

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR NP34N055HLE, NP34N055ILE

SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET INDUSTRIAL USE

DESCRIPTION

These products are N-Channel MOS Field Effect Transistors designed for high current switching applications.

FEATURES

- Channel temperature 175 degree rated
- Super low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)1} = 18 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (Vgs} = 10 \text{ V, Ip} = 17 \text{ A)}$

 $R_{DS(on)2} = 22 \text{ m}\Omega \text{ MAX.} \text{ (Vgs} = 5 \text{ V, Ip} = 17 \text{ A)}$

- Low Ciss : Ciss = 2000 pF TYP.
- · Built-in gate protection diode

ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE		
NP34N055HLE	TO-251		
NP34N055ILE	TO-252		

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25 °C)

Drain to Source Voltage	VDSS	55	V	
Gate to Source Voltage	Vgss	±20	V	
Drain Current (DC)	I _{D(DC)}	±34	Α	
Drain Current (Pulse) Note1	D(pulse)	±136	Α	
Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25 °C)	Рт	1.2	W	
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25 °C)	Рт	88	W	
Single Avalanche Current Note2	las	34 / 27 / 10	Α	
Single Avalanche Energy Note2	Eas	11 / 72 / 100	mJ	
Channel Temperature	Tch	175	°C	
Storage Temperature	Tsta	-55 to + 175	°C	

(TO-251)



Notes 1. PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty cycle \leq 1 %

2. Starting T_{ch} = 25 °C, R_G = 25 Ω , V_{GS} = 20 V \rightarrow 0 V (see Figure 4.)

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Channel to Case	Rth(ch-C)	1.70	°C/W
Channel to Ambient	Rth(ch-A)	125	°C/W

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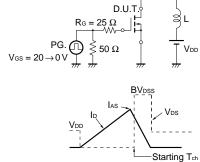
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25 °C)

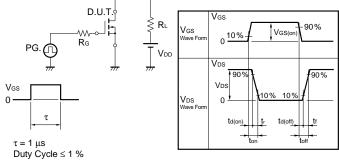
CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)1	Vgs = 10 V, ID = 17 A		14	18	mΩ
	RDS(on)2	Vgs = 5 V, ID = 17 A		17	22	mΩ
	RDS(on)3	Vgs = 4.5 V, ID = 17 A		18	24	mΩ
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250 \mu A$	1.5	2	2.5	V
Forward Transfer Admittance	y fs	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 17 A	9	19		S
Drain Leakage Current	IDSS	Vps = 55 V, Vgs = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate to Source Leakage Current	Igss	Vgs = ±20 V, Vps = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	Vps = 25 V		2000	3000	pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	Vgs = 0 V		250	380	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		130	230	pF
Turn-on Delay Time	t _{d(on)}	ID = 17 A		17	37	ns
Rise Time	tr	VGS(on) = 10 V		11	28	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	t _{d(off)}	VDD = 28 V		57	110	ns
Fall Time	t f	$R_G = 1 \Omega$		9	23	ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _{G1}	ID = 34 A, VDD = 44 V, VGS(on) = 10 V		41	72	nC
	Q _{G2}	ID = 34 A		23	35	nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	VDD = 44 V		7		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	Vgs = 5 V		12		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V _{F(S-D)}	IF = 34 A, VGS = 0 V		1.0		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 34 A, Vgs = 0 V		42		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr	di/dt = 100 A/μs		58		nC

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY

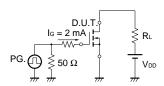
D.U.T.

TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



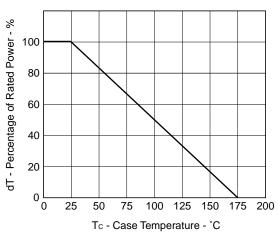


TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

Figure 1. DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



140 ≥ 120 P_T - Total Power Dissipation -100 80 60 40 20

0

0 25 50

75

Figure2. TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs. CASE TEMPERATURE

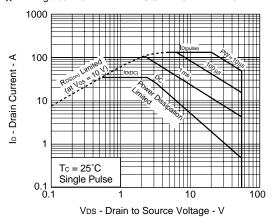
100 Tc - Case Temperature - °C

125

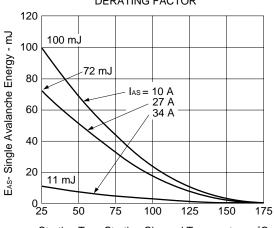
150

175

Figure3. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA







Starting Tch - Starting Channel Temperature - °C

Figure 5. TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH

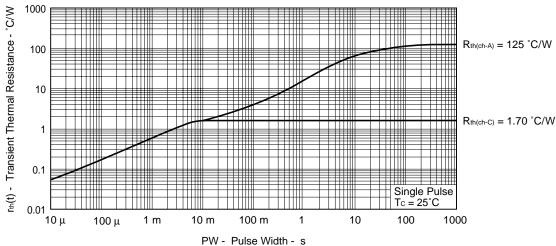


Figure 6. FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

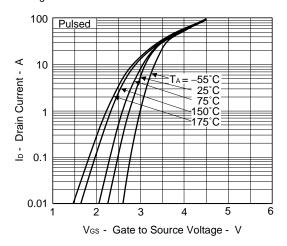


Figure8. FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

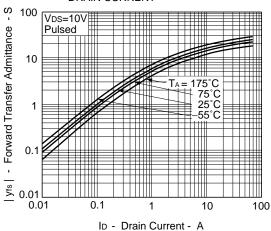


Figure 10. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

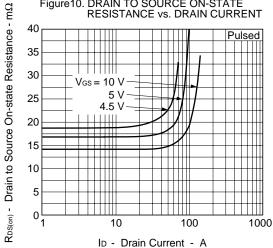


Figure 7. DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

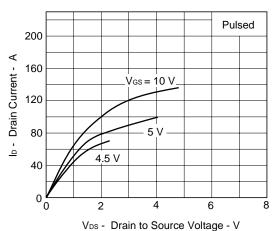


Figure 9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

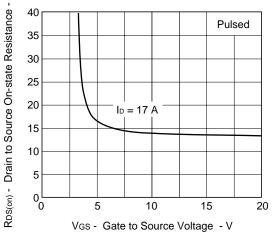
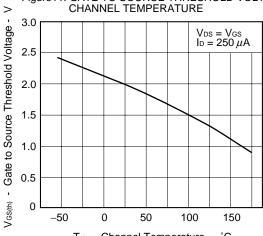


Figure 11. GATE TO SOURCE THRESHOLD VOLTAGE vs.



Tch - Channel Temperature - °C



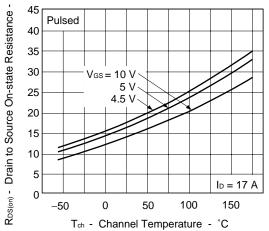


Figure 14. CAPACITANCE vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

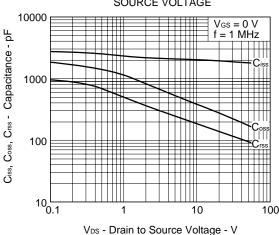


Figure 16. REVERSE RECOVERY TIME vs. DRAIN CURRENT

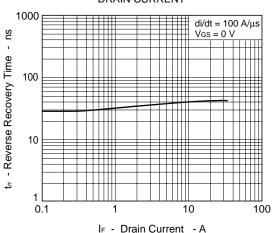


Figure 13. SOURCE TO DRAIN DIODE FORWARD VOLTAGE

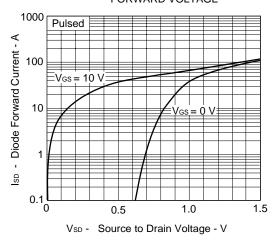


Figure 15. SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

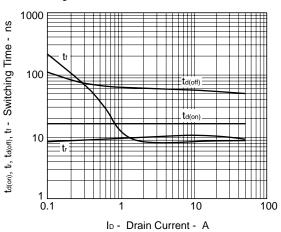
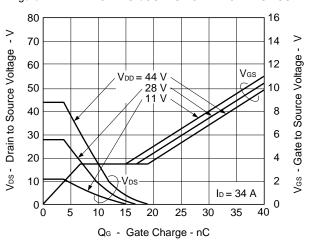
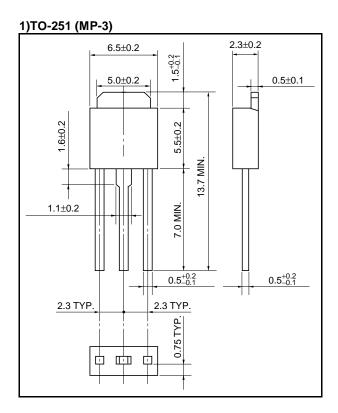


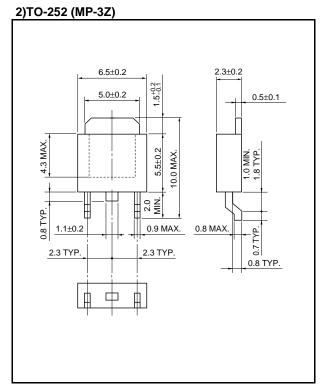
Figure 17. DYNAMIC INPUT/OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS



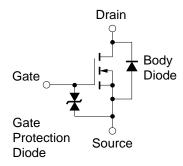


PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)





EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.

[MEMO]

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