SGSF324/IF324 SGSF424/IF424

FASTSWITCH HOLLOW-EMITTER NPN TRANSISTORS

- HIGH SWITCHING SPEED NPN POWER TRANSISTORS
- HOLLOW EMITTER TECHNOLOGY
- HIGH VOLTAGE FOR OFF-LINE APPLICA-TIONS
- 50kHz SWITCHING SPEED
- LOW COST DRIVE CIRCUITS
- LOW DYNAMIC SATURATION

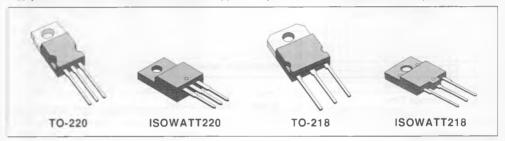
APPLICATIONS

- SMPS
- TV HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION

DESCRIPTION

-ollow emitter FASTSWITCH NPN power transisars have been especially designed for 220V (and 17V with input doubler) off-line switching power supply and colour CRT horizontal deflection applications. High voltage hollow emitter transistors can operate up to 50kHz with low cost drive circuits. These transistors can be used to advantage in offline switching power supply applications where their high voltage rating is a benefit because a costly transformer clamp winding or over voltage snubbing can be omitted. These transistors are suitable for suitable for application in flyback and forward single transistor low power converters, 70W to 150W. When used in conjunction with a low voltage Power MOSFET in emitter switch configuration in flyback and forward converters, they can operate at up to 100kHz

These hollow emitter FASTSWITCH transistors are available in TO-220, TO-218. ISOWATT220 and ISOWATT218 packages. The ISOWATT218 conforms to te creepage distance and isolation requirements of VDE, IEC, and UL specifications.



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Dozometez | | sgs | | | | |
|------------------|---|------|-------|------|-------|------|--|
| | Parameter | F324 | IF324 | F424 | IF424 | Unit | |
| V _{CES} | Collector - Emitter Voltage (V _{BE} = 0) | 1200 | | | V | | |
| V _{CEO} | Collector - Emitter Voltage (I _B = 0) | 600 | | | V | | |
| V _{EBO} | Emitter - Base Voltage (I _C = 0) | 7 | | | | V | |
| lc | Collector Current | 4 | | | | Α | |
| I _{CM} | Collector Peak Current (tp < 5ms) | 8 | | | Α | | |
| I _B | Base Current | 3 | | | | Α | |
| I _{BM} | Base Peak Current (tp < 5ms) | 6 | | | | Α | |
| Ptot | Total Dissipation at T ≤ 25°C | 70 | 35 | 80 | 45 | W | |
| T _{stg} | Storage Temperature – 65 to | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | °C | |
| T ₁ | Junction Temperature | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | °C | |

THERMAL DATA

| | | | SGS | | | | |
|-----------|----------------------------------|-----|------|-------|------|-------|------|
| | | | F324 | IF324 | F424 | IF424 | |
| Rthj-case | Thermal Resistance Junction-case | Max | 1.78 | 3.57 | 1.56 | 2.78 | °C/W |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T_{case} = 25°C unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|-------------------------|--|--|------|------|------------|----------|
| ICES | Collector Cutoff Current (V _{BE} = 0) | V _{CE} = 1200V | | | 200 | μА |
| ICEO | Collector Cutoff Current (I _B = 0) | V _{CE} = 380V V _{CE} = 600V | | | 200 2 | μA mA |
| I _{EBO} | Emitter Cutoff Current (I _C = 0) | V _{EB} = 7V | | | 1 | mA |
| V _{CEO} (sus)* | Collector Emitter Sustaining Voltage | I _C = 0.1A | 600 | | | V |
| V _{CE (sat)} . | Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage | I _C = 1.75A I _B = 0.35A I _C = 1.25A I _B = 0.18A | | | 1.5 1.5 | V |
| V _{BE (sat)*} | Base Emitter Saturation Voltage | I _C = 1.75A I _B = 0.35A I _C = 1.25A I _B = 0.18A | | | 1.5 1.5 | V |

RESISTIVE LOAD

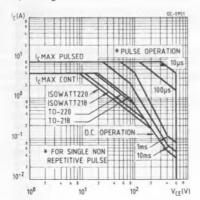
| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|--------------|---|---|------|------|------|------|
| ton | Turn-on Time | | | | 0.6 | 1 | μs |
| ts | Storage Time | $I_{C} = 1.75A$ | $V_{CC} = 250V$ $I_{B2} = -2I_{B1}$ | | 3 | 4.5 | μs |
| t _f | Fall Time | 181 = 0.33A | 185 = - 5181 | | 0.2 | 0.35 | μs |
| ton | Turn-on Time | $I_C = 1.75A$ $I_{B1} = 0.35A$ with Antisatura | $V_{CC} = 250V$ $I_{B2} = -2I_{B1}$ ation Network | | 0.6 | | μs |
| ts | Storage Time | | | | 2 | | μs |
| t _f | Fall Time | | | | 0.16 | | μs |
| ton | Turn-on Time | I _C = 1_75A I _{B1} = 0.35A | | | 0.6 | | μs |
| ts | Storage Time | | $V_{CC} = 250V$ $V_{BE(off)} = -5V$ | | 1 | | μs |
| t _f | Fall Time | | *BE(011) = - 3*F | | 0.5 | | μs |

INDUCTIVE LOAD

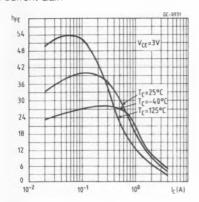
| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|----------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|---|------|------|------|------|
| ts | Storage Time | I _C = 1.75A | h _{FE} = 5 | | 1.2 | 2.5 | μs |
| t _f | Fall Time | V _{CL} = 450V L = 300μH | $V_{BE(off)} = -5V$ $R_{B(off)} = 2\Omega$ | | 0.1 | 0.2 | μs |
| ts | Storage Time | $I_{C} = 1.75A$ $V_{CL} = 450V$ | h _{FE} = 5 | | | 3.7 | μs |
| t _f | Fall Time | L = 300μH T _c = 100°C | $V_{BE(off)} = -5V$ $R_{B(off)} = 2 \Omega$ | | | 0.3 | μs |

Pulsed : Pulse duration = 300µs, duty cycle = 1.5%

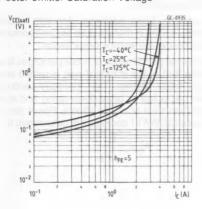
Operating Areas



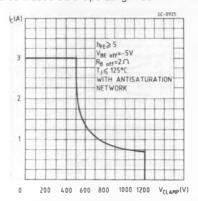
Current Gain



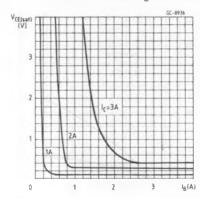
Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage



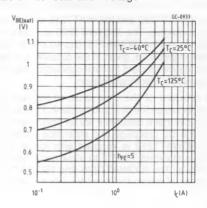
Reverse Biased Safe Operating Area



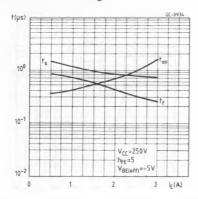
Collector-emitter Saturation Voltage



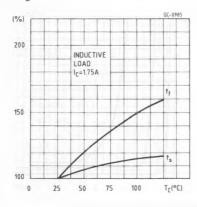
Base-emitter Saturation Voltage



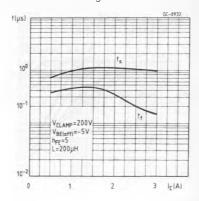
Resistive Load Switching Times



Switching Times Percentance Variation



Inductive Load Switching Times



ISOWATT PACKAGES CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLICATION

The ISOWATT220 and ISOWATT218 are fully isolated packages. The ISOWATT220 is isolated to 2000V dc and the ISOWATT218 to 4000V dc. Their thermal impedence, given in the datasheet, is optimised to give efficient thermal conduction together with excellent electrical isolation.

The structure of the case ensures optimum distances between the pins and heatsink. For the ISO-WATT218 these distances are in agreement with VDE and UL creepage and clearance standards. The ISOWATT218 is supplied with longer leads than the standard TO-218 to allow easy mounting on PCB's. The ISOWATT220 and ISOWATT218 packages eliminate the need for external isolation

so reducing fixing hardware. Accurate moulding techniques used in manufacture assures consistent heat spreader-to-heatsink capacitance.

The thermal performance of these packages is better than that of the standard part mounted with a 0.1mm mica washer. The thermally conductive plastic has a higher breakdown rating and is less fragile than mica or plastic sheets. Power derating for these ISOWATT packages is determined by:

$$P_D = \frac{T_1 - T_C}{R_{th}}$$

-ERMAL IMPEDANCE OF ISOWATT PACKAGES

= 1 illustrates the elements contributing to the mal resistance of a transistor heatsink assemusing ISOWATT packages

total thermal resistance R_{th(tot)} is the sum of these elements. The transient thermal im---ance, z_{th} for different pulse durations can be esti-

For a short duration power pulse of less than

716 < Rth 1.0

Soure 1.

2 - For an intermediate power pulse of 5ms to 50ms seconds:

Zth = Rth LC

3 - For long power pulses of the order of 500ms seconds or greater :

Zth = RthJ-C + RthC-HS + RthHS-amb

It is often possible to discern these areas on transient thermal impedance curves.

RthJ-C RthC-HS RthHS-amb