_{(BR)CEO}^*$	Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ( $I_B = 0$ )	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$		30			V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	Emitter-Base Breakdown Voltage ( $I_C = 0$ )	$I_E = 10\ \mu\text{A}$		6			V
$V_{CE(sat)}^*$	Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 1\text{ mA}$			0.25	V
		$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 10\text{ mA}$			0.20	V
		$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 30\text{ mA}$			0.32	V
		$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 50\text{ mA}$			0.42	V
		$I_C = 800\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 80\text{ mA}$			0.65	V
		$I_C = 1000\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 100\text{ mA}$			0.75	V
$V_{BE(sat)}^*$	Base-Emitter Saturation Voltage	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 1\text{ mA}$		0.64	0.76	V
		$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 10\text{ mA}$		0.75	0.86	V
		$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 30\text{ mA}$		0.89	1.1	V
		$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 50\text{ mA}$			1.2	V
		$I_C = 800\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 80\text{ mA}$		1.0	1.5	V
		$I_C = 1000\text{ mA}$	$I_B = 100\text{ mA}$		1.1	1.7	V
$h_{FE}^*$	DC Current Gain	$I_C = 10\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	30			
		$I_C = 100\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	60		150	
		$I_C = 300\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	40			
		$I_C = 1000\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$	30			
		$I_C = 800\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	25			
		$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$	$V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	35			
$h_{fe}$	High Frequency Current Gain	$I_C = 50\text{ mA}$ $f = 100\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	3			
$C_{CBO}$	Collector-base Capacitance	$I_E = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$			12	pF
$C_{EBO}$	Emitter-base Capacitance	$I_C = 0$ $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	$V_{EB} = 0.5\text{ V}$			55	pF
$t_{on}^{**}$	Turn-on Time	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$			35	ns
$t_{off}^{**}$	Turn-off Time	$I_C = 500\text{ mA}$ $I_{B1} = -I_{B2} = 50\text{ mA}$	$V_{CC} = 30\text{ V}$			60	ns

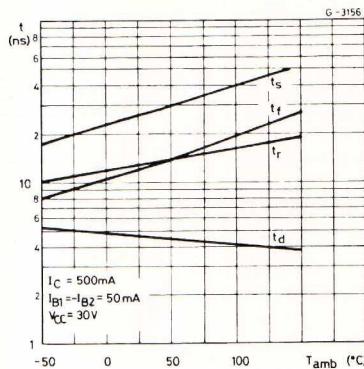
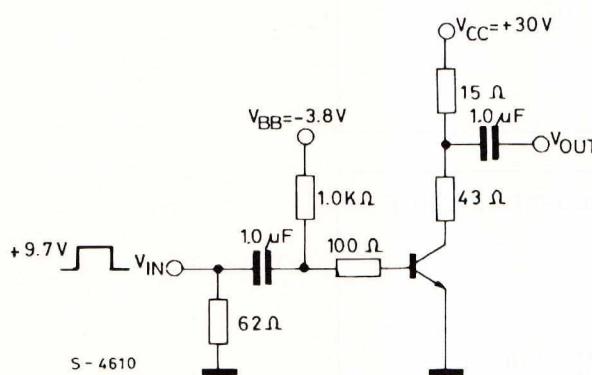
\* Pulsed : pulse duration = 300  $\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle = 1 %.

\*\* See test circuit.

## Switching Characteristics.



## Switching Characteristics.

Test Circuit for  $t_{on}$ ,  $t_{off}$ .

## PULSE GENERATOR :

 $t_r, t_f \leq 1.0 \text{ ns}$  $PW \approx 1.0 \mu\text{s}$  $Z_{IN} = 50 \Omega$ 

DC &lt; 2 %

## TO OSCILLOSCOPE :

 $t_r < 1.0 \text{ ns}$  $Z_{IN} \geq 100 \text{ k}\Omega$