

MOS FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTOR NP80N055CHE, NP80N055DHE, NP80N055EHE

SWITCHING N-CHANNEL POWER MOS FET

DESCRIPTION

These products are N-channel MOS Field Effect Tansistor designed for high current switching applications.

FEATURES

- Channel temperature 175 degree rated
- Super low on-state resistance

 $R_{DS(on)} = 11 \text{ m}\Omega$ MAX. (Vgs = 10 V, ID = 40 A)

- Low Ciss: Ciss = 2400 pF TYP.
- Built-in gate protection diode

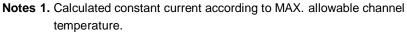
ORDERING INFORMATION

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE
NP80N055CHE	TO-220AB
NP80N055DHE	TO-262
NP80N055EHE	TO-263

(TO-220AB)

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (TA = 25°C)

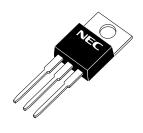
Drain to Source Voltage (Vgs = 0 V)	VDSS	55	V
Gate to Source Voltage (Vps = 0 V)	Vgss	±20	V
Drain Current (DC) (Tc = 25°C) Note1	ID(DC)	±80	Α
Drain Current (Pulse) Note2	ID(pulse)	±200	Α
Total Power Dissipation (T _A = 25°C)	Рт	1.8	W
Total Power Dissipation (Tc = 25°C)	Рт	120	W
Single Avalanche Current Note3	las	45 / 31 / 10	Α
Single Avalanche Energy Note3	Eas	2.0 / 96 / 100	mJ
Channel Temperature	Tch	175	°C
Storage Temperature	T_{stg}	-55 to +175	°C



- **2.** PW \leq 10 μ s, Duty cycle \leq 1%
- 3. Starting Tch = 25°C, Rg = 25 Ω , Vgs = 20 \rightarrow 0 V (See Figure 4.)

THERMAL RESISTANCE

Channel to Case	Rth(ch-C)	1.25	°C/W
Channel to Ambient	Rth(ch-A)	83.3	°C/W



(TO-262)



(TO-263)



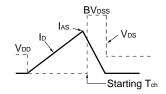
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★ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

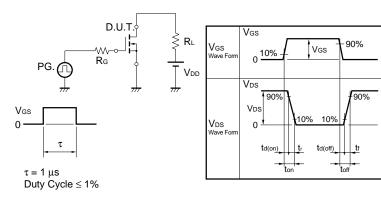
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CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	IDSS	Vps = 55 V, Vgs = 0 V			10	μΑ
Gate Leakage Current	Igss	VGS = ±20 V, VDS = 0 V			±10	μΑ
Gate to Source Threshold Voltage	V _{GS(th)}	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_{D} = 250 \mu\text{A}$	2.0	3.0	4.0	٧
Forward Transfer Admittance	yfs	V _{DS} = 10 V, I _D = 40 A	12	30		S
Drain to Source On-state Resistance	RDS(on)	Vgs = 10 V, ID = 40 A		8.2	11	mΩ
Input Capacitance	Ciss	V _{DS} = 25 V		2400	3600	pF
Output Capacitance	Coss	V _G s = 0 V		380	570	pF
Reverse Transfer Capacitance	Crss	f = 1 MHz		180	330	pF
Turn-on Delay Time	td(on)	VDD = 28 V, ID = 40 A		25	55	ns
Rise Time	tr	Vss = 10 V		13	32	ns
Turn-off Delay Time	td(off)	$R_G = 1 \Omega$		45	91	ns
Fall Time	tr			13	33	ns
Total Gate Charge	Q _G	VDD = 44 V,		40	60	nC
Gate to Source Charge	Qgs	Vss = 10 V		12		nC
Gate to Drain Charge	Q _{GD}	ID = 80 A		16		nC
Body Diode Forward Voltage	V _F (S-D)	IF = 80 A, VGS = 0 V		1.0		V
Reverse Recovery Time	trr	IF = 80 A, VGS = 0 V, di/dt = 100 A/ μ S		49		ns
Reverse Recovery Charge	Qrr			90		nC

TEST CIRCUIT 1 AVALANCHE CAPABILITY

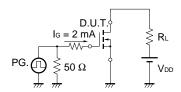
$\begin{array}{c} \text{D.U.T.} \\ \text{RG} = 25 \, \Omega \\ \text{VGS} = 20 \rightarrow 0 \, \text{V} \end{array}$



TEST CIRCUIT 2 SWITCHING TIME



TEST CIRCUIT 3 GATE CHARGE



40

20

0

0

25

50

75

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (TA = 25°C)

Figure 1. DERATING FACTOR OF FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA

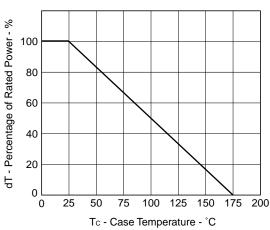
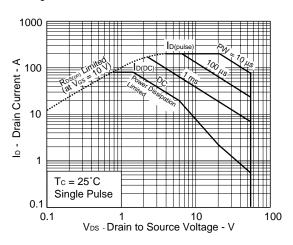


Figure 3. FORWARD BIAS SAFE OPERATING AREA



CASE TEMPERATURE 140 > 120 P_T - Total Power Dissipation 100 80 60

Figure 2. TOTAL POWER DISSIPATION vs.

100 Tc - Case Temperature - °C

125

150

200

175

Figure4. SINGLE AVALANCHE ENERGY DERATING FACTOR

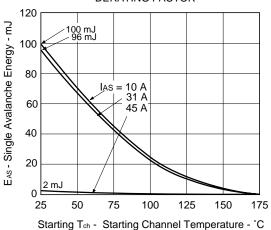
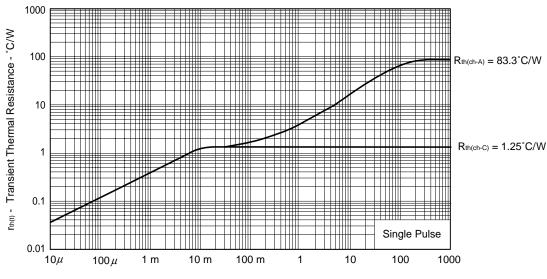


Figure 5. TRANSIENT THERMAL RESISTANCE vs. PULSE WIDTH



PW - Pulse Width - s

Figure 6. FORWARD TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS

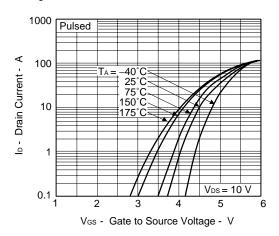
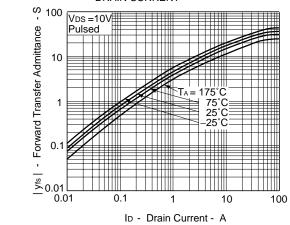


Figure8. FORWARD TRANSFER ADMITTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT



R_{DS(on)} - Drain to Source On-state Resistance - mΩ Pulsed 30 20 Vgs = 10 V

Figure 10. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE

RESISTANCE vs. DRAIN CURRENT

100

ID - Drain Current - A

1000

Figure 7. DRAIN CURRENT vs. DRAIN TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

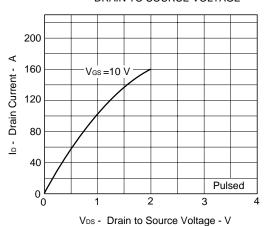


Figure9. DRAIN TO SOURCE ON-STATE RESISTANCE vs. GATE TO SOURCE VOLTAGE

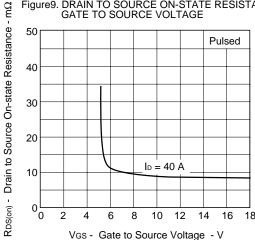
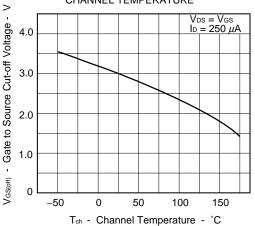
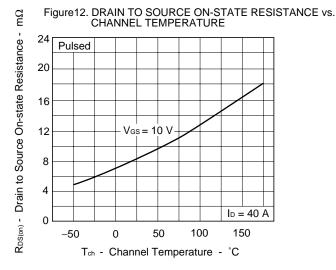
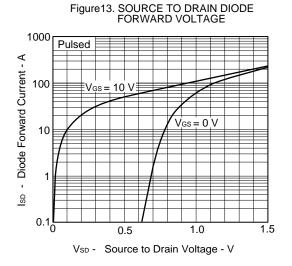
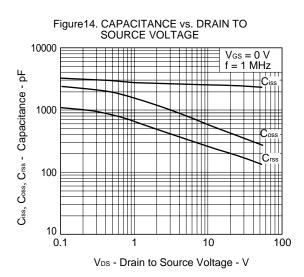


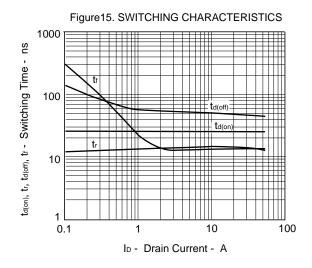
Figure 11. GATE TO SOURCE CUT-OFF VOLTAGE vs. CHANNEL TEMPERATURE

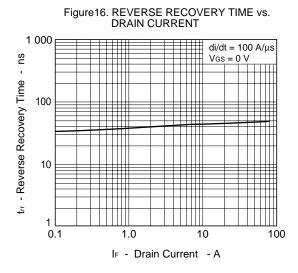


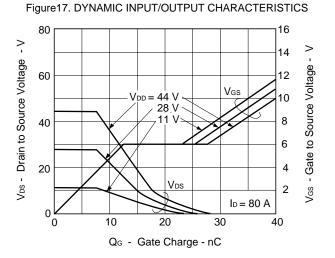








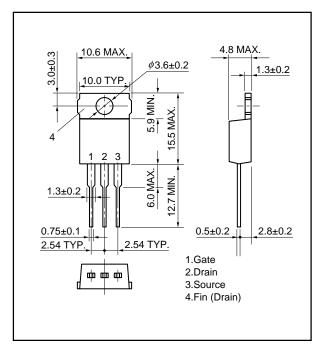




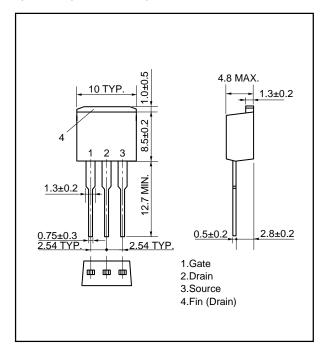
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PACKAGE DRAWINGS (Unit: mm)

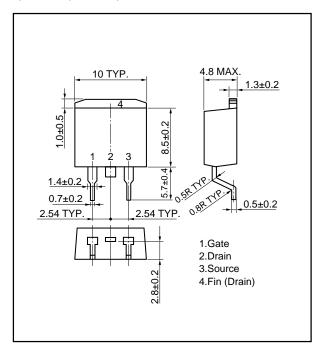
1) TO-220AB (MP-25)



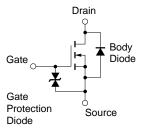
2) TO-262 (MP-25 Fin Cut)



3) TO-263 (MP-25ZJ)



EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT



Remark The diode connected between the gate and source of the transistor serves as a protector against ESD. When this device actually used, an additional protection circuit is externally required if a voltage exceeding the rated voltage may be applied to this device.



[MEMO]

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