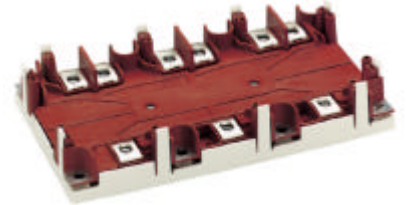


## SKiM 500 GD 063 DM

## SKiM® 5 IGBT Module

### SKiM 500 GD 063 DM

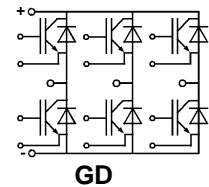
Preliminary Data



Absolute Maximum Ratings		$T_h = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified	
Symbol	Conditions	Values	Units
<b>IGBT</b>			
$V_{CES}$		600	V
$I_C$	$T_S = 25\text{ (70) °C}$	525 (400)	A
$I_{CRM}$	$T_S = 25\text{ (70) °C}$ , $t_p = 1\text{ ms}$	1050 (800)	A
$V_{GES}$		$\pm 20$	V
$T_j$ ( $T_{stg}$ )	$T_{OPERATION} \leq T_{stg}$	- 40 ... +150 (125)	°C
$V_{isol}$	AC, 1 min.	2500	V
<b>Inverse Diode</b>			
$I_{FAV} = -I_C$	$T_S = 25\text{ (70) °C}$	485 (370)	A
$I_{FRM} = -I_{CM}$	$T_S = 25\text{ (70) °C}$ , $t_p < 1\text{ ms}$	970 (740)	A
$I_{FSM}$	$t_p = 10\text{ ms}$ ; sin.; $T_j = 150\text{ °C}$	54450	A

Characteristics		$T_h = 25\text{ °C}$ , unless otherwise specified			
Symbol	Conditions	min.	typ.	max.	Units
<b>IGBT</b>					
$V_{GE(TO)}$	$V_{GE} = V_{CE}$ , $I_C = 12\text{ mA}$	4,5	5,5	6,5	V
$I_{CES}$	$V_{GE} = 0$ , $V_{CE} = V_{CES}$ , $T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		0,4 (24)		mA
$V_{CE(TO)}$			0,9 (0,8)	1,0	V
$r_{CE}$	$V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		2,0 (2,9)	2,7	mΩ
$V_{CE(sat)}$	$I_C = 300\text{ A}$ , $V_{GE} = 15\text{ V}$ , $T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$ on chip level		1,5 (1,7)	1,8	V
$C_{ies}$			35		nF
$C_{oes}$	$V_{GE} = 0$ , $V_{CE} = 25\text{ V}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$		3,75		nF
$C_{res}$			2,25		nF
$L_{CE}$				20	nH
$R_{CC+EE}$	resistance, terminal-chip 25 (125) °C		0,9 (1,1)		mΩ
$t_{d(on)}$	$V_{CC} = 300\text{ V}$		140		ns
$t_r$	$I_C = 300\text{ A}$		110		ns
$t_{d(off)}$	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 6,2\text{ Ω}$		750		ns
$t_f$	$T_j = 125\text{ °C}$		64		ns
$E_{on}$	$V_{GE} \pm 15\text{ V}$		11		mJ
$E_{off}$			17		mJ
<b>Inverse Diode</b>					
$V_F = V_{EC}$	$I_F = 300\text{ A}$ ; $V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$ ; $T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$ on chip level		1,25 (1,2)	1,5	V
$V_{TO}$	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		(0,85)	(0,9)	V
$r_T$	$T_j = 25\text{ (125) °C}$		(1,33)	(2,0)	mΩ
$I_{rrm}$	$I_F = 300\text{ A}$ ; $T_j = 125\text{ °C}$		230		A
$Q_{rr}$	$V_{GE} = 0\text{ V}$		28		μC
$E_{rr}$	$R_{Gon} = R_{Goff} = 6,2\text{ Ω}$		5,2		mJ
<b>Thermal Characteristics</b>					
$R_{thjh}$	per IGBT			0,09	K/W
$R_{thjh}$	per FWD			0,125	K/W
<b>Temperature Sensor</b>					
$R_{TS}$	$T = 25\text{ °C} / 100\text{ °C}$		1,0 / 1,67		kΩ
tolerance	$T = 25\text{ °C} / 100\text{ °C}$		3,0 / 2,0		%
<b>Mechanical Data</b>					
$M_1$	to heatsink (M5)	2		3	Nm
$M_2$	for terminals (M6)	4		5	Nm
$w$				325	g

### SKiM 5



### Features

- NPT-IGBT with positive temperature coefficient of  $V_{CEsat}$
- Short circuit, self limiting to  $6 \times I_C$
- Corresponds to standards IEC 60721-3-3 (humidity) class 3K7/IE32 and IEC 68T.1 (climate) 40/125/56

### Typical Applications

- Resonant inverters up to 100kHz
- Inductive heating
- Electronic welders at  $f_{sw} > 20\text{ kHz}$

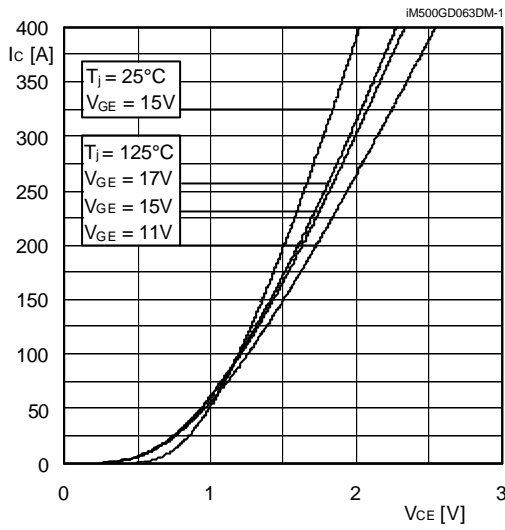


Fig. 1 Typ. output characteristic, inclusive  $R_{CC} + E_{E'}$

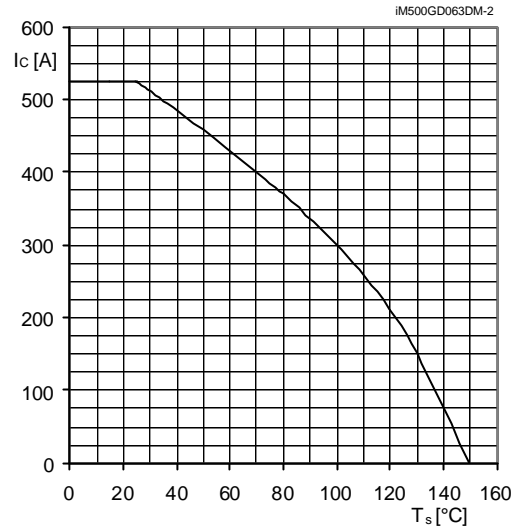


Fig. 2 Rated current vs. temperature  $I_c = f(T_s)$

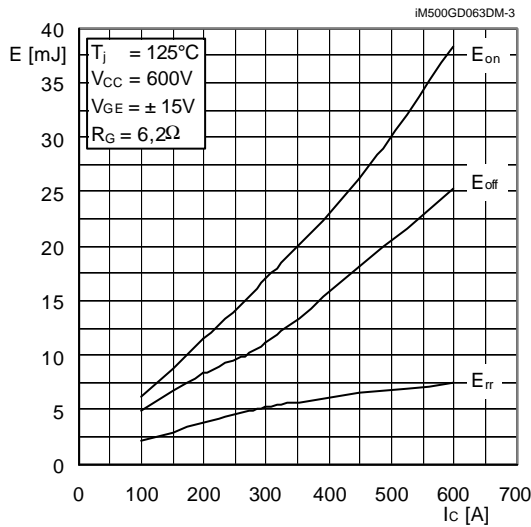


Fig. 3 Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(I_c)$

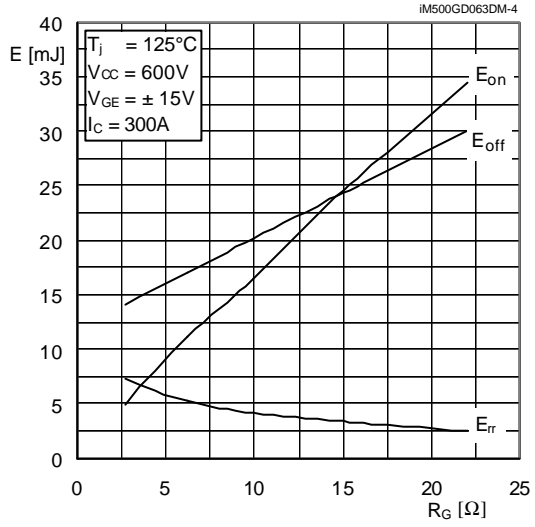


Fig. 4 Typ. turn-on /-off energy =  $f(R_G)$

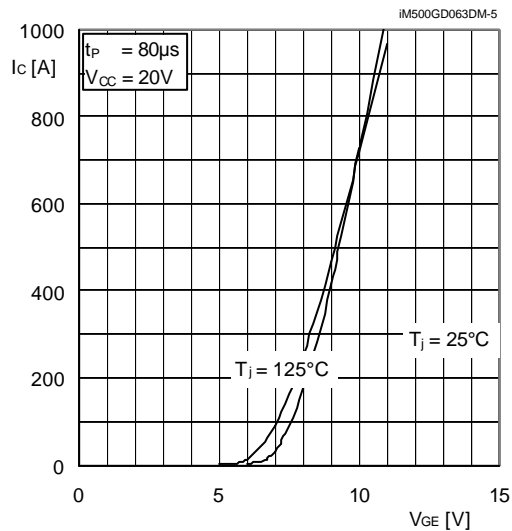


Fig. 5 Typ. transfer characteristic

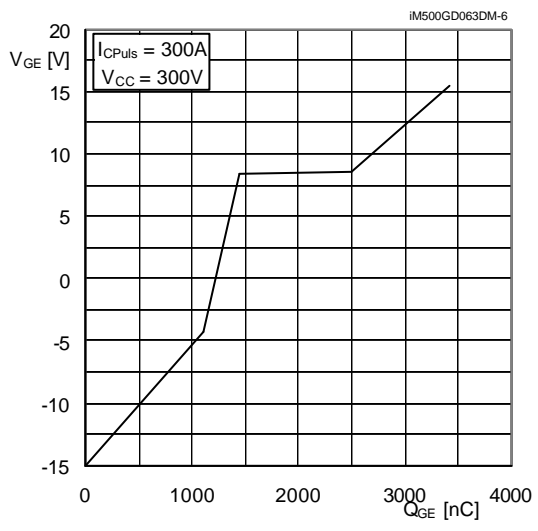
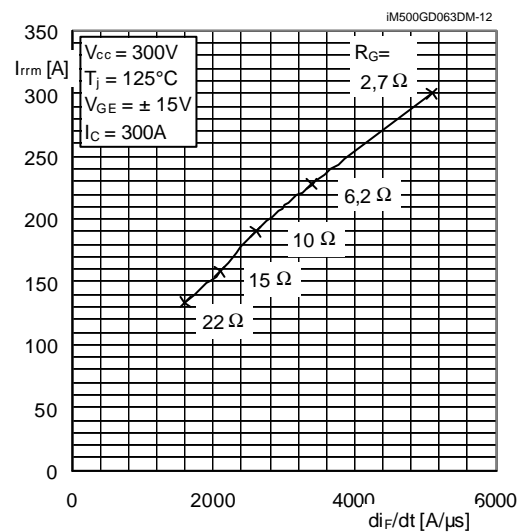
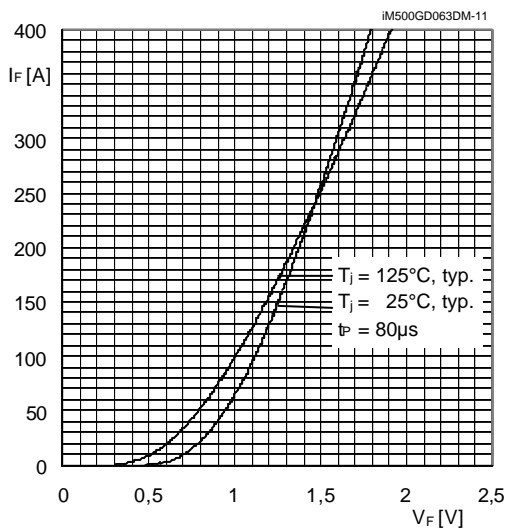
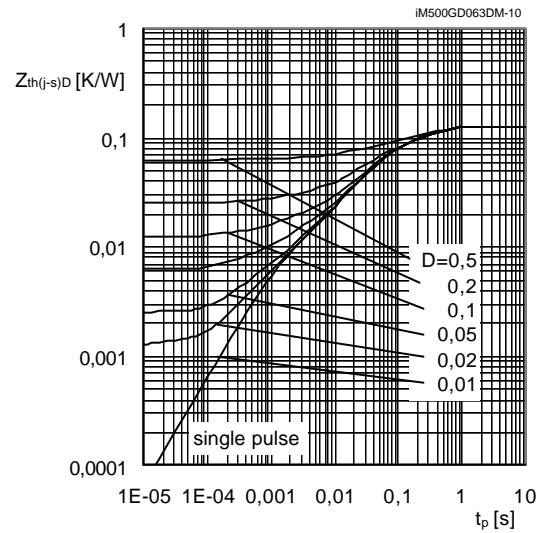
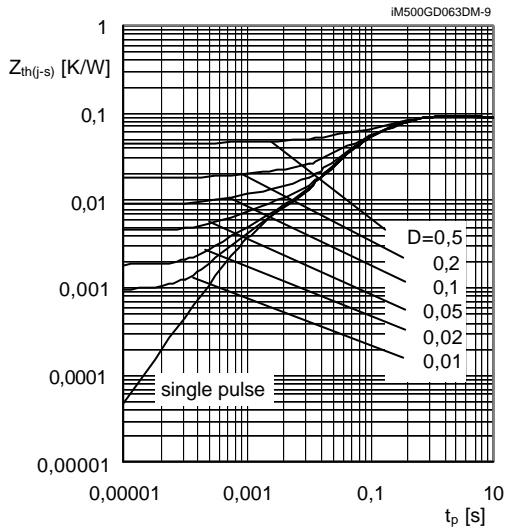
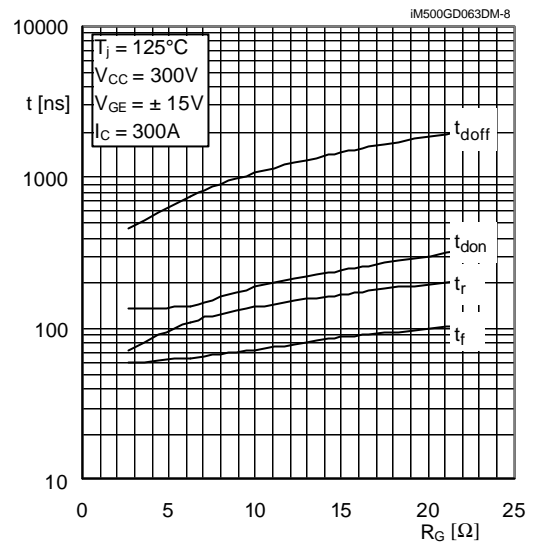
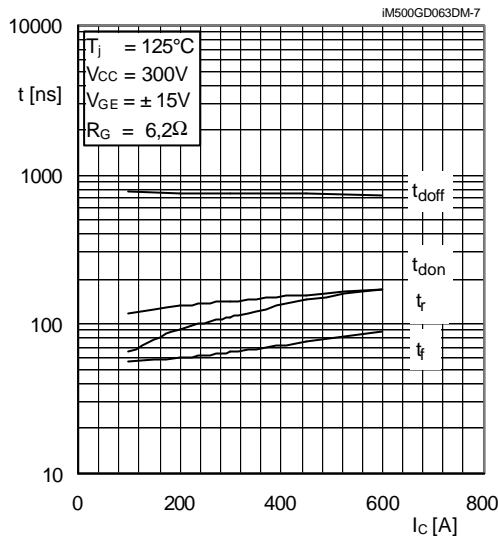
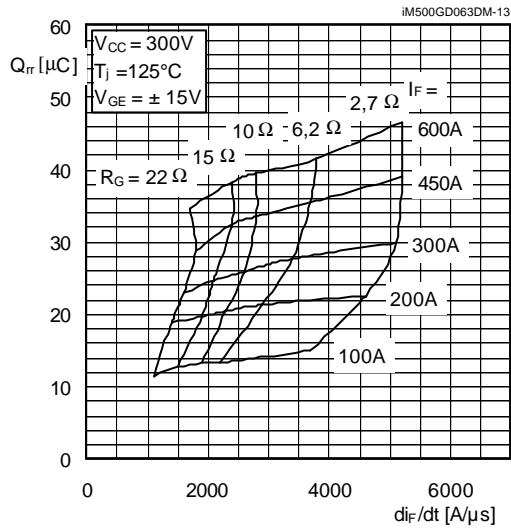


Fig. 6 Typ. gate charge characteristic



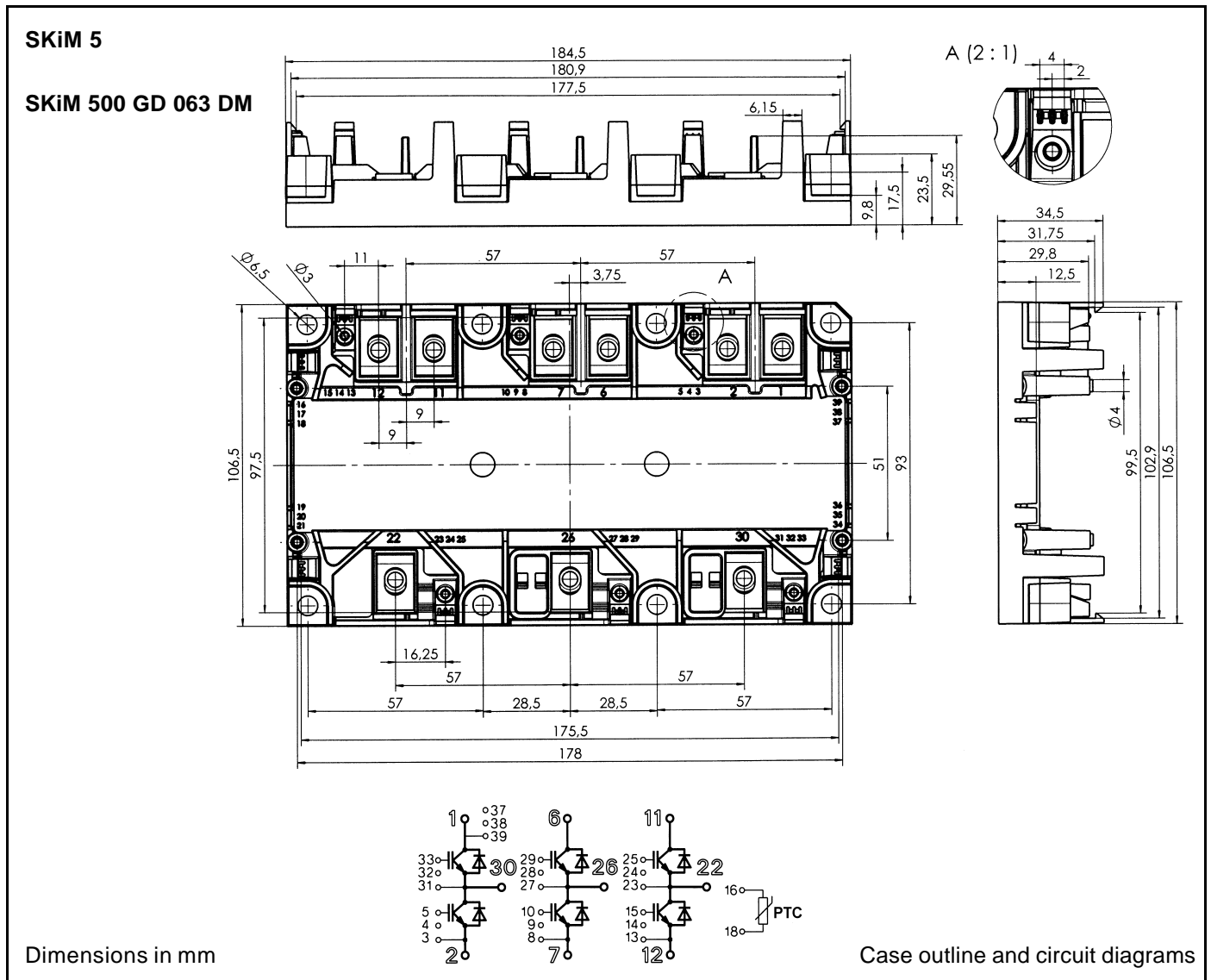
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This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESDS).

Please observe the international standard IEC 747-1, Chapter IX.

Fig. 13 Typ. CAL diode recovered charge



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